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Reagan, in Talks With Shamir, Signals an End to U.S. Patience With Israel

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - Seventeen months ago, Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir of Israel was photographed with a cheerful President Resgan in the White House Oval Office, a pose usually reserved for important visiting heads of state.

On Monday, the two were presented to the world separated by the width of the table in the Cabinet Room, and Mr. Reagan was not.

The difference in the two photographs was meant to convey a thousand words and a single message. The president of the United States is cracking down on Israel over the crisis in West Beirnt

According to White House and State De-partment officials, the reason for Monday's display in the Cabinet Room and Sunday's re-

mark by Mr. Reagan that he had run out of patience was that his special envoy. Philip C. Habib, had exhausted his own patience with

Over the weekend Mr. Habib sent what officials described as blistering messages, saying he had little or no hope of being able to negoti-

NEWS ANALYSIS

ate the withdrawal of Palestinian forces from Lebanon as long as Israel kept breaking ceasefire arrangements or responding massively to minor Palestinian violations.

The officials said Mr. Habib made it clear that his position as a negotiator was being un-dercut and he wanted Mr. Reagan to use his ting with Mr. Shamir to put a stop to further Israeli military action. But when it came to why the president made

more questions than they resolved. The word Monday from most parts of the administration was that Israel was responsible for most of the violations of the rine cease-

so suddenly and what threats he is employing to enforce his new line, the explanations raised

fires brought about by Mr. Habib. However, at his news conference four days ago, Mr. Reagan stated: "I must remind you it's also been two-way. The PLO has been, and in some instances has been the first, to break the cease-

An official said that things had looked particularly promising in the last few days, and he noted that Mr. Reagan said he was optimistic at his news conference four days ago. On Sun-day, Mr. Reagan said that he had "lost paience a long time ago."

From the middle of last week, administra

tion officials were saying that, while key issues of principle were agreed upon, the important details of withdrawal remained to be negotiat-

Asked what threats or warnings the president or Secretary of State George P. Shultz employed Monday in their meetings with Mr. Shamir, the officials were evasive. One official ventured to say that the intention was to be very tough and specific, but he did not attend

An Israeli official said: "Our people didn't come out of the meetings with this impression. The meetings were friendly. We can say the president was firm in what he wanted to say, but there were no threats."

According to this Israeli official, the presi dent said the Israelis should show restraint and

Therefore, it is of great importance that the cease-fire in place be maintained so that negotiations

ations move forward on an urgent basis," said Aian Romberg, the

end the diplomatic peace mission

was "essential to our effort" to

[At the United Nations, Secretary-General Javier Pérez de Cuellar said Tuesday that he had

ordered UN observers into Beirut

without waiting for Israel's response to the Security Council

plan for monitoring the cease-fire,

The first group would immediately set up observation posts in territory under Lebanese control,

in consultation with Lebanese

Army authorities, he informed the

On Capitol Hill the Israeli for-

the House Foreign Affairs Com-

mittee that Israel regretted the loss of life inflicted by its invasion of

Lehanon He said however that

he hoped the offensive against the

Palestine Liberation Liberation

would lead to a widespread

Mr. Shamir spoke to the House

committee minutes after receiving

an apparently cold reception from

the Senate Foreign Relations Committee. Neither he nor any of the

senators on the panel would talk to

reporters after their closed session.

mittee before it held a closed ses-

sion of its own, Mr. Shamir insist-

ed that the main obstacle to a set-

tlement in Beirut was the refusal of

tion" that he hoped would come "in the next few days."

of the Isareli invasion, "Soviet Russia and their agents — Syria and the PLO — will lose any influ-

But he said "we are near a solu-

Mr. Shamir said that as a result

That, he said, would have a "tre-

mendous impact" on what would happen in the area. "Everything

will be different," he said, men-

tioning the possibility of peace with our neighbors and the Pales-

tinian Arab population."

the PLO to leave the city.

In remarks to the House com-

Reuters reported.

Mideast neace

"Maybe," he continued, "there is also a dif-ference in the degree of optimism about diplomacy. The U.S. believes a more quiet front will help Habib. We maintain the cease-fire, but, if it is broken by the PLO, we respond. It is a matter of the credibility of our response."

This official, who was authorized to speak for the traveling Israeli party, also said that there was general agreement "on first things first." This meant, he said, that both sides agreed that the first step is to get the PLO ont of West Beirut and then continue with the wider issues of peace, although he admitted that there was no formulated mutual position on this, and he was stating an interpretation. To listen to U.S. and Israeli officials Monday, it seems they are in fundamental conflict

on exactly how to manage the first step of the

The Israelis spoke as if the threat of force

officials spoke as if so much force had been used that the United States was losing its credibility as a negotiator.

Another source close to the talks said Mr. Reagan made clear that he was flatly opposed to an Israeli attack on West Beirut. He said the president was stern in saying this.

At the staging of what are called "photo op-portunities" at the White House, this time one photographer was told by a White House aide that the president himself decided to arrange

On these occasions in the Cabinet Room, the atmosphere is almost always jovial and filled with banter. Monday, those present noted that Mr. Reagan appeared to be going out of his way to look grim

He hardly spoke to Mr. Shamir. The absence of words was worth a thousand of them



Israeli soldiers at a checkpoint south of Beiruf's airport turning back a convoy carrying United Nations observers.

White House Presses Plan On Caribbean

By Jonathan Fuerbringer New York Tones Service

administration, in an effort to revive the chances for approval of its \$350-million economic assistance plan for the Caribbean basin, has sent the secretary of state, the treasury secretary and other offi-cials to Capitol Hill to support the

Secretary of State George P. Shultz, in his first appearance before Congress since his confirmafrom hearing, told the Senate Finance Committee on Monday that the initiative needed to be ap-proved to reaffirm the U.S. commitment to Latin America because of the rift caused by the war in the

5. MES-1

Mr. Shultz said, "Our security.

and credibility are at stake. "The tragic war in the South At-lantic has led some hemispheric friends — mistakenly I believe to challenge our commitment to them as a partner. We must show them that this is not so." The Caribbean initiative in-

cludes direct aid, reductions in tariffs and some investment incentives. Despite some movement in the House and the Senate, it had slipped from view since it was announced in February and some of its supporters thought it was

Mr. Shaltz, who read his state-ment, assured the committee that the proposal included enough safeguards to protect U.S. industry from the expected increase in Caribbean exports to the United States because of the planned lowered tariffs.

He and other supporters of the proposal said it was aimed at preventing further economic deterioration that could lead to the overthrow of governments in the area. Mr. Shultz said, This is the on both sides of the political spec-trum can feed and produce kind of environment upon which

Despite this effort, aides to the Senate Finance Committee are still worried that even if the full Senate approves a bill, it could become bogged down in the House Ways and Means Committee.

The proposal may also need changes to protect some U.S. in-dustries, including footwear, wallet and purse manufacturers, to get through the committee and the

The tax incentives would reduce revenue by about \$65 million in fiscal 1983, rising to \$81 million in fiscal 1986.

president commissioner said they supported the Caribbean program, but were concerned about the sharp cut in husiness tax breaks sharp cut in business tax breaks for Puerto Rico that is part of the tax bill headed for a House-Senate The bill basically climinates the provision that allows the moome of conference committee this week. a Puerto Rican subsidiary of a U.S. company to be tax free.

West Germany's strength and political stability, one of the supports of the post-World War II balance of power be-tween East and West, is now an increasingly mecertain mat-ter. Booklets Page 6.

Defense Department offi-cials said that the Reagan ad-ministration was undeterred sition to military spending and added that they were close to completing a 1984 military budget calling for about \$247 billion in outlays. Page 3.

If President Reagan voiced warm praise of the leaders of the Solidarity movement in Poland and landed "the ideals the faith and the heroism of the Polish people." Page 3.

Hughes Is Named To Be Shultz Aide

WASHINGTON - President Reagan on Tuesday named John R. Hughes, a 1967 Pulitzer Prize winner in international reporting

who has headed the Voice of America since March, to be the State Department's official spokes-Mr. Hughes, 52, will succeed

Dean Fischer, a former Time magazine staffer who is leaving the post as assistant secretary of state for public affairs following the departure of Alexander M. Haig Jr. Mr. Hughes was picked by the new secretary of state, George P. Shultz. Mr. Hughes worked for 24 years with the Christian Science

Monitor, including nine as editor. Mr. Hughes was associate direccation Agency for a year before moving to the Voice of America.

Doctors Said to Agree Hinckley Still a Danger

By Laura A. Kitar.an Washington Post Service

Ir. have concluded that he suffers from a severe, chronic mental disorder and remains a danger to himself and to others, particularly

determined that symptoms of Mr. Hinckley's illness included a "pat-Hinckley holds for Miss Foster. Miss Foster are now the "organiz-

Mr. Hinckley has been confined at St. Elizabeth's Hospital, a men-

The hospital's 18-page report, accompanied by more than 200 pages of medical records, was submitted Monday to Judge Barrington D. Parker of the U.S. District

Judge Parker is expected to hold a court hearing Monday at which he will decide whether Mr. Hinckley should be released from St. abeth's or be committed there

indefinitely.

Judge Parker has not revealed the contents of the report. It was

WASHINGTON - Doctors who have been evaluating the men-

the actress Jodie Foster, sources said Monday.
The sources said the doctors tern of fixed, grandiose, homicidal and suicidal ideas" that Mr.

Mr. Hinckley's delusions about ing and guiding influence in his life," sources said the doctors

tal institution in Washington, since a jury decided in June that he was not guilty of attempting to assassi-nate President Reagan because Mr. Hinckley was legally insane at

Court, who presided at Mr. Hinck-

understood from various sources Monday, however, that the conchisions parallel the findings of psy-

Hinckley's trial. According to the sources, all the doctors who evaluated Mr. Hincktal condition of John W. Hinckley ley at St. Elizabeth's agree that he ders, including depression and detachment from reality, that his character has not changed since he shot Mr. Reagan and that there is no sign that his delusional tenden-

cies have ceased. The doctors reportedly said that, in addition to major depression, Mr. Hinckley displays symptoms of four types of personality disor-der, primarily schizotypal persondisorder characterized by "magical thinking" and bizarre fantasies.

According to sources, the report contained numerous examples of Mr. Hinckley's "magical" notions about Miss Foster, including his belief that she secretly admires him but is waiting for the publicity about his case to subside before she joins him.

During Mr. Hinckley's trial prosecution psychiatrists had testi-fied that Mr. Hinckley suffered from various personality disorders when he shot Mr. Reagan on March 31, 1981, but not any that were severe enough to prevent him from abiding by the law.

Although he is legally entitled to the hearing scheduled before Judge Parker next Monday, Mr. Hinckley has said that he might waive that right if the report from the bospital staff was not favorable to his release. No waiver has yet been filed with the court. Mr. Hinckley is entitled to a

hearing every six months at which mittees gave a hostile reception to he could try to prove that he is ready to be released. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 1)





Yitzhak Shamir, the Israeli foreign minister, left, meeting Tuesday in Washington with Sen. Charles H. Percy of Illinois, Republican chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Israelis Turn Back UN Observers, Move Reinforcements Into Beirut

BEIRUT — Israel turned back United Nations cease-fire observers en route to Beirut and moved reinforcements up to the so-called Green Line dividing the city Tuesday as a reported U.S. evacuation plan was rejected by two top Lebanese leaders.

A Palestine Liberation Organization spokesman reiterated that the guerrillas are ready to leave Beirut as soon as an international

peacekeeping force is in place. A convoy of UN vehicles was stopped Monday at an Israeli ckpoint between Beirut and Damour, a coastal town 10 miles to the south. Israeli press reports said the convoy returned to the

UN base near the Israel border. Officials in Jerusalem said Prime Minister Menachem Begin's Cabinet would have to decide whether to permit the UN observers to enter the combat zone. Up to now Israel has demanded that the estimated 6.000 to 8.000 PLO fighters in West Beirut leave Leba-

Mr. Shamir declined to comment after the 80-minute closed non unconditionally. The U.S. special envoy, Philip Both the Senate and House com-

C. Habib, proposed a compromise plan Monday for a two-stage evacuation of the PLO and deployment

of a multinational force in West Beirut, the Lebanese newspaper An Nahar said. But a former Lebanese premier, Saeb Salam, and Walid Jumblat, the overall leader of 13 leftist Lebanese militias allied with the PLO, said the plan was unacceptable.

The Lebanese government, meanwhile, said West Beirut had no flour as a result of a nine-day Israeli blockade. A battle involving tanks, artil-

lery and other weapons continued for several hours a few hundred vands north of the airport. The Israeli command in Tel Aviv said one guerrilla was killed and one Israeli soldier slightly wounded as the PLO sniped and fired bazooka shells intermittently at Israeli troops in the area of the airport and southeast Beirut.

While the Israeli command said its soldiers "are maintaining restraint in the face of repeated viororists," the Israelis moved more tanks, armored personnel carriers and artillery to within 1.2 miles (2 kilometers) of the PLO nerve center in West Beirnt

Dozens of M-60 and Merkava tanks and armored personnel car-

on the main crossing points into West Beirut along the line that di-vides the capital into Moslem and Christian sectors. The reinforcements were seen digging in at the harbor crossing

> point, the central-city National Museum intersection and adjacent Christian neighborhoods. The latest cease-fire, which was the ninth since Israel invaded Lebanon June 6, took effect Sunday evening as the UN Security Coun-

> cil passed a resolution calling for an end to hostilities and authorizing a force of observers to monitor Mr. Salam, a key intermediary between Mr. Habib and Yasser Arafat, the PLO leader, said the latest evacuation plan called for a PLO withdrawal from frontline positions in and around West

Palestinian refugee camps in the southern neighborhoods of the A multinational force would then deploy in West Beirut to oversee the evacuation of the PLO either by ships flying Red Cross flags or overland to neighboring

Beirut into assembly locations in

Syria. "Once they withdraw from the front, who guarantees that Israelis won't come forward and take over all the place," said Mr. Salam.

"That's the question."
Mr. Jumblat said the new plan brought negotiations for a peaceful settlement of the Beirut crisis back to square one and I expect this week to be another hot week, heated up by the Israelis.'

Saad Sayel, the PLO's chief of staff, was quoted by Lebanon's state television as saying the PLO has enough food and ammunition for six more months despite the Israeli blockade that has cut off water, fuel and electricity to West

Beirut In Washington, President Reagan on Monday told Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir of Israel that there must be a complete end to the fighting to allow Mr. Habib's negotiations to proceed. "The world can no longer accept a situa-

tion of constantly escalating violence." Mr. Reagan said. Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the

Kuwaiti newspaper Al Qabas on Monday that the guerrillas trapped in West Beirut would not get out unless Israel agreed to an Arab League proposal made last week calling for a lift to the siege, an Israeli pullback from the Bearut area and an international peacekeeping force to guarantee the early Sunday, would reopen safety of Palestinians in refugee wednesday.



One of the rebel Kenyan troops who attempted a comp Sunday stood guard at Nairobi airport. The rebels held 375 passengers and the crew of a South Africa-bound Olympic Airways plane for nine hours before the sirport was stormed by troops loyal to President Daniel Arap Moi.

Search for Rebel Units in Nairobi Continues as Moi Surveys Damage

By Alan Cowell New York Times Service

NAIROBI -- Scattered gunshots echoed in Nairobi on Tuesday as police and army units continued a search for rebels following an abortive attempt Sunday to overthrow President Daniel Arap Moi.

But the city appeared to be returning to a semblance of normalcy despite the continuing trauma of the rebellion, which involved low-ranking air force personnel. Breadlines formed outside loot-

ed stores Tuesday; it was a scene that would have been unthinkable a week ago, given Kenya's longstanding reputation for stability and prosperity. Shoppers, fearing food shortages, indulged in panic buying of bread and other items, increasing the likelihood of the scarcities they sought to avoid.

Office workers who arrived on their jobs Tuesday left again for home by midafternoon to avoid being caught out during the 12hour curfew imposed Sunday night after President Moi's government reasserted its control.

"The open rebellion by the Kenya Air Force will, of course, not be easily forgotten," the daily newspaper, The Nation, said in an editorial Tuesday. "It will leave a permanent scar in the political life The coup attempt in Kenya points

up deeply rooted passions. Page 2. of this nation. And things will nev-

er be the same again." Ambiguously, the editorial declared that "an elected government, no matter how corrupt or bad, is in most cases preferable to a military junta."

The instigators of the attempted coup had accused Mr. Moi's administration of corruption and inefficiency.

Government sources quoted by The Nation said 1,000 air force personnel had been detained after the abortive coup. The sources said 300 air force personnel had been detained in Nairobi and the rest in Nanyuki, 125 miles (200 kilometers) to the north, where air force personnel also joined the rebellion.

Mr. Moi, making his first public appearance since the coup attempt, rode through downtown Nairobi on Tuesday in a heavily guarded motorcade, surveying the millions of dollars of damage caused by looters after the coup attempt began.

In a speech the president accused the rebels of seeking to bring "anarchy and chaos" to Kenya. He also denounced the students who supported the uprising and who Monday were sent home after the university here was closed and troops occupied the campus.

The official death toll from the hostilities stood Tuesday at more than 100 with another 500 injured. some seriously. There was speculation that the final toll could be much higher.

Although the city was slowly returning to normal life, it remained jittery.

Airport officials predicted that the Jomo Kenyatta airport, whose control tower was seized by rebels

PLO political department, told the



ARMED TRUCE — Refusing to flee her land, a 70-year-old woman waited with a weapon in a hamlet in West Beirut as the minth cease-fire of the long Israeli siege silenced the bombardment.

U.S. Appeals to Israel Not to Attack W. Beirut In PLO Statement

(Continued from Page 1) Prime Minister Menachem Begin six weeks ago, when the Lebanese crisis was still in its infancy.

According to congressional ob-servers, support for Israel in Congress since then has eroded further as the death toll in Lebanon has

Incongruent Viewpoints

After Mr. Shamir met Monday with Mr. Reagan and Secretary of State George P. Shultz, an Israeli source acknowledged that there were differences of view.

The source, who asked not to be identified, said the Reagan administration believed that the negotiating effort being conducted by Mr. Habib could succeed only if there were no military hostilities in West Beirut.

On the other hand, he said, Israel believed that the departure of the PLO from Beirut would be accelerated if Israel brought a credible military threat to bear on the

"There is no evidence the PLO has really decided to leave Beirut,"

WASHINGTON — Rep. Paul N. (Pete) McCloskey Jr., Republithat the the United States and Israel both agreed on the need to recan of California, said Monday he move all foreign forces from Lehahad "no apology" for promoting a statement by the Palestine Liber-ation Organization as recognizing

McCloskey Denies

Arafat Used Him

Israel's right to exist, and main-

tained that the statement repre-sented a "significant break-

Back from a controversial con-

gressional fact-finding trip to the Middle East, Rep. McCloskey said

that "there was no question" that the PLO chairman, Yasser Arafat,

wanted to "convey a signal that he

was ready to recognize Israel's right to exist."

Rep. McCloskey denied that Mr. Arafat had used him in a pub-

licity ploy when the PLO leader

signed a handwritten statement ac-

cepting "all UN resolutions rele-

vant to the Palestinian question,"

after meeting with the congression-

"If we were used in any way it

was because the press reacted so strongly" and pressured him for a

report immediately on emerging from the meeting with Mr. Arafat,

al delegation July 25.

Rep. McCloskey said.

to reach that objective. The official added that Mr. Shamir was told Monday that the United States felt that Israel's devastation of the area in and around Beirut's airport on Sunday was out of proportion to whatever Palestinian provocation there may have

non but were not in accord on how

off an angry exchange between Mr. Reagan and President Leonid I. Brezhnev of the Soviet Union.

According to Tass, Mr. Brezimev suggested in a letter to Mr. Reagan that the United States was not doing all it could to promote peace in Lebanon.

Traveling aboard Air Force One, Mr. Reagan rejected the charge and said: "We are striving to bring about a lasting cease-fire that will end the suffering."

He said that the Soviet leader's propagandistic exercise casts doubts on Soviet motives regard-

Afghans Try to Bolster An Army Weakened By Losses, Desertions

By Tyler Marshall Los Angeles Tones Service

NEW DELHI - In an apparent attempt to bolster the depleted ranks of its army, the Sovietbacked regime in Afghanistan has extended the service requirement of some soldiers and recalled an undetermined number of reservists to active duty.

It was not clear how many troops would be affected by the ac-tion, which was announced by Kabul radio Monday and monitored in New Delhi.

Afghan analysts believed that the action was required to replace an estimated 10,000 reservists recalled to active duty for 12 months

The Afghan Army, once numbering about 90,000, has been greatly weakened by purges, desertions and casualties sustained in fighting Moslem guerrillas over the last four years.

The Soviet Union has consistently failed in its efforts to rebuild the beleaguered army into a viable fighting force, despite the high priority it has have placed on the

Its current strength is estimated at between 30,000 to 40,000. The Soviet Union has around 100,000 troops in Afghanistan, according to Western analysts.

Confrontations between combined Afghan-Soviet forces and guerrilla units this summer have been some of the most bitter of the

Losses Not Known

Although government forces have claimed some key victories, including penetration of the strategic Panishir Valley northeast of Kabul, the cost in terms of lives has not been clear.

The present call-up, depending on the number involved could provide some indication of government losses.

[Reports that 2,000 villagers were massacred by Soviet and Afghan troops in Logar Province south of the Afghan capital were backed up Tuesday by Western diplomats who said Communist troops "razed whole areas" of the district, resulting in an undeter-mined number of casualties, UPI reported from New Delhi.

[Although the diplomats gave no casualty figures, their report coincided with an account by Carl Schonmeyr, a Swedish Foreign Ministry aid official. [He said in Stockholm last week

that soldiers swept through six villages in Logar Province in late July

killing all the inhabitants, including women and children.
[Diplomatic reports reaching

New Delhi said recent heavy fighting was reported both in Logar and Farah Province on Afghanistan's eastern border.]

According to Monday's announcement, all soldiers and lieutenants now in uniform will be required to serve three years. Initially, those holding secondary education certificates were re-

quired to serve only six months.

This was extended last September

to one year. Reservists Recalled

All reservists under age 35 who completed their service before 1978 have been recalled for two years. Other, special-category reservists up to age 36 have been recalled for police and noncombat military duty, according to the an-

The call-up and extensions fol-low by a few weeks the regime's first foray into the country's factories to coax young workers into

Last year, the government con-centrated on students, reportedly forcing under-aged youths into ser-

Boys of 12 and 13 subsequently surfaced in Pakistan, claiming they had deserted

The army's draft age, once 22 to 24, is now officially 19 to 35.

Papua New Guinea Elects Premier

PORT MORESBY, Papua New Guinea — Michael Somare returned to power Monday as the third prime minister of Papua New Guinea after winning a 66-40 vote on the floor of the National Parlia-

The votes were cast by Parliament members chosen in a June election. Meeting as a Parliament for the first time, 66 members voted to join Mr. Somare's coalition, automatically making him prime minister.

Mr. Somere was swom in immediately and pledged to end "undignified fighting and juggling for po-sitions among our leaders." The first prime minister after the nation of 3.25 million Melanesians gained independence from Austra-lia in 1975, Mr. Somare returned to office as leader of a coalition of his Pangu Party and the United Party led by Roy Evara.

Iraq Has Held Against Iran, Hussein Says

LONDON --- President Saddam Hussein of Iraq says that his troops have decisively turned back five Iranian attacks since July 13 a British correspondent reported Tuesday after an interview with Mr. Hussein in Baghdad.

"The enemy fanatics are still on Iraqi soil but are confined to a front northeast of Basra, 10 kilometers (6 miles) wide and 2 to 3 kilometers (1 to 2 miles wide) in depth," Mr. Hussein was quoted as saying in the interview carried by The Guardian.

Mr. Hussein called Iran's invasion "an act of naked aggression" and said the Iranian leader, Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini, was misled by Iraq's "planned with-drawal" from Iranian territory in June, according to the article.

"This withdrawal filled the sick or in swindrawal thied the sick brain of Khomeini with many grievous illusions," Mr. Hussein said. "He imagined we were retreating and thought he could march on into Iraq. Now he knows how wrong he was." The Iraqi leader said it was "not

a coincidence" that Iran had invaded Iraq at almost the same moment Israel invaded Lebanon.

'Clear Coordination'

"There is a clear coordination between Iran and the Zionists, who are supplying arms to Kho-meini in contravention of agree-ments with the United States," Mr.

To a suggestion that the Soviet Union seemed to be siding with Iran while the United States was leaning toward Iraq, Mr. Hussein replied that this was an oversimplification but agreed it indicated "the general tendency."

He said Western countries had an interest in preventing the destabilization that would ac any victory by Ayatollah Kho-

Asked about the prospects of storing diplomatic relations with the United States, which were broken off during the 1967 Arab-Is-raeli war, Mr. Hussein was quoted

"Reagan supports the Zionists and has not clarified the U.S. position with Iraq. They will be re-U.S. is acting in a balanced way toward the Arab countries." The Iraqi leader was quoted as

saying all Middle East countries were friendly except for Syria, which is supporting Iran. He said it was "a very serious develop-ment" that a "member of the Arab family was joining with non-Arabs against another family member."

Python Kills Nevada Child Linited Press International

SPARKS, Nev. — A pet python snake broke out of its cage Tues-day and strangled a 21-month-old boy in his bed, the police said.



Passengers caught up when rebels of the Kenyan Air Force took over Nairobi airport Sunday during an attempted coup sat it out for nine hours until they were released by government troops

Coup Attempt in Kenya Points Up Deeply Rooted Political Passions

By Alan Cowell

New York Times Service NAIROBI - On Sunday, as the authorities were moving to restore control after an attempted coup, those who ventured into the streets saw rare evidence of the deep pas-sions that appear to be rooted in economic deprivation, political al-ienation and a violence that is ordinarily held in check.

The attempted coup against Kenya's Western-leaning govern-ment by what was officially characterized as a small band of air force rebels brought with it an anarchy that seemed almost dreamlike in this ordered city of high-rise office blocks, modern hotels and public lawns as smooth as billiard

Rempant Looting

But as in the early days of Beirut's civil war the image was be-lied by the gunfire crackling and echoing through deserted streets, by the widespread looting that broke out and by the thump of army boots on sidewalks more used to tourists' sandals.

The passions evoked by the unsuccessful coup were allowed to run free for several hours when there was no control by govern-ment or rebels. The official casualty toll has been put at 90 people killed and up to 500 wounded.

When it seemed as if the coup had succeeded, a segment of Natrobi's poor took to the streets in a manner reminiscent of Lt. Jerry J. Rawlings' first coup in Ghana in 1979. Not used to luxury goods or plentiful food, they looted with vigor, carrying from broken stores everything from stereo sets to food mixers to loaves of bread and cartous of milk.

Many stores that were looted were owned by Kenyan Asians and the virulence and thoroughness of the ransacking testified to the hatred borne by the African majority toward this mercantile group. A government statement Monday blamed the students who backed the coup for much of the banditry.

Western Reporter Robbed

Many Kenyans seemed content to await the outcome of events, but others, predominantly ragged young men and students, put a po-litical interpretation on their anarchy. The catchword of the day became "power," accompanied by a cleoched fist salute waved with menace in the direction of those who seemed part of the wealthier sector of Nairobi society.

The message, apparently, was that a revolution was under way to transfer political influence from the wealthy elite and those entrenched in power to those whose emotions had not been previously reflected in Kenya's capitalist-oriented, one-party system.

There was violence, too, not confined to the "revolution." A Western reporter trying to reach an office in town was robbed of his motorcycle and his socks by a

House Approves Production Funds For Neutron Shell

Washington Fost Service

WASHINGTON — An administration request for funds to start buying production machinery for an Army 155mm neutron artillery shell, the third and most costly of the neutron artillery shell, the third and most costly of the neutron artillery shell, the third and means the Armer and the neutron artillery shell the ne the new nuclear weapons the Army is seeking has passed the House without debate and will come before a Senate committee this week. The House approved the Department of Energy portion of a fiscal 1982 supplemental bill in-which funds were provided for the 155mm neutron shell production

facilities.

It is the second time this year that the administration has tried to win approval of the 155mm funds from Congress. The Department of Energy, which builds warheads for the Army, first asked permission to shift \$7.5 million of fiscal year 1982 funds to begin purchasing production machinery so the first of a planned 1,000 155mm neutron shells could be ready by late 1986.

Both the House Appropriations Committee and a Senate Appropriations subcommittee rejected that request for various reasons, including the cost of the project. On Wednesday the Senate Appropriations Committee was to take up the question of the supple tal bill and the advance funding of the neutron shell.

young air force man who also wanted his wallet. The demand was reinforced by an automatic rifle shot inches from the report-

That the coup attempt should have happened in Kenya was starthing because this east African na-tion has long cherished an image of prosperity and stability in a

NEWS ANALYSIS continent generally viewed from

outside as one of turnoil and de-But the effort to overturn Presi-

dent Daniel Arap Moi had been foreshadowed by omens of discon-Last week, students demonstrated in central Nairobi, ostensibly

over the way the anthorities were handling their grants, but some chose to use the demonstration as a platform for a political state-ment, insisting publicly that they were Marxists and defying the authorities to detain them. In recent months, seven people including four university lecturers have been detained, the editor-in-

chief of a daily newspaper has been dismissed for criticizing the detentions and, in June, the government transformed Kenya into a one-party state to confront a large-ly clandestine opposition seeking the establishment of a second political party of Socialist hue.

There is also a more fundamental arithmetic: with 15 million people, Kenya is growing at a rate of 4 percent a year, which is one of the world's highest rates, while the amount of land available for cultivation is limited to about 12 percent of the country. So there is a drift to the cities that creates a disaffected and volatile urban con-

Those who took to the streets Sunday shouring "power" seemed to belong mainly to that constitnency whose most volatile element is composed of the jobless and the poor.

The rallying call of the attempted coup, broadcast during the rebels' occupation of the state radio. was for the overthrow of what was called a corrupt and dictatorial system and its replacement by a military "redemption council."

The attempted coup also illuminated the government's ability to muster support from the military to suppress disorder, even if for seven or eight hours the govern-

3 Towns in Philippines Hit in Bomb Attacks

United Press International DAVAO, Philippines — Suspected Moslem terrorists set off bombs in three southern Philippine towns Tuesday in a series of attacks that wounded 13 persons, military mi-

thorities reported.
Authorities said two grenades went off in downtown Davao, a port city 600 miles (960 kilometers) south of Manila, causing minor wounds to five persons. At nearby Digos, eight persons were wounded in a bomb explosion.

WORLD BRIEFS

Thousands Flee After Honsbu Storm

TOKYO — Thousands of families left their homes along river valleys threatened by flooding Tuesday following the passage of a typhoon over the main Japanese island of Honshu. Weathermen have warned that rising rivers could soon burst their banks as rainwater surges out of the mountain valleys into the coastal plains. Rain continued over much of the country Tuesday and more was

The typhoon is thought to have killed at least 80 people Monday and injured about 120, many buried under tons of landslide debris. The

Construction Ministry said preliminary estimates show the typhoon and flooding have already caused about 35 billion yen (\$137 million) worth of damage to roads and river embankments.

Russian Gives Disarmament Warning

GENEVA — The 20-year-long United Nations disarmament conference opened its 1982 summer session Tuesday with the Soviet negotiator, Viktor L. Issnaelyan, warning delegates to make dramatic progress of see the talks collapse for good.

He said the 40-nation conference "will suffer the same grievous fate that past disarmament bodies did not escape unless it makes dramatic progress in its work." Without naming names, the Soviet delegate blamed the lack of any

recent agreements on "certain states which do not have the political will for real measures of arms limitation." He said that if other states followed the Soviet Union's example of pledging never to be the first to use nuclear weapons, "the possibility of nuclear war will actually be reduced to naught."

British Ferry Strike Ended by Vote-

LONDON — British seamen Tuesday ended a one-day strike against the Sealink ferry company and said they had agreed to look for savings on the loss-making service to the Hook of Holland.

Officials of the National Union of Seamen claimed victory, however,

and said the company had agreed not to cut jobs or wages in its atte to save more than £1 million (\$1.8 million) yearly on the unprofitable

The 400 seamen who operate the service from Harwich voted to secret a peace formula agreed upon by Sealink and union officials. Only two men voted against a return to work. Seamen at Dover and other ports quickly ratified the decision. Sealink, which is owned by the state railroad, said it expected all 4,000 seamen would be back at work quickly.

Fraser to Talk With Chinese Leaders

PEKING - The future of Cambodia and China's relations with the West at a time of Chinese U.S. tension were top of the agenda for Ambardan Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser's scheduled talks Wednesday

with Chinese leaders, diplomatic sources said Tuesday.

They said Mr. Fraser is likely to face Chinese pressure to back the recently formed anti-Vietnamese coalition between the Klimer Roop. and two non-Communist Cambodian factions, which is led by form head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk. The diplomats said Australia was pursuing a wait-and-see policy toward the coalition.

Mr. Fraser is also expected to express concern at the deterioration of

Chinese-U.S. relations over U.S. arms sales to Taiwan. Bonn to Press U.S. on Pipeline Ban

BONN - Economics Minister Otto G. Lambadorif will fly to Washington Friday in a last-ditch attempt to persuade the United States to drop its embargo on the supplying by European firms of equipment for

the Soviet gas pipeline.

An Economics Ministry spokesman said Tuesday that one of Mi-Lambsdorff's aims is to seek permission for the West German engineer-ing concern AEG-Kanis to deliver two gas turbines to the Soviet Union for use on the pipeline. But he added that Mr. Lambsdorff will also discuss the whole question of U.S. embargoes against Emopean from involved in the project.

The spokesman added, however, that a final decision on whether West Germany would break the U.S. embargo would rest with the firms in

Compiled From Agency Dispatches

Qadhafi Going Ahead With African Summit Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches The meeting is being boycotted TRIPOLI, Libya — The Libyan by about 20 moderate African

determined to hold a summit meeting of African leaders later this week regardless of whether it assembles a quorum of the Organization of African Unity, a senior

OAU official said Tuesday. The official said there was virtually no hope that the four-day meeting starting Thursday could achieve the quorum of 34 delegations needed to give it the status of the OAU's annual summit session and to name Col. Qadhafi as OAU chairman for the next 12 months.

Salvador Leftist Rejects U.S. View Of Rights Advance

WASHINGTON - Ruben Zamora, a spokesman for El Salvador's leftist insurgents, has challenged the Reagan administra-tion's certification last week of Salvadoran progress in land reform and human rights as justification for continued U.S. aid.

Mr. Zamora, of the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front-Revolutionary Democratic Front, said at a news conference that since El Salvador's March elections were won by political parties on the far right, land reform has been dealt a "series of mortal He said followers of Roberto

D'Aubuisson, head of the rightist party known as ARENA and president of the new Constituent Assembly, have been appointed to the key Cabinet posts of agriculture, economics and foreign trade; the 1962 constitution has been reinstated, removing the right to expropriate privately held land, and a decree enabling small farm-ers to buy land they cultivated has been suspended for four years.

He also claimed that the U.S.-trained Belloso battalion suffered

many casualties in retaking the

rebel-held town of Perquin in

Morazan province, contrary to tes-timony by the U.S. deputy assist-ant secretary of defense, Nestor D.

Sanchez, to the House Committee

on International Affairs last week

that U.S.-trained troops are turn-

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ing the tide for the government.

versial participation of the Polisario gueralla movement, which is fighting Morocco for control of the Western Sahara.

The official said there was nothing to prevent Col. Qadhafi from presiding over a meeting of likeminded African chiefs of state, but in the absence of a quorum he would have no legal authority over the OAU.

Other OAU sources said that 17 African heads of state or heads of government have indicated that they would attend the Tripoli talks. The sources gave no precise list, but said the leaders of Africa's "progressive" countries including Ethiopia, Angola, Mozambique, Madagascar, Benin, Congo, Mauritius, Seychelles, Ghana and Algeria would undoubtedly take

Algeria is the main sanctuary and source of arms and supplies

for the Polisario guerrillas.
The first hard-line leader to arrive was Mozambique's Samora Machel. At a banquet in Mr. Ma-chel's honor Monday night, Col Qadhafi charged that "the American colonialists have even had recourse to ignominious and scandalous methods in openly corrupting certain African leaders in order that they stay away from the Trip-

He said that Libya had proof that the United States was bribing African leaders to boycott the meeting, and that these documents would lead to an enormous scandal."

But Col. Qadhafi said he was "very optimistic for the future of the OAU because there are enough progressive countries in Africa to

support it."

Mr. Machel, in reply, called for an extraordinary meeting of the OAU to deal with the South African attacks on southern Angola. "The regular South African invasions of Angola have come to be

considered as something quite normal. Yet they are intolerable, and the OAU has a duty to take action to stop them," Mr. Machel said.

He expressed his gratitude to the Soviet Union and its allies, "implicitly Cuba," for helping to "defend the threatened African countries on the periphery of South Af-



Families and mothers of the 44 children killed in the colli-

sion near Beanne, France, during the funeral service. 44 French Victims of Bus Collision Buried After Emotional Ceremony

CREPY-EN-VALOIS, France - Mothers of the 44 French chil-

dren killed in a multiple car and bus collision near here Saturday, fainted, wept and cried out the names of their children Tuesday at a mass funeral service attended by President François Mitterrand. The coffins containing the burned remains of the children were lined up for the service in their hometown's basketball gymnasium, where their parents and 1,000 villagers gathered to mourn the deaths in France's worst traffic accident. The victims ranged in

In a clear effort to dramatize his government's pledge to stem the high French traffic death rate on national roads, Mr. Mitterrand attended the funeral service at the head of an unusually large number of state representatives. Accompanying Mr. Mitterrand were Prime Minister Pierre Manroy, Interior Minister Gaston Defferre, Transport Minister

Charles Fiterman, Family Minister Georgina Dufoix and Nation-

al Assembly President Louis Mermaz.

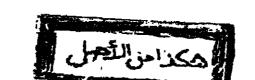
Mr. Mitterrand, fighting back tears, bowed three times before the row of coffins and then bowed to the mourners. Only six of the 44 coffins interred in 14 graves in a nearby cemetery hore the name of a child. The other bodies were charred

beyond recognition. Saturday's 10-vehicle road accident, the worst in French history, claimed 53 lives, including seven adults and two other children in

From July 5th through August 27th, Monday through Friday, the International Herald Tribune will present the news in English at 10 a.m.

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on radio station RMC.



By Richard Hailoran

New York Tones Service

WASHINGTON - Senior De-

fense Department officials say that

the Reagan administration is un-

deterred by congressional opposi-

tion to military spending and that they are close to completing a 1984

military budget calling for spend-ing of about \$247 billion.

crease in real growth, excluding in-

flation, from projected outlays of

about \$209 billion in the 1983 mili-

tary budget now before Congress.

With inflation counted in, the new military budget would be about 17.3 percent higher.

That amount would also put military spending back at the level amounced last January, the offi-

cials said. Since then, Presider

Reagan's budget compromises

with Congress have suggested that military spending will dip under

the 7-percent average annual in-

crease in real growth that the presi-

dent has asserted is needed to build up U.S. military strength.

The Defense Department offi-

cials, who reflect the views of Sec-

retary of Defense Caspar W. Weinberger, said in interviews that

they expect Congress to support

that level of spending despite what

a senior official called the "rhetor-

tors and representatives, including Republicans, who had been critical

of Mr. Reagan's military spending

plans had nevertheless voted for

The current round in a continu-

ing dispute over military spending was touched off by Mr. Reagan's

insistence that he have a free hand

to set military budgets within the

overall ceiling that he had negoti-

ated with Congress.
"I reserve the right to have the

flexibility with regard to individual

programs," Mr. Reagan said in his

ews conference last week. He said

he would be bound by reductions

he had agreed to for 1983 but did

not feel bound on military spend-

Defense Department officials, who spoke on the condition that

they not be named, said Mr.

Reagan had made clear in Cabinet

meetings that he would be free to

set new budget figures based on

FAO Lowers Forecast

For Cereal Production

ROME - The UN Food and

Agricultural Organization lowered its forecast Tuesday for 1982 world cereal output by 5 million

tons because of dry weather.

on the floor.

ing beyond that.

ic" coming from Capitol Hill.

That would be an 11-percent in-

Reagan Hails Leaders Of Solidarity, Mocks Communist-Bloc Press

International Hersit Primer
WASHINGTON — President Reagan voiced warm praise Thea-day for the leaders of the Solidarity movement in Poland and lead-ed the ideals, the faith and the

herosom of the Polish people.

In a special in Hartford, Comp.
that appeared to be one of the most sharply anti-Communicated dresses he has made, the president said with many that as a former sotor he was somewhat sensitive about the bad press notices he had gotten from the Soviet Union after its last month during aptive Nations Week.

Conting the Communist Party

dewipaper Prayda as baying termed his remarks "hysterical and a Polish newspaper at having called firm a "cesspool of invective," Mr. Reagan told the Kniphia of Columbua, a Catholic fraternal mization, that what had spect the Communist press most was a quotation he used from Lech Walesa in which the Solidanity leader spoke disparagingly of the Poish authorities, Mr. Reagan also wanted Con-gress against adopting a nuclear

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Panama Chief Says Pan-America Units Should Involve U.S.

The Associated Press PANAMA CITY - The new president of Panama, Ricardo de la Espriella, has said that all inter-American organizations should in-clude the United States.

His statement contradicted one made by the man he replaced. Aristides Royo, in Venezuela last week to the effect that inter-American organizations, except the Organization of American States, should be made up only of Latin American nations, presomably including Cuba but not the United

Mr. De la Espniella took office Friday after Mr. Royo, 42, re-signed, citing health reasons. There has been widespread speculation in Panama that he was forced out of office by the military for his increasingly barsh criticism of the Reagan administration and because of growing problems at

Mr. De la Espriella dismissed this speculation Monday and insisted that power in Panama is held by the president, not the military. In an apparent attempt to downplay his pro-United States stance, he said. We have been ample with the United States, but we do not want to be subordinated or enslaved by them." freeze resolution that would imply to the Soviet Union that the United States would accept fewer reductions that his proposals, which would cut strategic miclear ballistic washesds by one-third.

The House of Representatives is scheduled this week to take up peoposals calling for such a freeze, Mr. Reagan has sought to side-track a freeze proposal he has said would seriously undercut the U.S. negotiating position in the recessed strategic arms reduction talks with

Mr. Reagan declared that this proposed resolution "would leave in place dangerous inequalities in the nuclear balance and would attempt to return us to the flawed

SALT-2 agreement."
But a substitute resolution draft-ed by Rep. William S. Broomfield. Republican of Michigan, and others that endorses the administration's arms reduction approach "would avoid these dangers and, if it is passed, would act as an incontive to persuade the Soviet Union

the to persuade the Soviet Union to agree to mutual reductions," Mr. Reagan said.

In his pointed remarks denouncing communism, the president also restated his intention to pursue a "forward strategy for freedom" internationally despite sharp criticism from the Soviet Union.

Persitting his community Italy 10

gress, the president said they had been intended "as a reminder of the suffering of those who live un-der totalizarian rule and as an expression of our hope that someday all the people of the world will live

Mr. Reagan recalled Mr. Walesa's criticism of his country's rulers in a published interview given be-fore his confinement under martial

"Our souls contain exactly the contrary of what they wanted. They wanted us not to believe in God, and our churches are full. They wanted us to be materialistic and incapable of sacrifices; we are anti-materialistic, capable of sacrifice. They wanted us to be afraid of the tanks, of the gans, and instead we don't fear them at all."
Addressing his Catholic audi-

ence, Mr. Reagan said:
"In these words, I think we find
the justification for the importance of the values of family, community and religion and some of the changes we have made in Wash-

ington during the last 18 months."
He added that "nowhere in the world is there a more splendid affirmation of this connection between religious values and political freedom than in the ideals, the faith and the heroism of the Polish people and the leaders of Solidar-



HAMMING IT UP - Instead of kissing babies while on a political trip to the Midwest, President Reagan petted Shank the hog. Mr. Reagan visited Allen Dee's farm in State Center, lowa. He shed his jacket because of the heat.

Recalling his comments July 19 marking Captive Nations Week, an annual event mandated by Congress, the president and the **Assails Solidarity Anew**

WARSAW - The Polish Communist Party daily newspaper Trybuna Ludu on Tuesday re-newed its attacks on the Solidarity independent trade union, whose underground leaders last week apfor new protests against martial law.

Often interpreted as a window on official policy, the newspaper hostile to the nation and had learned nothing from the military

Meanwhile, Solidarity workers in the Gdansk shipyards where the union was born during the 1980 strikes said in a statemen Tuesday that their colleagues should avoid demonstrations and unrest-caus-

This appeal is in contrast to last week's statement by key under-ground union leaders asking for renewed protests during August, cul-minating with demonstrations on Aug. 31, second anniversary of the settlement of Gdansk's strikes.

In another development, the au-thorines removed the floral cross on Warsaw's Victory Square Monday night, taking awity the symbol of protest for the third successive

day. The cross, marking where Cardinal Stefan Wyszynski's cof-fin stood during his funeral last year, has been removed by the authorities several times but has been replaced each time by the demonstrators.

The successive removal of the cross each night may indicate that the authorities will no longer toler-Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski de-

clared a state of emergency in December and suspended Solidarity, the first independent labor union ever to exist inside the Soviet bloc. The newspaper's attack suggests that Communist authorities view the 18-month existence of the union as a "closed book." It was the

first official comment to appear

since last week's new calls for protests, but it did not seem to be in direct response to the appeal.

Roman Catholic Church leaders, meanwhile, met here Toesday to assess the simation and possibly draft a response to last week's an-

The agency also said there were reports that the Soviet harvest may nouncements relaxing martial law. Church sources said the sevenlower than expected, but it did member governing council of bishops, meeting under Archbishnot elaborate. The new forecast for op Jozef Glemp, were discussing the church's situation. 1982-83 is for 1.465 billion tons to

circumstances at the time of the

The officials acknowledged, owever, that the administration itself by failing to consult with congressional leaders before the president's thinking became pub-licly known. Several members of

Despite the criticism from Capi-

had caused a political problem for Congress have made the same

tol Hill, the Defense Department officials noted that the administration got almost everything it asked for in the defense authorization

House last week. The bill went to a House-Senate conference Tuesday for ironing out specific differences, a process that will take about two

Several Reasons Found

The Pentagon officials contended that there were several reasons for the favorable votes in Con-

They asserted that there was a mental belief that the United States must improve its armed

Pentagon to Seek 11% Spending Rise in 1984

luctance of congressmen to cut programs that call for spending money in their districts. A third, the officials suggested, was aggressive testimony, behind-the-scenes telephone calls and breakfast meetings, and other lobbying by administration officials.

Still, the officials said, administration leaders recognize the pressures on individual congressmen to cut military spending because of strains in the economy. "You can feel, like the humidity in Washington, the pressures building up,

U.S. Asserts Russia Ranks First As Arms Supplier to Third World

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON — The Soviet Union, not the United States, is by far the world's largest supplier of arms to the Third World, according to a State Department report released Monday.

The report, based on "conserva-

tive U.S. intelligence estimates," says that over the last 10 years the Soviet Union delivered 74,000 tanks, aircraft, warships, missiles and other major weapons of war to nations in the Middle East, Asia.

He contended that many sena-Latin America and Africa. That compares with about 44,000 major weapons systems de-livered by the United States, the

report said. the funds repeatedly in recent tests It depicts the Soviet Union as sharply increasing arms deliveries during the last 10 years. In some weapons categories, Soviet deliver-ies have exceeded those of the United States for all or most of the decade," the State Department

> "In the other categories, the Soviets surpassed U.S. deliveries by the mid-1970s," it said. "Today the Soviets exceed U.S. levels in most weapons categories considered in this report," with the exception of certain types of warships.

The report acknowleges that when arms sales to the Third World are measured by dollar values, the United States is ahead of the Soviet Union by a margin of 2

The major reason for this is that well over half the dollar value of U.S. military transfers during this decade consists of construction, training and various other services, not weapons," the depart-ment said.

"By providing actual weaponstransfer data for the first time, the new report gives the public a choice of perspectives from which to study this important issue," the department said.

The report said the Near East and South Asia make up the greatest Third World regional arms market. Near Eastern and South Asian nations buy the largest quantities, the greatest variety and

the most sophisticated weapons, it

"Over the last decade, the region has received about 85 percent of the surface-to-air missiles, and some 70 percent of the heavy and light armor and the supersonic lighters exported," it said. This was in addition to about half of the artillery, missile-equipped pa-trol boats and helicopters, the re-

gion have a rudimentary arms-pro-ducing capacity of their own, with major arms industries in Israel. Egypt and India, the report said. tary of state for security assistance, said the report, the first in an an-

James L. Buckley, undersecrenual series, is intended to dispel "the myth" that the United States is the largest supplier of arms to the developing world.

Harvard Economist Is Said To Head White House List

WASHINGTON - Martin S. Feldstein, a Harvard economist and president of the National Bureau of Economic Research, is the front-running choice to become chairman of the president's Council of Economic Advisers, succeed-

ing Murray L. Weidenbaum, administration officials said Mon-Mr. Feldstein, 42, a conservative economist who has advocated tax cuts and argued for slowing the growth in programs such as Social Security that benefit middle and upper-income families, was one of President Reagan's original candi-dates to head the three-member

economic council. He now heads the list of candidates to replace Mr. Weidenbaum, the sources said, but Mr. Reagan has not yet approved the appoint-

Mr. Weidenbaum resigned two weeks ago to return to teaching at Washington University in St. Louis, saying he was frustrated after his tenure during which Mr. Reagan won much of his program in Congress but the economy did not respond as expected.

Mr. Weidenbaum's departure left many officials convinced that a successor should come from among mainstream economists.

Mr. Feldstein has been presi-

dent of the National Bureau or Economic Research since 1977. The group is known among economists for its rigid nonpartisanship. It is also known for being the official arbiter of business cycles, deciding when the economy enters a

recession or a recovery.

One official said that Mr. Feldstein is the first choice of many senior administration advisers and several Cabinet members for the post. If Mr. Reagan approves the appointment, it could be announced this week, the official added. Mr. Feldstein could not be reached for comment.

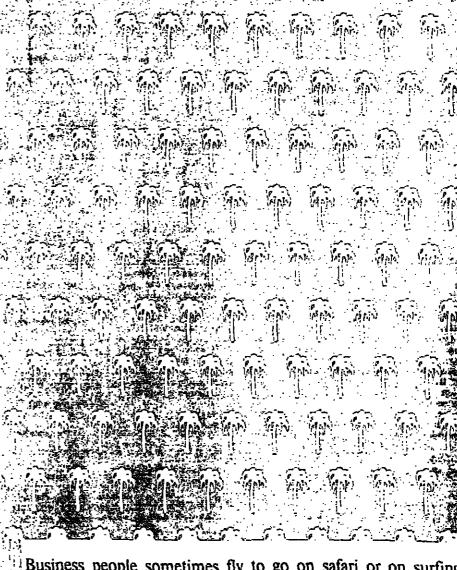
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Hold Fire on Beirut

From THE WASHINGTON POST

The killing of innocent civilizes has gone on too long in West Beirut, and it is time for President Reagan to do what he can about it. Until now, he has indulged the Israeli strategists who launched this war.

This week one could see a photograph summing up the results: a 7-month-old baby had lost both arms and been severely burned "when an Israeli jet accidentally hit a Chris-tian residential area in East Bearut during a raid on Palestinian positions to the west." The PLO, meanwhile, holds out.

The Israelis say that before the siege is lifted, PLO forces must be expelled from Lebanon. Israel asserts a right to keep up the military pressure, notwithstanding the risk to civilians, who are advised to evacuate. But are the Israeli terms - flee or take your chances - any less cynical than the PLO's tactic of fighting from civilian cover so as to give pause both to Israel and to its patron, the United States? The fact is that Israelis are pounding a city. They have had nearly two months to rout the PLO and they have failed. They alone are responsible for the death ined by their guns. The Israeli way to end the killing, in brief, mandates more killing. There is, conceivably, another way: for the

United States to alter its policy so as to make ending the bloodshed its first aim. The Israelis at least are frank about it: They say it is "imperative" to expel the PLO. Mr. Reagan says it is "imperative" for the bloodshed to cease, but so far he has not

shown that he means it. Even while he calls for a lasting cease-fire, he stands by, doing not much more than shifting from foot to foot, while the Israelis shoot up the city. He has let himself be trapped into thinking that it matters which side violated the latest ceasefire, an exercise with no answers and no ending and one that allows the Israeli Army to turn up its firepower any time it pleases.

Mr. Reagan should announce that the United States will use its influence, and as much of it as necessary, to see that Israel stops firing into Berrut. The leading Arab states insist they do not need the Israeli Army's shooting to help them remove the PLO, and they will have to do the job. No part of the American interest requires

Mr. Reagan to save the Begin government from its overextended position in Lebanon. least of all when that makes the United States co-sponsor of a cruel attack on an innocent city. Within Israel, after all, not just the little peace movement but main-line opposition politicians and even some members of Mr. Begin's own coalition have questioned his expansion of the aims of the war beyond the original consensus aim of keeping PLO guns from bombarding northern Israel.
Why should Mr. Reagan be more suppor-

tive of the Beirut siege than, say, former Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin? And if it is really not all that important to Mr. Reagan to halt the bloodshed, then he should drop the pretense and openly shoulder the blame.

Peking Turns Its Back

The news from China is disturbing. A lurch back to dogmatism, propelled by economic troubles and an approaching Communist Party Congress, is straining what was at best a difficult relationship with the United States. President Reagan wasted a year straightening out his attitudes toward Peking. Now the Chinese seem eager to rebuff him.

Reagan has gone about as far as he should in placating Peking on arms sales to Taiwan. He has abandoned his unwise campaign talk about upgrading relations with the Nationalists. He is ready formally to endorse the idea of "one China," a concept on which Communists and Nationalists are agreed. He is prepared to put limits on selling advanced weapons to Taiwan. And he would give his blessing to Peking's idea for a peaceful fusion of the mainland and Taiwan — which is farther than three previous American presidents cared or dared to go. Yet for all the dismay that these American

approaches caused in Taiwan, Peking's recent responses have been stony.

The Communists refuse to accept the sincerity of Reagan's intentions; his offer of American technology in return for an under-

standing on Taiwan was rebuffed as a crude bribe. The resignation of Secretary of State Haig, whom the Chinese knew to be a defender of strategic partnership, seems to have made it even harder for anyone in Peking to champion the American connection. Policy

toward the United States may be a factor in

Peking's power struggles; an accord on Taiwan may be impossible at this point. Americans emphatically believe they have moral obligation to provide Taiwan with defensive arms, as provided in the Taiwan Relations Act and as understood by Peking when a normalization deal was struck with Jimmy Carter. With military sales to Taiwan drastically reduced, the United States at a minimum ought to authorize renewal of the co-production of F-5E jet fighters. But Peking demands an end to all weapons sales, in language so strident as to suggest it prefers

the grievance to an accommodation. The outcry over foreign devils in China has a depressing resonance. So does the call to doctrinal purity, part of an orchestrated attack on capitalist "decadence." Rational diplomacy with China may be an early victim of its next revolution.

Other Editorial Opinion

American Whales in Europe

"Over here and over-borrowed" might be the uncharitable European verdict on the plight of International Harvester, the troustruction equipment and agricultural machin-ery which unveiled last-ditch plans for a restructuring of its huge debts [last] week. Massey Ferguson, also well represented in

Europe, has already traveled the same uncomfortable path. And it [was] not, in other respects, a very cheerful week for corporate America in Europe. The attempt by IBM to launch a challenge in the British courts against alleged "buy British" public purchasing policies failed to clear the first hurdle. The indigenous British computer manufacturer ICL is naturally delighted. Frenchmen have been similarly pleased at the spectacle of the loss-making French subsidiary of International Telephone and Telegraph, the arch-multinational, being knocked down to President Mitterrand's government for a mere \$51 million after a one-sided negotiation. Where is the American challenge now?

In reality the challenge always existed mainly in the eye of the mercantilist beholder. True, the United States in the 1960s enjoyed a unique freedom from international constraints in financing its balance of payments deficits. Multinationals were able to buy up European companies on the cheap with an overvalued dollar. But the overvalued dollar and the U.S. balance of payments deficit were the counterparts of undervalued currencies and payments surpluses elsewhere. By taking on the reserve currency burden in the Bretton Woods system, the United States effectively underwrote the export-led postwar recovery of West Germany, France and Ja-pan — which were able to keep their exchange rates undervalued — while contribut-

ing to its own economic weakness. Yet it is not increased European compet tion which has necessarily been the chief cause of the troubles of those North Ameri-

can companies that are now struggling with an excessive burden of debt. In large measure they are paying the penalty of past management errors. But their difficulties have been aggravated by an economic policy intended iltaneously to bring down inflation and to permit the United States to reassert its power and influence in the world. The dollar s once again overvalued on trading grounds. That reflects not monetary laxity but a combination of fiscal ease, tight money and consequently high real interest rates. The inflationary tide is on the ebb and some large corporate whales have been left high and dry. — The Financial Times (London).

Lawyers After the Crash

A highly publicized major disaster such as the recent crash of a Pan American World Airways jetliner inevitably attracts lawyers looking for big-money claims. Within hours of the tragic crash of Pan Am flight 759, lawyers were on the scene. Louisiana authorities are investigating complaints that at least two lawyers illegally solicited business from fami-lies of crash victims. The prospect of a 40- or 50-percent contingency fee in a multimilliondollar claim is just too great a temptation for some greedy lawyers with no scruples.

For that reason, Pan Am's insurers were justified in telling the victims' families that they will be offered fair compensation for their irreplaceable losses. The insurers sent letters asking that families withhold lawsuits at least until the insurers have had a chance to make offers. What's wrong with doing that? Each victim's kin are certain to collect damages. The only question is, when and at what expense in time, money actually received, and anguish relived in a trial?

The insurers' request was not improper, simply prudent. And all of the lawyers' howling does not negate the fact that the survivors who listen to the insurers' offer before suing are simply being prudent, too.

— The Miami Herald.

Associate Publ

Director of Forence Director of Circulation

Enough of This Horror

PARIS — It has gone on too long. Too many deaths. Too

much horror. As the opposition leader, Shimon Peres, said, now we must fear the "Vietnamization" of the war in Lebanon. I take that to mean a bloody impasse.

It is too late to argue about blame and provocation. The question is how to get the combatants out of their murderous deadlock, and out of Beirut and Lebanon.

The argument over priorities shows how far apart the antagonists remain, despite all their illusory cease-fires and near-agreements. The Israelis say the United States must focus first on getting the PLO out of Lebanon. The Saudis say it must first get the Israelis out. The Lebanese say it must get them all out. The PLO says it must recognize "Palestinian rights."

nize "Palestinian rights.

This adds up to saying that neither side can achieve its full objectives nor dare, after all the sacrifice, offer to settle for less. Yet the only way out is partial satisfaction and compromise. That will require a initiative permitting both Israel and the PLO to say they did their utmost and made gains worth the concessions that must come.

It is still possible for Israel to make a massive assault on Beirut. But the price, to Israel itself, will be higher than what it might achieve. in addition to undoubtedly heavy casualties, Jerusalem would risk crucial political losses. American sympathy is waning. Criticism within Israel is mounting.

In the most aggressive analysis, Israel's cost could only be offset by a decisive, virtually total success in wiping out the Palestinian nationalist movement. That is clearly beyond its reach. The PLO has already been destroyed as an orga-nized military force, but Palestinian political aspirations cannot be extinguished in this way.

The purpose of the French-Egyptian initiative is to provide a politi-cal victory for the PLO to compensate for its military defeat. That is By Flora Lewis

why Israel is opposed. And yet, if Israel's highest goal remains the right not only to exist but to exist in peace, it must sooner or later seek a political settlement with Palestinians who are in a position to negotiate. It cannot invent or create the bargaining partner of its choice unless, like the Allies in World War II, it can impose unconditional surrender. The siege of Beirut has ruled that out now, and this must be recognized.

The elaborate game of words that has masked Middle East reali-

Their arms cannot open the way. It is time for the United States to move.

ties for so long must be set aside. Yasser Arafat was up to his old tricks in his clusive almost recognition" of Israel to the over-eas Rep. Paul McCloskey. There is not a big difference in Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir's statement that Israel will "never talk to the terrorist organization, under any circum-stances." What if the PLO changes its name to Provisional Government of Palestine?

The facts now are that a compre hensive settlement is much too far away to make it the condition for ending Beirut's calvary. But stepby-step diplomacy on the familiar pattern will not suffice because agreement cannot be reached on hich steps must come first.

framework emerges for a proposal that the United States could urge on both sides, not only permitting them to save face but moving toward the central issue. In return for orderly withdrawal

of PLO leaders and combatants from Lebanon, the United States

should declare its acceptance that Palestinians have "legitimate national rights," without establishing who represents them or fussing about who recognizes whom in which words. This really does not go beyond Camp David, although the implications of Israel's war in Lebanon and its interpretation of Camp David are that Palestinians dutside Israeli rule can only claim to be refugees.

Further, the United States should declare its willingness to recognize and deal with a represent carrie Palestinian group that is prepared to join the Camp David pro-cess — thus rejecting Israel's right to veto American diplomacy. This does go beyond the Kissinger pledge requiring PLO recognition of Israel, but it also offers more.

With the direction thus establish ed, short-term guarantees could make it possible to take the initial steps. The PLO needs to be assured that its people can move out safely, without humiliation. For that, an international force would be required. It could be organized and supported by the United States without landing American troops. Israeli forces would have to pull back from Beirut.

Assurance is also necessary that Palestinian civilians in Lebanon will be protected. That will not be easy, given the harred that PLO be-havior has inspired among Lebanese. But a solemn pledge from Bashir Genayel's Phalangists, Isra-el and the Lebanese government, plus an international relief effort for all civilian victims of the war, could establish confidence.

In this way, the United States would be making unilateral declarations to give a political context From these circumstances, the for immediate measures to stop the bloodshed. It is clear that neither side can bring itself to go as far yet, but they both urgently need to get out of the deadlock. Their arms cannot open the way. It is time for the United States to move.

Ersatz for Democracy, Post-Solidarity Style

By Dan Fisher

be no retreat from socialism, so there would be no reversing the process of reform begun in August, 1980, in the shipyards of Gdansk. Gen. Wojciech Jaruzelski promised a nationwide radio andience last Dec. 13. His declaration of martial law that day was meant not to rule out national agreement, he said, but to

make it possible. More than seven months later the regime is quick to list tribunals, comssions and councils that have been formed and new laws that have been passed, all aimed at "democratization" of Polish life.

The common element in most of these "reforms" is supposedly an effort to broaden society's involvement in decision-making. The authorities say they particularly want to give a greater role to non-party members. The names of some of the new groups recall initiatives originally proposed by Solidarity, the suspended trade union, and its supporters.
In fact, most Poles seem to view

these government moves as meaningless camouflage for the extraordinari ly limited reform that the government is really prepared to undertake.

"It's all meaningless," grumbled a young Polish woman. "The authorities keep talking about political realism, but it seems they are the ones who lack it the most."

Cosmetics

For National Day, July 22, when many Poles had expected major movement toward a genuine "national agreement," they got instead a few

halfhearted, cosmetic changes. Where the majority wants Solidarity reactivated, they got instead the "Social Coordinating Commission for the Rebirth of Trade Unions" to think about the problem some more.
Where the majority wants political institutions that will guarantee them real influence on government deci-sions, they got instead the "Provision-

WARSAW — Just as there could al Council of the Patriotic Movement be no retreat from socialism for National Rebirth," whose powers are undefined but whose outlines closely resemble those of a predecessor group acknowledged by virtually all to be a sham.

Januzelski did announce that more than 1,200 internees had been ordered released, and there were minor modifications of martial law restrictions. But the moves were nonetheless seen as disappointing. "It was an insignificant gesture," said a 45-year-

old truck driver.

The authorities "are afraid," added a 40-year-old factory worker. They are afraid to dissolve Solidarity, but also afraid to lift martial law. Fear paralyzes them." Whether out of fear or some other motive, the leadership is clearly taking a very cautious ap-

proach to normalization. For many months, government sources were telling Western acquaintances privately that Jaruzelski really wanted to move faster toward national reconciliation but that he was preated from doing so by hard-liners in the power structure.

Faits Accomplis

Then in mid-July the man depicted as Jaruzelski's primary hard-line rival was edged aside in the biggest leadership shake-up since martial law. That fueled speculation that at last Jaruzelski would be able to move and that his National Day speech would signal a major government initiative. The church, Solidarity and the government would soon resume their dialogue, many believed.

Instead of negotiating with Solidarity and the church, however, it increasingly appears that the government's strategy is to present those groups with faits accomplis.

The regime in effect defines the structure of "national agreement" with all the new commissions and councils, and invites Solidarity and the church to participate on the condition that they accept the socialist state. If some choose not to join, they can be pointed to as the ones trying to sabotage national agreement.
Stefan Olszowski, Poland's new

foreign minister and the "hard-linea" moved saide in July, said in a speech last month: "The idea of accord put forward by various Solidarity advisers, the so-called accord of three powers, is no longer valid."

A look at some of the new laws and commissions points up the reasons for all the misgivings. Late last month, for example, came the first meeting of the new "socio-economic council" of Parliament. Both Solidarity and the church had argued for such a body as a check on govern-ment economic policy, and some viewed it as the forerunner of a second house in Parliament.

Party Control But the council that emerged and

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the one envisioned by its proponents differ markedly. Solidarity wanted the council to have veto power over government economic decisions. Not only does the new group lack veto power, it is not even authorized to make its own proposals, said a parliamentary source. It speaks, in other words, only when spoken to.

Also, in the Solidarity version ers were to be elected. The government version has appointed members. In effect, the shell of the Solidarity proposal was retained, but the council has been gusted of real power. It can advise, but whether anyone listens depends on the whim

of the authorities. Similarly, the law on higher education passed under martial law shows how the authorities are approaching the legal basis of reform. "In essence the law takes the demands of academic circles during 1981 and clamps party control on them," a Western diplomat said. The bill makes universities self-governing — but the min-ister of higher Education has veto power over rectors elected by the university community.
"It was this limited vision of

reform on the part of the authorities which exasperated Solidarity negotiators in 1981 and drove them to ever more radical demands," the diplomat commented.

months of martial law and worsening economic crisis have scaled back Polish society's expectations enough that those modest reforms might look better today. Jaruzelski himself clearly does not want to risk finding out — which is why be said that martial law will last a while longer. Los Angeles Times.

Sharing Cures for Shared Urban Problems pean cities are still not remarkably in-

WASHINGTON - Americans have always looked longingly at European cities. For much c America's history, its attitude could be characterized as abject inferiority. The protection of its natural "crown jewels" in a unique national park sys-tem was successfully advocated as the American response to Europe's inimitable cathedrals, grand squares and other architectural treasures. More recently, Americans have

tried to learn from European cities. In a we-can-do-it-too spirit, experts have imported complex planning strategies such as new towns, pedestrian mails and adaptation of historic buildings to contemporary use, as well as relaxed attitudes about sidewalk cafes and street musicians. Transferable ideas have been sought to make American cities attractive and livable, like those in Europe. Now Enropean experts are looking

to America, too, for ideas. Their cities are also being scarred by the automolook-alike v oversized modern buildings. Their cities are South Bronx in New York is the proalso beset by declining employment and recession. And, while still inspired by Europe's urban successes. Americans have begun to develop some successes of their own.

Here are a few examples:

While the U.S. Congress struggled with a U.S. version of Britain's enterprise-zone program, the British Department of the Environment announced an urban development grant program, openly modeled on the urban development action grant pro-gram of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.

• The Royal Institute of British Architects recently sponsored a meeting in London with Baltimore city planning officials to consider the inspirational values of Baltimore's popular, profitable new Harborplace development, which has transformed the city's waterfront with peopleoriented activities.

• A number of European plan-

ners, including the architect and town planner Pierre Laconte, of Belgium's University of Louvain, look favorably at the strength of American community organizations and their active participation in efforts to stem neighborhood decline.

pean cities are sprawling. London's al: the deeding of most of the proper-

By Phyllis Myers

just-opened Barbican — Europe's largest center for the arts - is a monument to urban isolation and self-conscious celebration of culture that one would not have expected from the British. Seeking to define a new life for Scheveningen, the Netherlands Victorian seaside resort, architects have unattractively "modemized" the Kurhaus Hotel as a casino and built mid-rise condominium towers that block views of the sea. Some problems on the rise in Euro-

pean cities, while familiar to Americans, are not yet resolvable by looking across the sea in either direction.

They include pervasive unemployment, especially worrisome among newly graduated professionals as well as blue-collar workers; increased numbers of members of minorities clashing with officials accustomed to homogeneity; curbscks in funds for social services and physical ameni-ies; precipitous declines in central city populations, and consequent abandonment of solid, attractive and historic buildings; involuntary displacement of poor and elderly people by publicly aided gentrification; and

bsolescing industry.
All of this is not to say that Euro-

tact and pleasurable —a testimony to adaptability over the centuries, despite wrenching change, and a source of good ideas for America. But American examples of rescue

from urban decay — a result of government working with, rather than against, private investors, and collaborating with local interests - are attracting notice, perhaps setting the learning and collaboration. The writer directs the urban conser

vation program of The Conservation ment to The New York Times.

Property Title: Pass It to Pimlico FULLERTON, Calif. — The enterprise zone idea in The

By Thomas Hazlett

most blighted inner-city areas - the totypical example — and designate them for personal and corporate tax breaks and extensive deregulation. While distrustful of the endorse

ment of the Reagan administration. liberals see enterprise zones as a way to bring some government help to the poor in these days of Reaganomics, and as a platform onto which tradi tional welfare programs such as job training and urban renewal can be hoisted and repackaged. The Republican supply-side constituency for the zones is created by a desire to substitute corporate charity (amply rewarded with tax breaks) for federal largesse. Incumbent politicans of either stripe see the potential of enterprise zones as political capital to spend in

the electoral marketplace. mental idea lies undiscovered. At their best, enterprise zones are not devices to place poor people into jobs, or ways to direct new communienterprises to take pity on the ghetto.

anti-poverty program.

This can best be accomplished by Europe has not always learned an unheralded provision tentatively from America's mistakes. Some Europe included in the White House propos-

ty in the zones directly to t residents living there. Since the most devastated districts

lems simultaneously.

Sadly, the promise of the fundaty supervisors to organize around tax ductions, or a way to bribe business The revolutionary purpose of such zones is to let the poor run their own

have trivial or negative property val-ues, local governments could easily homestead vacant land and buildings to an association of local residents --perhaps 200 or 300 individuals that demonstrates the ability and enthusiasm to invest its labors in improving the properties. Vesting a community group with such a propertied interest in the success of the zones would solve two crucial prob-• First, tax and regulatory induce-

ments may lure new businesses to marginal neighborhoods where only moderate social deterioration has set in, but they will be of little motivation in the areas of deepest depression. The Sabre Foundation, a Washington-based research group that has extensively studied international free trade ports and domestic enterprise zones, notes in a report that "the main the most devastated inner cities are such problems as high crime, poor services and decrepit infrastructure

The study goes on to lament the inability of hard-pressed municipal wernments to solve these concerns Yet, if a neighborhood association owned several blocks of real estate, the energies of citizens in the zone

could ignite a community renaissance, with block patrols to fight crime and with repair and maintenance work unemployed, citizens. The partici-pants in the association would prosper as they improved the value of the neighborhood.

· Second, the ironic fact is that there would be political flak if enterprise zones became too successful. Rising economic activity would push up rents and bump out low-income tenants. By passing property title to such tenants, local dwellers would gain wealth as rents rose. This makes marvelous economic sense. The fatal hitch of government-run

welfare programs is that we limit our ingenuity to those approaches that can be sold to the bureaucrats who administer such programs. By nature, these approaches are conservative and traditional and for good reason: We cannot afford to gamble with public funds. However, the economic sphere demands the risk-taking function if successful innovation is to occur. We must expand our range of possibilities beyond the narrow horizon of government planners. Take care of the poor by letting

get out of the way while the poor take care of themselves. The writer teaches economics at California State University. He contributed this comment to The New York Times.

them own their enterprise zone. Then

The question is whether seven

AUG. 4: FROM OUR PAGES 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1907: Revivalist Angers Kassel

KASSEL, Germany - At a late hour, police had to interfere to prevent a mob from tarring and feathering an evangelist who for a week past has been conducting revival meetings in the old Kentucky negro camp meeting style. It is said that the evangelist exercised such a powerful influence over his hearers that men and women in their ecstasy rolled on the floor and partly disrobed. The indignation of the citizens was caused by the publication of an interview with a police commissioner who had attended one of the meetings. On their way home some of the followers of the evangelist were attacked. One father whipped his daughter in the open street for participating in the meeting.

PHILIP M FOISIE

WALTER WELL

1932: Recognize the Kremlin?

PARIS - Today's editorial in the Herald reads: "The most vital international problem confronting the American people, in the thought of many publicists, is the recognition of the Soviet government of Russia. Ameri-cans are often hard-pressed for a rational reply to the question as to why ours is the sole great power refusing diplomatic relations with the government that for 15 years has been the de facto ruler of Russia. The acid remarks of liberal U.S. senators who urge recognition appear almost weekly in the press, but our government has insisted that, before recognition is possible, Moscow must cease its subversive activities directed toward the overthrow of our institutions."

JOHN HAY WHITNEY (1904-1982), Chairman KATHARINE GRAHAM and ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER, Co-Cheumen LEE W HUEBNER, Publishe

ROLAND PINSON

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'Be nice to him. He's an endangered species.'

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR The Fascist Element

Please heed the word of an American businesswoman who has com-muted between Atlanta and the Middle East for the past two years and maintained an apartment in Beirut since January. The "Christian" Phalangists represent the fascist ele-ment in Lebanon. If control is given to these fanatics, expect a government of the World War II Italian variety. C.N.M. THOMPSON.

Traveler's Poker

Readers planning to visit the Unit-

ed States and who are obliged, as I was recently, to purchase dollars with a weakened European currency may be interested in my experience. On June 25, before departing from Charles de Gaulle Airport, I purchased \$100 at an airport change booth and was charged 707 French francs. Six hours later, at a change hooth at John F. Kennedy Airport (Citibank, in the TWA terminal), I was charged 760 francs for the same amount of dollars. The interbank exchange rate for that day, as carried in the International Herald Tribune,

was 6.90 francs to the dollar. In the ensuing two weeks I paid wildly fluctuating rates between these two extremes at different banks or foreign exchange facilities, fluctuations that did not even begin to be accounted for by the Iluctuation in the value of the French franc.

I would have been far better off buying all the dollars I could in such as land redistribution, economic France before leaving, although in growth benefits only the rich and the the past I had usually found that one

did slightly better changing money at the point of destination. While one has grown used in recent years to having banks vote them-selves extraordinary margins in changing currency, I have never before experienced anything like the rip-off that awaited me at Kennedy Airport, Incidentally, when I asked for a receipt, I was told that the com-

ERICH ZIMMERMANN. A Yank at Oxford

puter was malfunctioning and the

clerk was unable to give me one.

Regarding "The Yank at Oxford" (1HT, June 21): The article does less than justice to Keith Griffin Pethaps the writer was preoccupied with Ox-ford. Keith Griffin is well-known for his important contributions to development economics, especially for tracing the present plight of the un-derdeveloped countries to the expan-sion of West European mercantilism and colonization. His famous assertion that Europe did not discover the naderdeveloped world but created if ("Underdevelopment in Spanish America," 1968) is still valid.

More recently his work on rural poverty in developing countries opened the eyes, one hopes, of the international organizations and national policy-makers to the fact that in

the absence of structural reforms growth benefits only the rich, and the poor are setting poorer. ("Poverty in the Third World: Ugly Facts and Fancy Models," 1978.) No wonder he is changing the cli-tist customs and traditions at Oxford.

He will bring it to the 20th century.

S. RAMAKRISHNAN

Harvard University, Cambridge, Mass. As an American who on occasion has an American who on occasion has had the privilege of dising in British colleges, including Magdelan, Oxford, I am out of symmethy with the declared designs of this Yank. Apparently, Dr. Griffin feels committed to "out chipping away and breaking down barriers. But is it not possible that have a series of the barriers. sible that barriers may have certain

uses? The world over, great institu-tions are kept alive by certain embell-

ishments of custom. Why all that

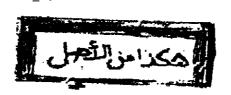
nonsense about port wine and the passing thereof? You got an opener? passing there a Coke.

Let's have a Coke.

S.C. SHANDOR.

Hydra, Greece.

Letters intended for publication should be addressed to the editor and contain the writer's signature, name and address. Brief letters receive priority, and letters may be obridged. We connot acknowledge all letters, but we value the views of the readers who submit them:



ARTS/LEISURE

Arthur Beatty: 'Incredible'

By Michael Zwerin nional Herold Tribune

PARIS — Arthur Beatty was drawing Miles Davis' portrait in the kitchen that doubles as the dressing room of the Village Vanguard in New York when Davis turned and punched Beatty's sketchbook, altering the line.

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"Nobody had ever done any-thing like that before," Beatty said in a Paris cafe as the waiter and several customers stared at all llashy 7 feet of him in disbelief. "But Miles only weighs 140 pounds and I'm 250 so I figured we weren't in the same weight class and I let it slide.

The wide gold bracelet he bought from a freezing artist one-winter night in Greenwich Village ("We artists have to stick together"), the inlaid animal-tooth nacklace and the colorful African shirt do not exactly help him sneak in anywhere. "If you feel like a king, dress like one," he said, with a roar of a laugh that made the waiter

and the customers smale.

With such height, and a good amount of agility, it was hard for Beatty to avoid baskerhall. He graduated from American University in Washington, where he was an NCAA All-East selection, in 1968. The New York Nets and Phoenix Suns drafted him, but he in the house by the time the street-

pro club Racing Mechelen that in-cluded free traition at the Antwerp shape for school the next day. Eve-Academy of Fine Arts, a car and apartment, and only three games a week, all in Belgium. He could play ball and study painting at the

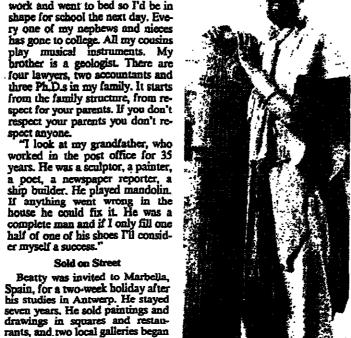
Andio-Visuals

Beatty now specializes in what he calls "jazz visuals," using musicians as models: "When I'm listening to jazz, it's just about impossi ble for me not to draw it." His collectors include singer Roberta Flack, drummer Max Roach, trumpeter Dizzy Gillespie, Saudi oil magnate Adnan Khashoggi and novelist Harold Robbins.

"I follow the sound as well as the visual representation. If the music has not jelled on the bandstand, there will be something missing from the drawing too. If the mood is active and omnidirectional, my composition will take on that mood. If it's a ballad, it will have a more open feeling.

"I think it's necessary that someone document jazz musicians in

His grandparents moved from Barbados to Brooklyn, where he grew up (he is 35): "West Indians have a real push, a drive to succeed. When I was a kid I had to be accepted an offer from the Belgian lights came on. I did my home-



Beatty developed a friendship with Ed Sindon, who had a gallery on Madison Avenue. Sindon exhibited his work. Terry Phumeri, who played bass with Roberta Flack, gave him a koto, an 13-stringed Japanese zither, six feet long. It fit him physically. He took it home, practiced, and formed a music-for-meditation group with two singers, bamboo flute and percussion that performed at Joseph

er myself a success."

to handle his work.

river in my memory."

Sold on Street

Back in New York in 1977, he heard Roland Kirk tell an audi-

ence that was whistling with impa-

ience during a long intermission:

"You ain't got to whistle at me. I ain't no bitch. See if you can whistle as long as I can blow." Kirk picked up his saxophone and "sent

out into space a stream of notes as

long as the Nile. I still hear that

Third Street Music School. He produced a mixed-media event called "Wall to Wall Jazz" in a loft. In addition to Beatty, there were four other artists dealing with jazz, one photographer, and two graphic artists. Six hundred people turned up. For an exhibition with the Ellingtonian title "Black Dreams and Beige Fantasies" at the Sindon Gallery, Beatty chose the artists and the paintings, hung

Papp's Public Theatre and the

news releases and invitations. They said Madison Avenue was the place you had to carve your niche. I did it successfully and figured it was time to go to Europe again. This time I chose

the paintings, and sent out the

formed another musical group with the dancer Nouchka Naline and Beatty's wife, Elisa Trocme, on clarinet; two months later he presented the group and his paint-ings at the American Church on

Beatty and his koto.

the Quai d'Orsay: "I came in at 5, hung 40 pictures on the walls. The exhibition began at 7:30, the concert at 8:30; at 10 the pictures were down and at 11 I was back home." There are exhibitions of his "jazz visuals" at the Ile du Démon

is, and at the September Club in Asked if he was a good businessman, he responded with a proud smile: "Yeah. Oh, yeah. New York

conditioned me for that.

Gallery, 13 Rue Bonaparte, in Par-

"But the real secret to whatever success I've had is consistency. I don't let a day go by that I don't draw or paint. It bothers me that I don't play my koto every day, but that's a full-time job in itself. How much can you lay out? I was taught that each day you have at least 360 different options. You just have to make the best of the options you have."

A few months ago he appeared on the popular French television show "Incroyable mais vrais" (Incredible But True). One might wonder how he managed to get so much exposure after only a few months in Paris. He explained, with a New-York-conditioned rebound and a seven-foot laugh: "Because I'm incredible, if I do say

Centennial 'Parsifal': Grippingly Staged By James Helme Sutcliffe

International Herald Tribune

AYREUTH, West Germany —
Richard Wagner's last opera, "Parsifal," is unusual not only for its quasi-religious subject matter. It is the only work ever conceived with the experience of the extraordinary acoustics and staging possibilities of the Bayreuth Festspielhaus specifically in mind: in this house it had its world premiere on July 26, 1882. Almost exactly 100 years later,

the centennial production of "Parsifal" took place in the same house, the one for which it had been conceived. It was also the longest performance, in actual running time, of an opera condemned by the religious for its religiosity and by the unconverted for its longueurs: just under four hours of

Responsible for the musical preparations was James Levine, chief conductor of the Metropolitan Opera, and his first assignment in this stronghold of German cul-tural nationalism not only continued the broadly arching, ecstatic deliberation of such renowned predecessors as Hans Knapperts-busch and Wilhelm Furtwängler, but also seemed to sum them up.

Dreamed-of Precision

In deliberately slow tempos, Levine emphasized instrumental lines that normally disappear in the general texture, making the pauses between phrases almost painfully tense, and easing into or attacking the following passages with the kind of precision one dreams of for Wagner's miraculously complex scoring but seldom experiences, not even in the composer's own temple.

The distinguished American baritone Simon Estes, who was the first black male singer to have been assigned a role at Bayreuth "The Flying Dutchman," 1977), was entrusted with the crucial role of Amfortas. Although his German is still unidiomatically colored, his voice - which sounded too small for the Festspielhaus five years ago - has broadened and deepened significantly, and the intensity of his acting as the wounded guardian of the Grail gave the role an added dimension.

Peter Hofmann, as a youthfully athletic and clarion-voiced Parsifal, must be just about the ideal contemporary casting for the brashly innocent young man whose maturation Hofmann so movingly portrays in Acts 2 and 3. Hans Sotin, a veteran of Wolfgang Wagner's last "Parsifal" production, which ran five years, again brings his rich bass and intelligent portrayal to bear on Gurnemanz, the all-wise (and for some, overgarrulous) father figure. Franz Mazura is the evil magician Klingsor, a more death, while John Normingrole for which he is famous, and ton is a marvelously ashen, tight-

doxly visible aucient kept alive in his grave by the power of the

But Leonie Rysanek, famous for the application of her soaring soprano to Wagner and Richard Strauss heroines, was out of her death in the role of Kundry, which has all too few high passages. The rest was an embarrassing attempt to deal with Kundry's low tessitura, with hooty middle notes, raucous chest tones and some ugly parlando effects, coupled with mushy diction and a distortion of vowels that did Rysanek's 31-year reputation at Bayreuth no good.

Titurel emerge from an unortho- covers vocal mishaps seemed here to be a compendium of clichés, made more embarrassing by the artificial darkening of the voice to

match. The director, Götz Friedrich, and his accomplished designer, Andreas Reinhardt, both of whose theatrical beginnings were in East Germany, provided Bayreuth's centennial "Parsifal" with a staging that impressively retains the devotional atmosphere of the opera without leaning on past models. Partly fixed, the setting seems to place the audience under the transparent floor of the Grail temple. Tree trunks and a distant

gles to denote the sun's passage, suggest the woods of the opening

The six Flower Maidens, done up as sexy nightclub hookers, may seem out of place in such mythological surroundings, and they certainly miss Wagner's intended effect of seductive innocence, but their shock effect is tonic. The movement of Friedrich's direction, active and involved, helps give the lie to the work's reputation as boring and proves that "Parsifal" is eminently stageworthy after all. It is an evening of gripping theater that would certainly have pleased

By Sheridan Morley tional Herald Tribi

ONDON - When Jonathan Miller first directed Georg Büchner's "Danton's Death" for the National Theatre a decade ago. the adaptation was by John Wells and it was set in what appeared to be a doll museum where a series of waxen effigies came fleetingly to life as their speeches allowed. The production also suffered from a bizarre decision to have Christopher Plummer, one of life's natural

Robespierres, playing Danton. Now a new National produc tion, by Peter Gill of a version by Howard Brenton, gets the play about right. This is precisely the kind of production that Gill would have done during his best period at the now sadly endangered River-side Studios in Hammersmith, and there can be no higher praise than

Construction Problem

The play still has its problems, however, not least in the curiously intractable nature of the construction. Written when Büchner was barely 21, over a five-week period in 1835 when he was on the run after failing to ignite minor Ger-man revolutions, it is essentially an anatomy of the aftermath of the Revolution written in the French style of "Julius Caesar." Unlike "Caesar," however, it's a

play about the theory and consequences rather than the actuality of revolution, and although its final acts in Gill's production in-clude the most chillingly realistic guillotine I have ever seen in action on a stage, "Danton's Death" is for much of its considerable length a word play, albeit one rendered by Brenton into a fine series of gritty political debates.

Brian Fox as Danton manager

to suggest a revolutionary run somehow to seed and to drink now that the dream of a new France has turned into a nightmare of still

Gill Brings 'Danton' Back to Life

casting is a lot shakier, but, across Alison Chitty's bare-board Olivier setting, Gill has managed to choreograph a rule of terror that from its beginning sets up Danton al-ready on the run and Robespierre

brilliant final moment), will short-ly claim his neck too. All in all, it is a production of Gill's usual spare, crisp, chilly clarity and one that does much to rescue the play from the reading room of a theater museum which is where, I am still inclined already advancing on the guillo-tine, which, we are reminded (in a to think, it fundamentally belongs.

Buxton Spotlight on Kodály

By Henry Pleasants

International Herald Tribune

DUXTON, England — To this Derbyshire spa goes distinction and the credit for noting that 1982 marks the centennial not only of Igor Stravinsky and Percy Grainger, but also of Zoltán Kodály, whose fate it was to live rather in the shadow of his more creatively endowed contemporary. Parts Bertally

The Buxton festival has observed the centennial appropriately and memorably with the first English production of Kodaiy's music drama "Hary Janos" (1926), the music of which has long been familiar to concert audiences from the orchestral suite drawn from its rich assortment of lovely, lively Hungarian folk songs and dances.

"Hary János," a theatrical representation of the tall tales spun by a Hungarian Baron Münchhausen about his feats in singlehandedly capturing Napoleon and winning the heart of Napoleon's wife, has been thought of as rather like a wine that delights the palate in its native environment but remains essentially unexportable.

The Buxton production, in English, may not quite invalidate the comparison, but it is nonetheless thoroughly rewarding if only for the opportunity it provides for savoring those haunting Hungarian strains in the setting, theatrical as well as harmonic, orchestral and choral, provided for them by Kodály.

True, the dialogue does not have the spicy flavor relished by Hungarians when spoken in their national vernacular. But if it often seems a long time between musical numbers, the songs and dances, when they come along, more than compensate for intermittent tedium.

The production, by Malcolm Fraser, is fluent, colorful and often amusing, with Alan Opie in the title role and Cynthia Buchan as his peasant sweetheart doing full justice to the eloquent peasant songs allotted them, and with the Manchester Camerata, under Anthony Hose, giving a zestful account of Kodály's ingeniously orchestrated score.

On balance, Kodaly may not have been a great melodist, but he knew great melodies when he heard them, and he knew what to do with them. As he put it, modestly, "They are the pearls — only their setting is mine. I have tried to be worthy of them." He was.

"Hary Janos," Aug. 5 and 7. A concert performance of Kodaly's one-act folk opera "The Transvivanian Spinning Room," Aug. 8.

U.S. Attorney General **Defends Rights Record**

Beatty "jazz visual": "It's just about impossible not to draw it."

By Sheila Rule New York Times Service

LOS ANGELES - Attorney General William French Smith offered a detailed defense of the Justice Department's civil rights record to the National Urban League on Monday and insisted that the department shared the civil rights organization's goal of equal opportunity for all Ameri-

Mr. Smith, who has been sharply denounced by civil rights leaders for what they say is his attempt to dismantle civil rights laws, was greeted with a polite but cool reception by a luncheon audience at the league's annual conference.

In a speech that included details and a defense of the department's activities in such areas as voting rights, employment, public educa-tion and housing. Mr. Smith said the Justice Department's civil rights objectives and efforts had sometimes been "mischaracter-ized."

There were those, he said, who have chosen to brand a debate over some remedies as a differenc-

Mr. Smith acknowledged that the Justice Department had found some governmental means of pro-moting equal opportunity ineffec-tive and that the department was seeking new ways to ensure equal justice under the law. He stressed

Latest Allegations Believed Unlikely To Hurt Donovan

New York Times Service NEW YORK - Officials familiar with the recent investigation of Raymond J. Donovan, the U.S. secretary of labor, say that new allegations appeared unlikely to corroborate any of the charges that the special prosecutor had earlier dismissed as unsubstantiated.

The new allegations, officials said Monday, basically represented "extensions" of those already examined by the special prosecutor, Leon Silverman, who, in his original report, found "insufficient credible evidence" to warrant

prosecution At Mr. Silverman's request, the FBI has been studying the addi-tional charges, which, the officials said, concerned purported payoffs as well as the possibility that Mr. members of some group and Donovan was connected with organized crime figures.

Mr. Donovan has consistently denied wrongdoing, and a spokes-man. Vernon R. Louviere, said Monday that the secretary would not comment on the extension of

that the department remained a leader in the efforts to achieve

equality.
Although civil rights organizations and the Justice Department may at times disagree on the best way to further such goals, he said, "in the overwhelming majority of instances our approaches are the same as or very similar to those von advocate."

Of his critics, Mr. Smith said:

They would have us embrace remedies designed to achieve equal group results rather than secure the right of individuals to equal opportunity. They contend that we have abandoned civil rights because we have renounced quotas and busing for racial balance." He continued: "We believe that those remedies disserve the constitutional and statutory guarantees of freedom to participate in our society as an individual regardless of race. religion, sex or ethnic background. The Department of Justice continnes to lead the fight for that freedom and for a more just America."

Reviews Record

Reviewing his department's record in the area of civil rights, Mr. Smith said the department was prosecuting about 240 civil rights actions and that, since January, 1981, its activities in investigating and prosecuting those who attempted to deny constitutional rights had exceeded those of every other administration.

On the Voting Rights Act, where civil rights leaders accused the Justice Department of lobbying against its extension, Mr. Smith said the department had reviewed more than 9,000 proposed voting changes to determine whether they violated the act, including legisla-

tive reapportionment plans. He also said the department was taking other action to enforce an amended section of the act that uses a "totality of the circumstances" standard in determining unlawful voting discrimination.

Mr. Smith laid out the administration's positions against employment quotes and busing, positions that have been strongly criticized by the civil rights community. Mr. Smith said quotas contra-

dicted the principle of individual opportunity and that the department had been criticized for no longer seeking to impose quotas "precisely because we will not seek to have individuals treated as marked for different treatment because of their race or sex."

On the issue of busing to achieve racial balance, the attorney general said that, to the contrary, such busing often promoted segregation by encouraging many whites to

How U.S. Senate Stays in Rhyme A Dose of Poetry Before Anyone May Take the Floor

By Marjorie Hunter New York Times Service

WASHINGTON --- More than a century and a half ago, Shelley wrote: "Poets are the unacknowledged legislators of the world."

Shelley, it turns out, was wrong. Every Monday morning, poets succeed in having their say in no less an imposing forum than the floor of the U.S.

It began Oct, 26 when the Senate Republican leader, Howard H. Baker Jr. of Tennessee, told his colleagues: "Another week comes before the Senate, and I thought that before the onslaught of appropriation bills and other issues that will make the next five days more than hectic, we pause in the throes of Emily Dickinson and her gifted work, 'The Lonely House.' "

I know some lonely houses off the road A robber'd like the look of ...

Thus was the inaugural of the Senate's Monday Morning Poetry Pause, a hit not only with the senators but with readers of the Congressional

Record across the United States. Sen. Baker, no poet himself, relies heavily on

his chief speech writer, Jim Miller, to select poems that set the stage for the coming week or that mark special events. Some are by well-known poets, living or dead; some by talented amateurs.
"We think it's a nice way to start off the week,"
Mr. Miller said. "It's a kind of bridge between the relaxing weekends and the horrors of the week to

"We think it provides a nice change of pace," Sen. Baker said. "A little bit of poetic prose never hurt anyone,"

When the grandson of the Senate Democratic leader, Robert C. Byrd of West Virginia, was killed accidentally, that Monday's poem was Richard Henry Stoddard's "Flight of Youth." In March, as the Senate prepared to debate whether to unseat Harrison A. Williams Jr., the New Jersey Democrat involved in the Abscam scandal, the selection was Linda Pastan's "Eth-

In ethics class so many years ago Our teacher asked this question every fall:

The wind is east but the hot weather continues
Blue and no clouds, the sound of the leaves thin

poem was by the Senate's own poet laureate, Wil-liam S. Cohen, a Maine Republican. His poem "To Kevin" was written on his son's 17th birth-

dark loam on my mind And I see you an echo of my youth, rippling out, sea waves,

Some are even whimsical, such as a recent entry by John Updike, this year's Pulitzer Prize winner for liction:

Eskimos in Manitoba Starts to solo on the tuba.

If there was a fire in a museum which would you save, a Rembrandt painting years left anyhow?...

After the death last spring of Archibald MacLe-ish, tribute was paid with his own poem, "Ameri-

On the day after Father's Day, the Monday

golden in the sun... Some of the poems are sad, some are lyrical.

Barracuda off Aruba Cock an ear when Roger Bobo

Cathleen Nesbitt, 93, British Actress, Dies

LONDON - Cathleen Nesbitt, 93, the British character actress whose career spanned 70 years and who played Mrs. Higgins in the original 1957 New York produc-tion of "My Fair Lady," died peacefully at home Monday, her family announced Tuesday.

Her roles on stage ranged from Perdita in "The Winter's Tale" to Honor Brady in "The Playboy of the Western World" and Julia in "The Cocktail Party." Her film ap-pearances included "An Affair to Remember," "Three Coins in the Fountain," "Separate Tables" and Hitchcock's "Family Plot."

Her career continued unabated up to a few months before her death. Miss Nesbitt toured the United States last year in the role she created 25 years earlier, that of Rex Harrison's wise and sophisti-cated mother in "My Fair Lady." The London Daily Telegraph said: "As a supporting actress she

was an asset to any cast that she

was called upon to join; she had a great gift of versatility, and her

carefully studied and imaginatively played. Edmond Giscard d'Estaing

PARIS (UPI) - Edmond Giscard d'Estaing, 88, father of for-mer President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing, died Tuesday in his residence in Auvergne province, cen-tral France, the family said.

Edmond Giscard d'Estaing was

a government official before ac-

quiring a fortune as chairmen of a

network of businesses, most of them operating in French-speaking Nikolai Pilyugin MOSCOW (AP) — Nikolai Pilyugin, 74, credited with designing

Nimeiri Visits Romania The Associated Press

BUCHAREST - President Gaafar Nimeiri of the Sudan arrived here Tuesday on a three-day official visit at the invitation of skill was such that the appearance Romanian President Nicolae of her name on the program was a Ceansescu.

guarantee that a part would be the control systems for Soviet launch vehicles and space ships, died Monday, Tass reported. The agency said he had been ill but did not list the ailment.

For 20 years Mr. Pilyugin head-ed the Institute of Mechanics in Moscow and directed research in various fields of science and technology, Tass said.

Veljko Micanovic

BELGRADE (AP) - Veljko Micunovic, 66, a veteran Yugoslav Communist who served as ambassador to the United States and the Soviet Union, died Monday. Mr. Micunovic served as Yugoslavia's ambassador to Washington from 1962 to 1967.

Col. Joseph H. Baugh

COLUMBUS, Ga. (AP) - Col. Joseph H. Baugh, 56, an Army physician who treated President Eisenhower and Gen. Douglas MacArthur before becoming commander of Fort Benning's Martin Army Hospital, died Sunday, ap-parently of a heart attack.

Senator's Effort to Cut Deduction Is Sobering to 3-Martini Lunchers that the three-martini lunch "will

By Betty Cuniberti Los Anseles Times Service

WASHINGTON - Thanks to Sen. Robert Dole, one of Washington's most savored traditions, the so-called "three-martini lunch," is in danger of drying up.
Sen. Dole, a Kansas Republican.

obtained Senate passage of a

surprise amendment that would

slice in half the allowable tax deduction for business meals that are eaten in one's own city. Washington may not be able to stomach it. Lunch is so important here that

one could walk half a block from the White House into the elegant Maison Blanche last week and see an assistant to the president shar-ing a luscious business lunch with CBS television correspondent, Lesley Stahl.

Dole, Sen. Dole's wife, "I very, very rarely have a busi-ness lunch." Mrs. Dole said game-ly, resting her fork on her salad of avocado, hearts of palm, lettuce and tomato. Usually I eat off a

"just gossiping."

Mrs. Dole said that the effect of her husband's amendment will be

The assistant was Elizabeth Olson said.

tray at my desk."

Miss Stahl added that they were

in the same block as the Maison Blanche. "We call it out firm cafeteria," he said.

The lawyers, who picked up the tab and will deduct it as a business

expense, said they got more done than they could have at their offic-

Sen. Dole estimates that the new

provision would raise \$2.8 billion

in revenues for the government. become a one-and-a-half-martini lunch." But she added that specif-ics of the bill "are not resolved The National Restaurant Association estimates that it would cost more than 107,000 jobs.

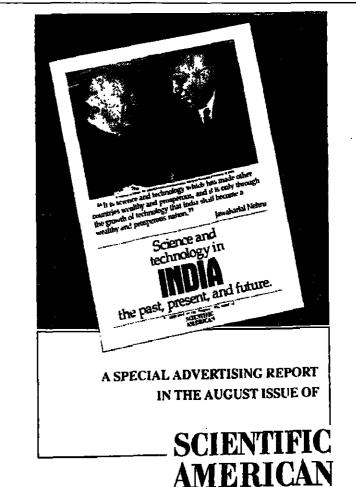
"What will happen," said Mel Krupin, owner of another posh Washington restaurant, which Two attorneys from the Los Angeles law firm of Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher (the former employer of bears his name, "is that companies Attorney General William French will think twice about how many Smith) were doing business at the people they send to lunch. They Maison Blanche with Luther H. might send one person instead of Hodges Jr., chairman of the board two; they might leave out their secof the National Bank of Washingretary.

Some observers on Capitol Hill "It's really very unfair," said John F. Olson of the firm's Washbelieve that Sen. Dole's amendment will not make it out of a Senington office, referring to Sen. Dole's proposal, which would al-low a full deduction only for those ate-House conference committee but will be replaced by a law that would crack down on waiters' unbusiness meals away from the

reported tips.
"That would be better," said
Nick Selimos, manager of the "They'll just have to move the Maison Blanche to Virginia," Mr. Monocle, a popular restaurant on Capitol Hill. Otherwise, people are going to lose jobs." The firm's Washington office is

Quake Reported in Tibet

United Press Interna KATMANDU, Nepal - An earthquake shook the mountainous region of Tibet in southwestern China on Tuesday, the Nepalese news agency report-



Uncertainties Diminish West Germany's Sense of Strength, Political Stability

By John Vinceur

New York Times Service BONN — West Germany's strength and political stability, one of the standard assumptions in the post-World War II balance of power between East and West, is now an increasingly uncertain matter.

The strong economy, the strong parliament, the strong army and the strong labor unions are unmistakably less vigorous, less confident than they were 5, 10 or 20 years ago. The country's involvement with the future of Western Europe has become more hesitant, and Common Market polls show the West Germans of 1982 are the most anxious, the least self-assured and perhaps the most self-involved people in the 10 member

Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, traveling pri-vately in the western United States last week, complained frequently about what he thought were American cliche notions of his country. But the real cliches about West Germany — that it is immune to political adventure and social upheaval, that its future is irrevocably joined to that of the West are being obliterated by events.

On some days, 37 years after the end of World War II, it appears that a third Germany has developed here alongside the Sovietdominated German Democratic Republic and the West Germany of the 1960s and

'Translator' Role

This third Germany is a country that is losing its sense of tolerance, a place where 79 percent of the adults feel there are too many foreigners around. It is a country that lives well but morosely, that talks about its vic-timization. Its leaders in the last 12 months have spoken of serving as "translators" between the United States and the Soviet Union and of desiring a "security partnership" between Bonn and Moscow.

It is a country where the Green Party, the

and appeal to young people, questions the worth of the parliamentary system, advocates zero economic growth and likes the idea of defending the homeland with the rough equivalent of guerrilla units.

The signs of change are clear in every aspect of German life but most importantly in the economy; throughout its postwar history West Germany's political stability has been based on its strong economic performance.

That relationship has been undermined. Although still intact in many areas, the West German economy is severely weakened in its structure. It is not just a question of ebbing demand due to a world recession but a situation in which West Germany has lost com-

After becoming a diminished presence in the textile, shipbuilding and ball-bearing markets, the country also declined in machine tools, a traditional area of German dominance. In the sectors of highest technological innovation, such as computers and electronics, West German products stand well behind the leaders.

Where West German industrial investment remains constant, it is in labor-saving equipment. The graph describing new prod-uct development heads downward. This creates a framework of basic problems that go well beyond current figures that show West Germany has the fastest growing unemploy-ment rate in Europe and a 50-percent rise in bankruptcies and in business collapses in the

Over the last decade, the composition of the economy changed. Although West Ger-many continues to be associated with capitalist enterprise and private ownership, the fact is that government spending as a per-centage of gross national product grew faster here from 1970-81 than in any other major industrialized nation.

For the next decade, the possibilities of full economic recovery are limited, For a country whose social peace has always been linked to unusual prosperity, this creates a sense of strain and even threat. Mr. Schmidt has pointed this out himself.

The country is not seething with unrest, but the Interior Ministry reported nonetheless that there was a political demonstration that degenerated into violence for almost every day in the year - 357 incidents alto-

The political changes accompanying the economic changes also confront the standard operating assumptions about postwar West

At present, the three-party system that has functioned since the birth of the country in 1949 is under siege. According to a poll tak-cal last week by the Allensbach Institute, the most respected German public opinion re-search organization, the Green Party has become the country's third political force, indicating that the Free Democrats, the Social Democrats' coalition partner, have fallen back to a precarious level.

The poll suggests that a traditionally moderate. Western-oriented element of West German political life, personified by the Free Democratic Party chairman, Foreign Minister Hans-Dietrich Genscher, has been overtaken by a group challenging the country's basic postwar course.

There is a parallel development in Mr. Schmidt's party, which now rates about 31 percent of the vote. For the first time, Mr. hmidt is being attacked publicly by the Social Democratic left wing. The chancellor, with other party moderates, is in an increasingly isolated position, and the temptation is to make some gesture, perhaps a softening of support for NATO's medium-range missile program, to hold the left from rebellion for

The same polls show that opposition Christian Democrats hold about 53 percent of the vote, A Christian Democratic government would represent a broad band of moderate opinion but it probably would be con-fronted with a radicalized opposition of Social Democrats and Greens.

This appears to signify a polarized, constantly tense political environment. Without strong economic recovery and faced by the possibility of violent attempts to block de-ployment of new U.S. missiles, the Christian Democrats would be attracted to compromise and unwilling to offer the Western alliance much more than a minimal version of the policy outlines established by Mr.

The difficult political prospects are com-plicated by and reflected in shifts in other previously stable aspects of West German

One of the most significant involves the loss of prestige and influence of the labor unions through a series of scandals in which leaders of related organizations were exposed as speculators and profiteers. Closely involved with the West and traditionally sup-porting a strong West German military, the union leadership has lost much of its moral

There is no way to measure the effect, but the problems of the unions hindered their efforts to fight the widely acknowledged increase in discrimination against foreigners, particularly the 1.5 million Turks who live largely in the big cities.

Symbolic Quality

The situation has a kind of symbolic quality amid the rest of the fluctuations. Of all the sources of pride in postwar Germany, one of the most genuine had been its success in banishing present-day associations with prejudice. Now that walls are covered with "Turks Out" graffiti and adults tell vicious racist jokes about the Turkish immigrants, there is a sense of lost compassion.

This has had an unpleasant confirmation in a canvass by the Common Market's polling organization that found that German's regarded human rights and the struggle against misery as less important "great causes for Europeans" than did any other of the 10 nationalities questioned. Of all the assumptions West Germany's allies have made about their relationships to Boun, a central consideration has been the

West German involvement in NATO and the excellence of its armed forces. There are no suggestions from the established parties that West Germany ought to turn its back on the alliance, but the country's military effort has After two decades of growth, the federal

military budget for this year and next, as currently projected, will have little or no growth. Some officers have warned of a loss in effectiveness. Whatever the degree, it is indisputable that the character of the military commitment has changed. The government is willing to trim programs, which would have been difficult to conceive of only

a few years ago.

The same kind of problems concern U.S.German relations. Their quality has deteriorated. Three years ago, the development was denied. Now it is confirmed by the creation, at West German urging, of an intergovernmental commission to improve ties.

The West German press and many West German politicians blame the policies of the Reagan administration for the situation. However, the first serious difficulties, involving conflicting attitudes on the spread of mu-clear weapons, then differences in evaluating the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan and Soviet pressure on Poland, occurred while Jimmy Carter was president. Completely unrelated to pressure from

Washington on the European-Soviet gas pipeline deal, West Germany has shown reluctance to take action that would compli-cate its relationship with the Soviet Union or East Germany. This reluctance was empha-sized in the last week after East Germany refused to admit Bernhard Vogel, the minister president of the state of Rhineland-Palatinate, for a private visit.

West Germany has many ways to press East Germany, including extensive credit ar-

against Mr. Vogel with only a protest. For some people, these events were em-blematic of two other now vanishing con-

stants in West Germany's postwar develop-ment that have survived the rush of change - avoidance of confrontation at any costand unwillingness to begin a serious debate about its relationship with East Germany and the possibilities of reunification.

None of the changes now taking place appear to have made anyone happier here in a country historically inclined toward pessimism. This trend is confirmed in the Common Market's poll on European attitudes, which showed the West Germans to be more pessimistic than any of their neighbors in 7of 11 categories, ranging from an increase in dangers coming from medical discovenes to energy shortages and a loss of influence in

Other polls concerning the fature offer only contradictions. There are some that show relatively good opinions of the West and the United States, and others, often among young people, that demonstrate inter-est in finding a middle way between East and West. When canvassers asked last winter if West Germans would welcome reunification with East Germany on the condition of leaving NATO and becoming neutral, 53 percent were in favor. In 1978, only 38 percent liked the idea.

Johannes Gross, one of West Germany's best political essayists, caught the mood of slippage and dissatisfaction in an essay last year. His view was of a peevish society, bored with reforms and hollow arguments over school curriculum changes and debates about mandatory tax deductions that support the country's churches.

Although Mr. Gross did not say it directly, he seemed to be suggesting that West Ger-many was in the right frame of mind for an existential crisis, one that would pose excruciating questions about where it was going. In many respects, that crisis is already un-

War Is Political Necessity for Khomeini, Iran's Ex-President Says From Exile

By Meg Bortin tianal Herald Tribune

A UVERS-SUR-OISE, France — Shortly be-fore President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr of Iran went underground last year, he vowed never to leave Iran. Just over a month later, on July 29, 1981, the deposed leader emerged from his clandestine life in a dramatic escape, arriving in France aboard a commandeered Iranian Air Force jet with Massoud Rajavi, the

leader of Iran's major resistance movement. Predicting that their exile would be fleeting the two men began planning a provisional gov-ernment that they said could restore democra-cy to Iran after the demise of Ayatollah Ruhol-lah Khomeini. Today, a row of newly installed prefabricated bungalows for their staff of 40 and a well-tended vegetable garden lend an aura of permanence to their improvised head-

Auvers-sur-Oise, a quiet town outside Paris where Van Gogh and Cezanne once lived, now resembles a fortified village. Several dozen

the first-class way to reach them—at bargain rates.

heavily armed, uniformed officers stand guard around the clock to protect the two political refugees, hostages to their self-imposed exile.

Two thousand miles away in Tehran, the 82year-old avatollah temains in power as the spiritual guide of the Islamic republic. Having routed Baghdad's troops, he has launched his de of the Islamic republic. Having own invasion, threatening to export his Shitte revolution to Iraq and press on to Jerusalem. Mr. Rajavi estimates that the regime has im-

prisoned 40,000 opponents since last summer. However, the man still referred to by aides as "the president," maintains after a year in exile that the fall of Ayatollah Khomeini is "looming closer." The invasion of Iraq, he says, is essentially geared to keep the country in a state of permanent crisis, diverting Iran's energies from sweeping domestic problems that would otherwise provoke the certain col-lapse of the Khomeini regime.

"The war is an internal necessity," Mr. Bani-

Sadr said in an interview conducted in French without interpreters on the first anniversary of

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his arrival in France. "Iran has four million unemployed, the economy is a shamble

He discounted as absurd the idea of the ayatollah seeking \$150 billion in war reparations from Iraq or attempting to seize the Iraci oil fields around Basra, the site of the war front.

Religious Faith

Rather, he said, Iran's Ramadan offensive toward the waters of the Shatt-al-Arab was designed by the new managerial class of mullahs as a crusade to shore up the credibility of a resime which, in the absence of economic and political coherence, must rely exclusively on religious faith.

"The regime explains that faith brought down the shah, brought down Carter, and can succeed a third time by bringing down Saddam Hussein." he said, referring to the Iraqi presi-dent. "If people stopped believing in this, the regime would fall."

Mr. Bani-Sadr, a devout Moslem long considered the spiritual son of Ayatollah Khomeini, spent 16 years in France as an opponent of Shah Mohammed Reza Pahlavi and was at the ayatollah's side during his triumphant re-turn to Iran in 1979. Today, he bitterly portrays the aging leader as a man corrupted by

Expressing no regret over his own role in developments in Iran, the former president describes himself as a progressive whose plans

The man still referred to by aides as 'the president' maintains after a year in exile that the fall of Ayatollah Khomeini is 'looming closer.' The invasion of Iraq, Mr. Bani-Sadr says, is essentially geared to keep the country in a state of permanent crisis, diverting Iran's energies from sweeping domestic problems that socied otherwise provoke the certain collapse of the Khomeini regime. The war is an internal necessity,' he says. 'Iran has four million unemployed, the economy is a shambles.'

for economic and agrarian reform have been undone by "the incompetence of the mullahs."

During his 17 months in office, Mr. Bani-Sadr repeatedly locked horns with the funda-mentalist Islamic Republican Party in a power struggle that ultimately led to his downfall. With a dry cynicism occasionally broken by

the familiar puckish smile, he says that the "coup" that deposed him was a maneuver by the mullahs to prevent peace at a time when "Iraq was prepared to withdraw its troops." The prospect of a well-organized Iranian military force returning from the borders to the cities was too threatening for the regime, he said, claiming that Ayatollah Khomeini launched the current drive into Iraq, among other things. "To finish off the accura".

other things, "to finish off the army."

The former president, 49, a Paris-trained sociologist who sardonically acknowledged that
his political career in Iran amounted to "a long parenthesis" between two stays in France, suggested that not just the ayatollah but Washington and Moscow have a stake in maintaining

For the Soviet Union, he said, Iran's homefor the Soviet Union, he said, trait's nomegrown Islamic revolution poses a threat to a nation involved in a lengthy adventure in neighboring Afghanistan and facing problems in its own Asian republics. According to Mr. Bani-Sadr, Moscow has sought to control this danger by brandishing what he described as "the scarecrow of Khomeini — a barbaric, bloody retrograde regime." bloody, retrograde regime."
As for the United States, he said, with dras-

tically reduced Iranian and Iraqi petroleum exports and Iranian price cuts, "control of the oil market has fallen completely into the hands of the American companies."

According to Mr. Bani-Sadr, Ayatollah

Khomeini's threats to export his revolution to the moderate Gulf countries eased the way for the United States to expand its role as military protector of the region, extend its naval facili-ties in the area and reinforce "the Cairo-Ri-He said the lack of a unified Arab response

to the Israeli invasion of Lebanon was linked to the Iran-Iraq war, which has increased ten-sions in the Arab world and undermined the Arab Steadfastness Front to the benefit of Israel and the United States.

Mr. Bani-Sadr first charged last Angust that Israel was supplying military supplies to Iran, a claim that has since been confirmed by Defense Minister Ariel Sharon of Israel.

Brutal Repression

Attributing the sales to Israel's long-standing enmity toward Iraq, Mr. Bani-Sadr said that the estimated \$120 million in U.S.-made spare parts and munitions supplied by Israel have enabled Iran to revitalize its helicopter fleet and other military equipment supplied to the shah's regime by the United States. He claimed that the Reagan administration, main-taining silence on the Israeli sales, has also been funneling weapons to Iran indirectly through West Germany and South Korea -"Not for an Iranian victory, in my opinion, but to keep up a war of attrition.

of the Minjahaddin Khalq guerrilla movement, spoke English in his interview as he described this international support as one of two factors keeping the Khomeim regime in power. The other, he said, is a wave of repression so

brutal that it has intimidated the former revolutionary masses of Iran into silence. "We did not know how far Khomeini was

prepared to go in violation of elementary human rights," he said. "We had the experi-ence of repression under the shah, jail and tor-ture. But can you find another regime which orders the execution of 9-year-old girls?"

He said that the regime had begun drawing blood from its victims before their execution and sending the plasma to the war front, where he said 200,000 Iranians had died since the start of the conflict 23 months ago.

"Even children have been mobilized," he said, referring to recent reports that squads of Iranian teen-agers had been used to clear minefields. They are made to do this through pressure and deception. According to our re-ligion, the 12th Imam is absent. I have documents showing that they get someone to dress up like the lmam, sitting on a white horse with a saber, who comes to the front to convince the rural, religious people to fight."

Mr. Rajavi, 34, who spent eight years in prison under the shah and arranged the escape from Iran last summer, said that in the past year more than 15,000 Iranians had been excuted or shot in the streets by Tehran's "suppressive agents." He attributed the difference between these figures and a three-year execution toll of 4,100 published by Amnesty International to the fact that Iran, under international pressure over its human rights record, has simply storned publishing lists of those has simply stopped publishing lists of those

An articulate and determined man, Mr. Ra-javi denied that the killings and imprisonments had crushed the resistance. The Mujahaddin leadership is intact, he said, with only one loss: Moussa Khiabani, the deputy chief, shot dead in an attack in Febuary that also killed Mr.

Rajavi's wife.
"By their own admission, Khomeini's regime lost more than 2,000 leading political and

religious figures and supporters over the past year," he said.

Tactically, Mr. Rajavi said, the resistance has entered a second phase after last year's wave of attacks on the Iranian leadership, described as the "political head" of the country. scribed as the "political head" of the country. The campaign is less visible now, he said, because it is aimed at the "political body," the Pasdaran, Ayatollah Khomeini's paramilitary force. Mr. Rajavi said these are "the people who are dimentical properties of the people who are dimentically respectively. who are directly responsible for capturing in-nocent people, for execution and torture."

While he said that the Mujahaddin received

no foreign financial assistance, he said the resistance had begun making contact with some Arab governments and predicted that with the invasion of Iraq, Arab leaders who have kept silent on Iran would start to speak out.

Meanwhile, with deepening divisions within the Iranian leadership reportedly responsible for last week's Cabinet reshuffle, Mr. Rajavi said, "the crisis has moved inside the regime."

Mr. Bani-Sadr said opposition was so widespread that discord had penetrated even the

He said the attempt by the regime to implicate Iran's No. 2 ayatollah, Kazem Shariatmadan, iran's No. 2 ayatollah, Kazem Shanatmatian, in an alleged plot against Ayatollah Khomeini was designed as a warning to the rest of the clergy to toe the government line.

"Ninety percent of the mullahs are against Khomeini," be said, comparing this to the first stirrings of revolt among the shah's generals,

inner sanctum of the fundamentalist hierarchy.

Even children have been mobilized,' Mr. Rajavi said, referring to reports that Iranian teen-agers have been used to clear mine fields on the battleground separating the two armies. They are made to do this through pressure and deception. According to our religion, the 12th Imam is ibsent. I bane doc showing that they get someone to dress up like the Imam, sitting on a white horse with a saber, who comes to the front to convince the rural, religious people to fight.'

which foreshadowed the end of the imperial

Mr. Bani-Sadr says he believes that he is still regarded as a threat, citing the arrest last month by the French authorities of a young Iranian on a flight from Tehran. The man, car-rying a suitcase loaded with four pounds of explosives, later was said to have confessed that God had commanded him to assassinate

Describing himself as a representative of hope for the future, Mr. Bani-Sadr says he has agreed to resume the presidency of Iran during a six-month provisional period, with Mr. Raja-vi, his former rival, as premier if and when Ayatollah Khomeini falls.

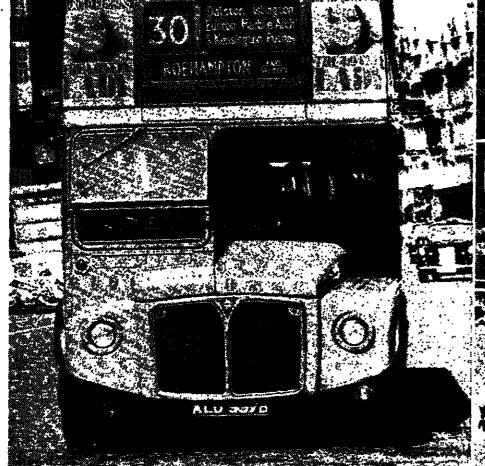
In their strange partnership, the guerrills chief clearly represents the muscle behind their National Resistance Council and appears less personally embittered than Mr. Bani-Sadr about the events that forced their flight.

Retaining a sense of urgency not apparent in the former president, Mr. Rajavi hinted that he may soon return to Iran.

"My task and my art is to isolate Khomeini, internally and internationally," he said: "Our organization must calculate about sending me back to the country. And there may be some plans ... you will see."...







Bell System

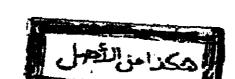
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BUSINESS BRIEFS

Marathon Oil Finds Gas in Syria

FINDLAY, Ohio - Marathon Oil said Tuesday it had found natural gas and condensate on the House block, about 100 miles (160 kilometers) northeast of Damascus, in Syria.

The company said one well tested with a flow of 15.2 million cubic feet of natural gas and 108 barrels of condensate through 2 %-inch

A test higher up in the well failed to show hydrocarbons, it said. The well was drilled to a total depth of 16,212 feet (3,100 meters). Marathon is the sole interest in the block.

Opel Foreign, Domestic Sales Up

RUSSEI SHEIM. West Germany — Opel said Tuesday that car exports rose 29.5 percent in first half 1982 from the same period in 1981 to 280,625, while domestic sales advanced 8.6 percent to 235,319.

Opel raised its market share in West Germany to 18.8 percent from 16.3 percent, as new car registrations in the country fell by about 6 percent.

Mego Gets Loan From GE Credit

NEW YORK — Mego International, which is currently operating under Chapter 11 protection from its creditors, said Thesday that General Electric Credit Corp. had agreed in minciple to grant Mego an \$8 million revolving credit to fund operations until Merch 1, 1983.

The company said that as part of the agreement it would issue warrants to GE Credit. Together with warrants already held, GE Credit would have the ability to purchase about 7.5 percent of Mego stock at 50 cents a share, Mego said.

Mego said the interest on the loan would be 3½ points over the prime

It added that overall operating profit rose 19.7 percent, but no figures were given. Partial profit includes provisions for pensions but excludes results from trading for the bank's own account.

Deutsche Bank said it is optimistic it will be able to report satisfactory results for all of 1982, despite an increase in provisions for risk in its

Lloyd's of London Facing Big Changes

LONDON — In the cavernous underwriting room at Lloyd's of London, called simply "the Room," lost ships are still inscribed in a large ledger with a quill pen, and the underwriters are still all men. But in other ways at this insurance market, where rich and daring underwriters have risked their fortunes for 300 years, things are

Indeed, Lloyd's of London is overhauling both its facade and its organizational foundations. By the mid-1980s, it will have moved not just into a sleek glass and stainless steel building designed by Richard Rogers, architect of the Pompidou Center in Paris, but also into a completely new constitutional era.

The instrument of change is a recently passed law that will force Lloyd's brokers to divest themselves of their most important underwriting responsibilities by 1987. As a concession, however, the bill will allow the insurance society to act on its own in revising century-

According to Parliament's thinking, a conflict of interest exists when a broker, who represents clients seeking insurance, also owns the underwriting managing agent, whose principal obligation is to investors risking capital. Thus, 114 underwriting managing agents, worth an estimated £100 million (\$175 million), will have to be sold in the next five years.

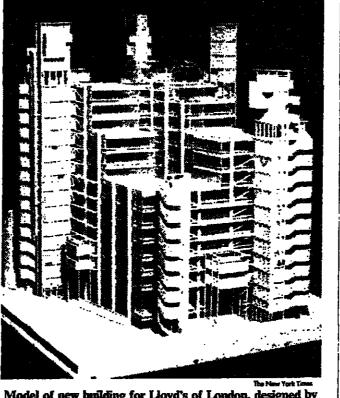
"I don't think there's a Lloyd's broker --- nor a major underwriting agent — who believes that divestment per se is a good thing," said David Palmer, chairman of Willis Faber, a Lloyd's brokerage firm that also owns a managing agent. "Divestment amounts to swimming against the tide where insurers, reinsurers and brokers are increasingly under common or interlocking ownership around the

That is just one of several reasons why Lloyd's members oppose divestiture. Colin Murray, an active underwriter in R.J. Kiln & Co., worries that it will weaken the position of Lloyd's underwriters. He said that Lloyd's brokers who retain interests in underwriters outside Lloyd's will be more inclined to take their business to the outsiders. Frank Holland, chairman of C.E. Heath & Co., said that divesti-

ture will hurt Lloyd's role as the prime market place for brokers. Future generations will come to regard Lloyd's as only another, not the prime marketplace," he said.

Many are distressed, too, about forced sales at what they fear will

At the same time, some prominent Lloyd's members, including Sir



Model of new building for Lloyd's of London, designed by Richard Rogers, architect of the Pompidou Center in Paris.

Peter Green, the chairman, argue that the act will increase the free-dom of Lloyd's underwriting managing agents. And some analysts believe that the effects of the legislation have been overstated by the opponents of divestiture.

"I can't perceive that the act will have an adverse impact on Lloyd's underwriting competitiveness," said Philip Olsen, a partner at Kitcat & Aitken. "Brokers, as ever, will tend to use the cheapest

NYSE Prices Decline in Profit-Taking

Nor does Mr. Olsen believe that the new Lloyd's will be any less attractive to wealthy investors, who are principally drawn to the soci-(Continued on Page 9, Col. 2)

Anheuser-Busch, Campbell Taggart In Merger Talks

ST. LOUIS - Anheuser-Busch, the largest brewer in the United States, and Campbell Taggart, a large wholesale baking company, are engaged in preliminary merger discussions, Busch said Tuesday.

The company said no agreement had been reached, and no financial details were disclosed. A spokeswoman for Campbell Taggart said the talks were started at the request of Anhenser-Busch, which is believed to be interested in expanding its snack food business. The bulk of Busch's business

comes from beer, but it also owns the Eagle Snack Foods operation. Analysts said that the acquisition of Campbell Taggart inc by Anheuser-Busch could involve more than \$600 million.

Worldwide Operations

Campbell Taggart had sales last year of \$1.7 billion. It has 63 plants in the United States and also operates in Spain, France and

Anheuser-Busch, the makers of Budweiser, Michelob and Busch beers and operators of a number of theme parks in the United States, had earnings of \$4,79 a share in 1981 on sales of \$4.41 billion.

Last week, Anheuser-Busch reported second quarter earnings of \$1.59 a share, up from \$1.34 in the

\$100 rebate on its personal com-

Analysts said the u.S. Home

computer market will also soon face considerable competition

Tandy was the volume leader and fell 1% to 25%. Also down

were Warner Communications

which owns Atari, off 31/2 to 411/2,

Commodore 2 to 31 and Texas In-

der pressure from speculation that

Saudi Arabia may cut its crude oil

Analysts said oil stocks were un-

struments itself 3 to 86%.

from Japanese manufacturers.

second quarter of 1981, on sales of \$1.17 billion, compared with \$995.8 million.

Analysts speculated the Busch may offer about \$40 a share for Campbell Taggart, which would than \$600 million.

Campbell Taggart's stock, which posted a 1982 high Monday of \$30.875, was halted in trading on the New York Stock Exchange. Campbell Taggart has about 16 million shares outstanding.

Busch, after a delayed opening Tuesday, dropped more than \$3 a share to \$51.25, ex-dividend.

"The snack area is where Anheuser is trying to penetrate," said James Benson, an analyst for St. Louis-based firm of Stifel Nicolaus

Mr. Benson and other analysts believe Busch may be interested in Campbell Taggart for its distribution channels.

"In the past Anheuser-Busch has shown a desire to get in the food business, either snacks or other types of products, but they do not have a distribution system to effectively distribute those products into grocery stores," Mr. Ben-

He noted that Campbell Taggart sells bread to grocery stores and has a distribution operation in

Jessica Gallia, an analyst for Rauscher Pierce & Refsnes in Dallas, said she expects Campbell Taggart to earn \$2.85 a share this year, up from \$2.50 a share last

year.
Mr. Benson said, "It is possible Anheuser-Busch will earn at least \$5.50 in 1982." The estimate does not include the impact of Campbell Taggart, should the merger be

Ms. Gallia said fear of a hostile takeover may be a motive for Campbell Taggart to go ahead with talks with Busch. She said such well-managed companies as Campbell Taggart recently have been the target of unfriendly take-

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WEEKLY NOTIFICATION COMPTRENDII

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Deutsche Bank Partial Profit Up

FRANKFURT — Deutsche Bank reported Tuesday that its partial profit in the first half of 1982 rose to 902.3 million Deutsche marks (\$370 million). By comparison, the bank said that half of last year's overall profit was 772.9 million DM.

Compiled From Agency Disposches

U.K. Survey Finds Fall in Confidence

LONDON - Business confi-LONDON — Business confi-dence has sumped dramatically as plan to make new layoffs in the Britain drifts deeper into recession and manufacturing output declines, the nation's employers reported Tuesday.

said nine out of 10 companies are The firms said they plan little short of orders and nearly half of new investment. The confederathem plan new layoffs in coming tion reported that 78 percent of the

Britain already has a record 3.19 million unemployed workers, that most of them are redu which is 13.4 percent of the labor ventories as orders shrink. force. A million of them have been ... Nearly one third of firms surobless for a year or more. Thirty percent of the companies

surveyed by the industrialists said they were less optimistic than they only 8 percent said they thought things were improving.

Prime Minister Margaret

Thatcher and her aides have been saying for months that the recession has "bottomed out." But the latest Confederation of British Industry survey shows the sharpest decline in confidence in 21/2 years, with the gloom "most prevalent

among the largest firms." Three-quarters of the companies surveyed are working below full

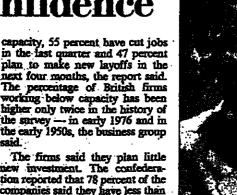
next four months, the report said. The percentage of British firms working below capacity has been higher only twice in the history of The Confederation of British Inthe survey — in early 1976 and in
the survey — in early 1976 and in
the early 1950s, the business group
vey of 1,657 manufacturing firms.

companies said they have less than four months' work in hand and that most of them are reducing in-

veyed said they planned to invest less in the next year in factories and machinery, while 21 percent expected to spend more.

There were two bright spots. First, per-capits output was re-ported up, with more production by fewer employees. Second, cost tion rate falls. Britain's annual inflation rate declined to a 31/2-year low of 9.2 percent in June.

The business leaders will meet Sir Geoffrey Howe, the chancellor of the Exchequer, on Thursday to press him to aid industry. Interviewed Tuesday on BBC



Sir Geoffrey Howe

television, Sir. Geoffrey said Britain's problems had to be viewed in the light of "a very substantial world recession.'

Our position today is better than it was 15 months ago," he said. "But it's been flat and slow and patchy in recent months. We've got to go on, therefore, improving our competitiveness in very way we know how."

He said Britain's only course

was to become more competitive by keeping costs and pay settlements down and improving pro-ductivity. "We have to go on bat-ting better in a world economy,"

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NEW YORK — Monday's rally ran out of steam by midafternoon Tuesday and stock prices closed

lower, under pressure from selling in the energy and technology sec-The Dow Jones industrial aver-

ege, which gained 13.51 points Monday, rose another five points Tuesday morning before changing direction and finishing down 5.71 at 816.40. Declines edged advances by about 770 to 720, and volume swelled to 60.5 million shares from 53.5 million Monday.

Analysts said the behavior of the credit markets was again a key to the stock market, just as it was

A bond market rally snarked the sharp gains in stocks Monday and weakness in bonds caused stock prices to lose ground Tuesday, according to Larry Wachtel of Bache

there will be some resistance to further interest rate declines," Mr. Wachtel said.

The bond market weakened after the Federal Reserve unexpectedly drained reserves from the banking system Tuesday after-noon. Some bond dealers said the move could represent a rate pro-test by the central bank. All major banks dropped their prime rate to 15 percent Monday and the federal ids rate fell as low as 10% per-

The general atmosphere among arbitragers Monday was one of nervousness, as they appeared to grope for reasons why the merger should go ahead. One was the

heavy position of several Wall

Street investment houses in Cities

U.S. Aides Optimistic on Steel Pact

By Michael Gelb

cent Tuesday from Monday's close

On Monday, the Treasury's weekly anction Monday of three-and six- month bills produced the

lowest average yields in two years.

Monday's average rate on the three-month bills was 9.633 per-cent, down from 10.559 percent at

last week's acution and the lowest

since the auction of Aug. 18, 1980,

when it was 9.411 percent. The av-

erage yield on the companion six-

month bills was 10.671 percent.

down from 11.378 last week

and the lowest since Sept. 8,1980, when it was 10,234 percent.

of 11 percent.

WASHINGTON - American officials said Tuesday that they are pects of a deal to limit European steel exports to the United States.

"They [the negotiators] are fairly close to an agreement," a senior U.S. trade official said. And a Commerce Department aide said the outlook "is more optimistic than it has been." The expressions of hope were

voiced as a European Economic Community delegation arrived in Washington for two days of talks aimed at ending the trade dispute that has grown out of American steel industry's charges of unfair trade practices by seven communi-In meetings last weekend in

Brussels, the community offered to limit exports to 5.8 percent of the U.S. market for the next three years. The level in 1981 was 6.4 U.S. negotiators have been ushing for a slightly lower ceiling

but the difference in positions does not appear to pose a major obstacle to reaching an agreement.

Limiting steel imports to a per-centage of the U.S. market, rather than to a fixed quantity of steel, is

considered preferable by the Euro-

main concerned about the outlook

Several economists said corpo-

rate profit growth is not expected

until an economic recovery is in

full swing, possibly not until some-

The two weakest groups in the market were technology and oil

stocks. The decline in the technol-

ogy sector was sparked by a selloff

in home computer makers, which

started Monday after Texas Instru-

ments announced it would offer a price this week.

for the economy and corporate

Talks have so far foundered on the question of what products should be covered by an accord. The EEC has sought to limit the agreement to carbon steel products, which the Commerce Department says have been illegally sub-

The Americans want to include seamless pipe and tube products, which account for about one-quarter of European exports to the

More Flexibility

American sources say the community is showing more flexibility now with the approach of an Aug. 24 deadline for the imposition of U.S. penalty duties on subsidized A Commerce Department ruling

on complaints of dumping is also due on Aug. 9. Community negotiators are also hampered by the fact that any agreement reached must be accept-

able to the U.S. steel industry. Penalty duties that would proba-

bly be imposed if no agreement were reached would make European steel products more expensive in the United States.

peans because it would enable meanwhile, denied a U.S. allega-them to increase their exports if an tion Tuesday that aid to its coking American economic recovery led coal producers amounted to a sub-The U.S. Commerce Depart-

ment said Monday night that it was preparing to increase its estimate of how much the government subsidizes West Germany's steel industry. The American agency said such a revision was necessary because it had omitted aid to the coal industry in its initial calcula-

German Economics Ministry said in Bonn on Tuesday that the aid was not designed to subsidize the steel industry. It was meant, he said, to to help the domestic coal industry, which is faced with high production costs. A spokesman for the West Ger-

man Iron and Steel Industry Asso-ciation said if the United States decided that aid to the coal industry constituted a subsidy to German steel, import levies could rise 1.76 percent above the current average assessment of about 1.2 per-

The association said the West German steel industry received no benefit from coal aid because, in spite of the subsidy, coal prices are higher in Germany than they are on the world market.

COMMODITY ACCOUNT. **EQUITY ON:**

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Balfour, Maclaine International LTD. **TAPMAN**

Fears Send Cities Service Stock Into Nosedive to Gulf, according to these specialthe stock would be up very quick-

NEW YORK — Fear that Gulf ists.
Oil's \$5.1 billion acquisition of "It Cities Service will not go through has driven down the price of Cities Service stock and threatened stock arbitragers with lunge losses.

Cities Service shares opened on the bell Monday at \$44, or \$10.125 below its level on the New York Stock Exchange last Tuesday, the

On Tuesday, bargain-tunting pushed it back up \$3 a share to close at \$46.50. The drop-off in the price of the a concern that changes in federal shares Monday was widely attributed tax legislation could increase ted to arbitragers by members of Gulf's cost by some \$250 million.

"It's so much in the hands of the arbitrage people that logic isn't even involved at this point," said William Craig, an oil analyst for E.F. Hutton An arbitrager's inten-

tions was clearly a general worry that Gulf might withdraw its offer, in light of antitrust action by the Federal Trade Commission that could block or modify the merger, a concern that changes in federal tax legislation could increase

tion is to buy stocks in one market, and sell them at a profit in anoth-Behind the arbitragers' transac-

the investment community. Most and fears that oil prices could small investors and institutions move lower.

Last week the FTC won a tem-

Mexico's Alfa to Seek Interest Payment Delay

NEW YORK — Grupo Industri-al Alfa, the financially troubled Merican congiomerate, will ask its lenders. Wednesday for a six-month suspension of interest on its \$2.5 billion debt, its financial adviser said Tuesday.

Alfa, the largest publicly held corporation in Latin America, with interests in steel, chemicals, paper, resorts and food processing, suspended payments on the debt's principal on April 30. A spokesman for the investment

firm of Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb, Inc., said Alfa's proposal would be spelled out to representa-tives of the company's 134 major foreign creditors at Lehman Brothers' Wall Street headquarters. Lehman Brothers is acting as adviser to Alfa and its creditors.

The spokesman, who asked not to be quoted by name, said he could offer no specifics beyond confirming that the banks would be asked to defer interest pay-ments on the debt for six months. He said the proposal was rather specific ... and very complicated," owing to the "extraordi-

nary complexity" of Alfa, which consists of scores of separate units with a variety of debts. The company is largely owned by the Garza Sadas, one of Mon-

terrey's oldest and biggest families. Given legal status by the Mexican government as a "industrial development corporation" in 1978, Alfa was required to grow amnually at a rate 20 percent greater than the Mexican economy, offer stock to the public, borrow most of its money outside the country and invest in basic industries and promote exports.

While new oil discoveries financed Mexico's 8 percent annual growth, Alfa grew at 30 percent to 35 percent a year and its capital quintipled to \$2 billion from 1976

But that growth ended with the worldwide oil ght and Alfa began a retrenchment, which included the firing of 2,500 middle mana-gers, as it reeled from high interest rates, double-digit inflation and over-extended investments. It has attempted to sell some subsidiaries to help reduce its cash shortage.

porary restraining order against the merger on grounds that it would cause market concentrations in certain gasoline and aviation fuel markets, among other things. Gulf responded by extend-ing its offer until midnight next Monday and vowing to "vigorous-ly" press its defense, as well as hold the door open to a negotiated

'A Steel'

"The arbitrage community has never been so frightened in its life," said an official of a major Wall Street firm dealing primarily with institutions. He said he thought the merger would contin-ue, and that Cities Service shares were "a steal" at \$44 each. Gulf had offered to buy up to 41.5 million shares of Cities Ser-

vice common for \$63 each, which would give Gulf 54 percent of Cit-Financial analysts said the opening price of Cities Service was in with general expectations of a price between \$40 and \$45. Floor sources most of Monday were quoting prices between \$40 and

An arbitrager for a well-known

securities firm said that what was

needed to firm up Cities Service

shares was a clear statement by

Gulf that it intended to proceed.

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Service stock. One relatively small firm is understood to have a 2-million-share position.
"If this deal collapses, it's going to rock the financial structure of this country for awhile," one analyst said, suggesting that several Wall Street firms have borrowed heavily from banks to buy Cities Service stock, thus endangering the

ly," he said.

He and others also cited the loss to the government of as much as \$2 billion in taxes — through both the wiping away of income tax gains and the buildup of capital losses that can be taken as tax

character of the company and its chairman, J.F. Lee. Another saw retribution from the financial community if Gulf retreated. "Investment bankers don't for-

CURRENCY RATES

get," he said.

Interbank exchange rates for Aug 3, excluding bank service charges. 540.00 201.30 0.4002 0.1469 278.20 ----84.955 30.505 0.073 • 4,9465 x 252,00 * 14,5725 * • 0,1572 74,545 * 4,654 * 6.5467 1221.36 7,497 1496.78 2,6653 45,0786 2,0035 2,547 59,844 2,254 Dollar Values Cerrency U.S. Serviv.

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In addition, there was widespread debate over Gulf's basic 70,875,000 Common Shares. personality. One oil analyst said a withdrawal would go against the

representing 37.5% of all shares outstanding

A Consortium of Middle Eastern

Institutional Investors has acquired

PANIN HOLDINGS LIMITED

The undersigned initiated and structured this transaction and acted as investment advisor to the

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(Incorporated in Hong Kong)

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Stockman Cautious On U.S. Economy

WASHINGTON - Budget Di-rector David Stockman, steinding less optimistic than the forecast ne was defending, told Congress
Tuesday that the U.S. coordiny is moving from recession to recovines in interest rates in the weeks

Testifying before the Senate Budget Committee, Mr. Stockman also stood by an administration estimate that the 1983 federal budget deficit will be \$115 billion, far low-

er than that forecast by the Congressional Budget Office and even some of President Reagan's sides.

The budget director also urged Congress to complete work on a package of pending bills to raise taxes by 399 billion and cut spending by about 200 billion over these ing by about \$29 billion over three years. Their passage is an "essential first step" to holding down the

deficit, he said.
Mr. Stockman's testimony came four days after the Reagan administration issued an economic report containing optimistic predictions that many administration officials said privately they did not fully ac-

cept. Mr. Stockman's comments Triciday seemed tempered as well in view of the fact that the official forecast predicts a "significant economic recovery" beginning lat-

ly bottomed and there are namerour signs of improvement that sng-gest the economy has entered a turning zone, moving from recession to recovery," he said.

Later in his testimony, however, he said the economy is displaying "the cauty signs of improven that could lead to recovery.

On the topic of interest rates, Mr. Stockman noted that the prime rate and the rate for threemonth Treesury bills have been de-chang-recently. "Further prime ing the weeks shead," he said. Mr. Stockman added that if

these declines continue would become a key factor in the



David Stockman

Despite the optimism of the offical report, however, several analysts, including those at the nonpartisan Congressional Budget Office, say a recovery of the strength Mr. Reagan is predicting is far from certain. The congressional agency also says the deficit will probably be much larger than the \$115 billion the administration is predicting. It estimates that the deficit is likely to be between \$141 billion and \$151 billion for the fiscal year beginning Oct. 1.

economy is growing at 8 percent this year, down from 10 percent in 1981. But the property market has become sluggish - land is limited and still expensive, despite a 30

gain, and provides a higher yield

on rent than property in Hong Kong, Investments in the United

States also seem less risky because

Hong Kong's future is uncertain. In 1997, Britain's lease on the Chi-

Analysis of recent figures from the U.S. Commerce Department shows that in the last two years,

five times as much new capital has

moved from Hong Kong to the

United States as has gone the other way. At least \$1 billion has

been invested in property, office buildings and residential structures and perhaps another \$500 million

nese territories expires.

HONG KONG — The current issue of a Hong Kong business magazine features a cartoon of a percent drop in prices from the cash-laden covered wagon bearing the inscription "Texas or bust" and carrying two Hong Kong pioneers," one wearing a suit and Bargain Land ln any case, by Hong Kong standards U.S. real estate is a bar-

carrying an abacus. Atop a hill sits a pouting Ronald Reagan with an undersized bow

By Parnela G. Hollic

New York Times Service

"What do you think, old boy," one Hong Kong "pioneer" asks the other as they speed toward a Texas oil-land purchase and a smiling gun-toting runcher, "will the na-tives be friendly?"

Hong Kong's investors certainly tope so because the United States is rapidly becoming their new investment frontier. In the recent property boom in Hong Kong, dozens of individuals and companies won heavily in speculations, and now, with plenty of cash, they are looking for new opportunities.
"The trend has been to look for investments overseas, partic property in the United States," said David Li, chief executive of the Bank of East Asia.

There are still investment oppor tunities in Hong Kong, where the

Cash-Rich Hong Kong Firms Cast Eye on U.S. in U.S. companies, almost always those with land assets or financial

.Following the much-publicized

purchase of control of the Marine Midland Bank in 1980 by Hong-Midland Bank in 1980 by Hong-kong & Shanghai Banking Corp., for \$230 million, Hong Kong busi-ness interests made additional in-vestments of \$150 million that year and in 1981, according to the U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Hong Kong investment, howev-er, may be considerably higher than reported. Business secrecy is legendary here. And it is not uncommon for entrepreneurs to make investments through relatives who are U.S. citizens, thereby circumventing U.S. law requiring foreigners to report acquisitions of 10 percent or more of a U.S. company's stock.

Such regulations make Hong Kong investors nervous. Hong Kong has no antitrust rules and does not require its companies to or their ownership.

So, Hong Kong businessme carefully noted the difficulties of Deanlake Investments after it announced the purchase of 15.9 percent of Allright Auto Parks last year. Deanlake is 44-percent owned by Hang Lung Development, a large Hong Kong land developer that is controlled by Thomas Chen, who owns 41 per-cent of Deanlake through another

Mr. Chen reportedly was after Alhight's real estate, particularly its commercial property in Los Anes. When Deanlake announced that it intended to buy up to 51 percent of Allright, the manage-ment sued Deanlake because it had failed to disclose its ownership or intentions. Last May, Deanlake made a \$101.6 million offer for the entire company and the suit was

dropped.
Thus far, Hong Kong companies

investments in the United States. In May, Li Ka-shing, a real estate leader in Hong Kong and chairman of Cheung Kong, acquired 9.5 percent of Kaiser Cement. And Kuo Holdings is keeping its holdings of Dillingham Corp., a Honolniu land developer, at 9 percent.

Recenses Hong Kong engage.

Because Hong Kong en-trepreneurs generally prefer anonymity, who buys what and when is difficult to determine. But several Hong Kong companies have recently been more forthcoming. Hong Kong Land, for example, has said that it intended to look for investments in the United States. And Cheung Kong Hold-ings recently announced that all of its \$22.7 million of overseas investments were in the United States. The Carrian Group, which has a \$9 million investment in an 810-acre site in Orlando, Fla., has reported that it is building the \$250 million Trans Pacific Center in Oakland, Calif.

Texas Instruments Plans Rebates

DALLAS — Texas Instruments as the crucial Christmas marketing says it will offer a rebate on its season nears.

Other leaders in the market include Commodoral, are of the commuters we for market.

Texas Instruments as the crucial Christmas marketing ally costing \$500 or less, to reach nearly \$500 million this year and perhaps up to \$1.5 billion in 1983. home computer, a move analysts called bold and aggressive as makers of the computers vie for market

share in the burgeoning industry.
Texas Instruments said Monday
it will offer a \$100 rebate to customers buying its 99-4A home
computer, which generally now
sells for \$299 retail.

The program begins Sept. I and continues through next Jan. 31. continues through next Jan 31.

"It is a very bold move and could translate into TI emerging as the top dog in the market," said Michael Krasko, a computer industry analyst with Mecnill Lynch, Pierce, Feaner & Smith.

Don Sinsebaugh, an analyst with Bache Halsey Stuart Shields, said the rebate plan "is the most armessive move anyone has made.

aggressive move anyone has made in the market so far." The new price puts the TI model

Foreigners Trim

Investment Pace

NEW YORK — Singuish world economic conditions helped re-duce the number of investments in

U.S. manufacturing facilities by foreign companies to 136 in the

first six months of 1982, the lowest

There were 172 such invest-

ments in the first half of 1981. Acquisitions of existing U.S. facilities

eign manufacturing investments in the first six months of 1982, up from an average of less than 50 percent in the previous three years,

British companies led the list of

foreign investors in the United States with 31 investments, fol-lowed by West Germany with 23.

Japan with 20, Canada with 17.

manager of the Conference

Board's investment data depart-

and France with 11.

Tandy and Atari, a unit of Warner

Atan's model 400 now sells for about \$270 retail, while Commodore's VIC-20 is priced at about \$240 and Tandy's TRS-80 computer goes for about \$400.

Tandy, however, recently announced plans to sell its computers outside its Radio Shack division network and through independent

network and through independent distributors and retailers. That move was expected to give Tandy more room on shelf space that to date has been dominated by its

Texas Instruments spokesman Norman Neuretter said the rebate is designed to make the 99-4A "attractive to the largest possible

IBM Doubles Memory

BOCA RATON, Fla. (Renters)
- Interational Business Machines said Tuesday it had doubled the memory capacity of its personal computer through a piece of op-tional equipment that plugs int the system. Up to two of these options

may be installed.
Also now available for the personal computer is a prototype card, for building and testing custom attachments, and a new entertainment program, "Decathalon." The memory expansion option is available for \$475, the memory module kit for \$200, the prototype card for \$45 and "Decathalon" for

York on behalf of a syndicate. The resulting claims initially cost syndicate members almost \$40 mil-

Under the new act, Lloyd's of

London may no longer be a place where deals can be sealed with an

informal handshake and where

policies are taken out on such

things as Marlene Dietrich's legs and Jimmy Durante's nose. But

Lloyd's still plans to break new

Taiwan to Loosen

Investment Rules

TAIPEI — Taiwan's Finance

Ministry has completed a plan un-

der which the local stock market would be indirectly opened to for-eign investors for five years and

ministry will set up a securities trust investment managerial fund,

controlled by an international

Foreign underwriting companies will be entrusted to issue beneficial

certificates that foreigners can buy

to invest in the Taiwan market, he said. Interest will be paid on an annual basis, he added.

ment company, the of-

puter crime and satellites.

U.S. Study Finds Lloyd's of London Facing Big Changes

ety by advantages under tax laws. Establishing guidelines for di-vestiture will be one of the first priorities of the Lloyd's Council. the governing body created by the legislation. For the first time, the council will include external memtotal since 119 in the first half of 1971, the Conference Roard said.

bers and nonmembers in the for-

mai governing body.

Discipline will be another priority for the council. Until now, members of Lloyd's could be expelled only by a general meeting of members. This provision was fash-ioned in the 19th century when Lloyd's had only 700 members. Now there are 20,000 members, each with minimum assets of \$200,000 and all operating in an increasingly competitive and com-plex insurance market, where in-cornal procedures no longer suff-

"Foreign firms are coping with the same stagment economic condi-tions and high interest rates that are stifling investments by U.S. companies," said David Baner, In part, the tighter controls were demanded by Lloyd's members following a series of money-losing incidents. One of the worst cases occurred in 1976 when an underwriting agent accepted a sub-stantial volume of substandard fire business in Bronx borough of New

3 New Issues Euromarket

dollar-denominated bonds were about 1/2 point higher at the opening but that after the new issues re announced, trading activity picked up and most prices eased to finish the day unchanged. The total amount of bonds issued this

Two of the issues, by the overseas subsidiaries of Du Pont and Xerox, continued the trend of offering warrants as an enticem-

Du Pont Overseas Capital issued a \$200-million, seven-year Eurobond. The bonds, lead managed by Morgan Guaranty, Morgan Stanley International and Credit Suisse First Boston, carry a 14% percent coupon and are priced

The notes have warrants to purchase Dupont Overseas 134 per-cent noncallable bonds of 1989.

Xerox's issue of \$100 million of five-year bonds, priced at par and bearing a coupon of 14 percent, was lead managed by Goldman Sachs International. A total of 100,000 warrants are being issued separately in \$1,000 denomina-tions, priced at \$30. Each entitles the holder to buy a 134 percent, five-year bond at par over a period

Sperry Corp.'s overseas finance subsidiary issued a \$100 million Eurobond, led by Blyth Eastman Paine Webber International, The seven-year issue, priced at par to yield 15 percent, is callable after four years at 1011/2 percent, declining to par by % of a percentage point a year thereafter.

Delors Rejects then probably directly opened, a ministry official said Tuesday. To avoid the possibility of price fluctuations resulting from speculation by foreign investors, the

PARIS - French Finance Minister Jacques Delors said Tuesday there would not be another devaluation of the French franc this year. Speaking on French radio, he said companies had respected the price freeze, introduced as an accompanying measure to the June 12 devaluation of the franc, with more discipline than usual. He said

Put Strain on

LONDON - Three new Eurobond issues Tuesday, totaling \$400 million, proved to be almost too much for the market as a three-day advance in prices stalled.

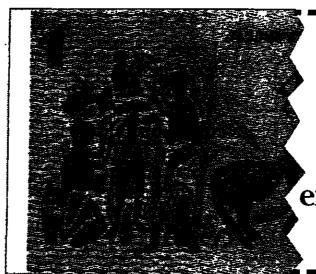
Dealers said that fixed-interest week rose to \$760 million.

The warrants, which expire in 1986, are being sold at \$38 each.

Franc Devaluation

only about 5 percent of all companies were not respecting the freeze.

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Harvester's Debt Plan **Faces Tough Scrutiny**

CHICAGO - International Harvester Co.'s latest proposal to lighten the burden of its \$42 hillion debt faces tough going and is likely to undergo significant changes before it meets the approval of the company's 200 creditors analysis say.

tors, analysts say.

The financially struggling farm implement and track manufacturer, which expects to lose close to \$1 billion this year, last week announced a plan to streamline its manufacturing operations and amend its debt restructuring agreement for a third time.

In addition, the company Tuesday announced the layoff of about 1,200 white-collar workers, a move that is expected to save \$50 million a year.
The operational changes, which

include plant closings and consoli-dation of manufacturing operations generally have been well received, analysts said. But the debt plan presents risks that creditors may be unwilling to take in light of the company's precarious financial situation.

"My reaction was somewhat skeptical," said George Dahlman, analyst with Piper, Jaffray & Hopwood, Inc., in Minnespolis. "I really doubt that the banks will accept these changes in their present

The key points of the new debt proposal are a suspension of cash merest payments on \$1.6 billion in debt until December 1983, with creditors asked to accept Harvester stock in lieu of cash payments, and conversion of \$400 million in debt

into equity.

The risk, analysts say, is that creditors might be left holding an empty bag if they accept equity in place of secured debt and the company subsequently is reorganized or liquidated under federal bank-

ruptcy laws.

Mr. Anderson noted that in the event of bankruptcy, up to 30 per-

cent of Harvester's assets could be claimed to pay pension benefits. Further, a forced reorganization could result in substantial charges against equity. The company's losses in the past year already have resulted in a drastic drop in shareholder equity, which is expected to shrink to between \$500 million and \$600 million by Oct. 31 from \$1.48 billion a year earlier.

Kawasaki Gets Ship Orders TOKYO - Kawasaki Heavy Industries said Tuesday it had received orders to build three 20,000-ton bulk carriers worth a total of 10 billion yen (\$40 million) from three Panamanian shipping

DIVIDENDS EACH YEAR **SINCE 1912**

The Board of Directors of ENSERCH Corporation on July 22, 1982, declared a regular quarterly dividend of 40 cents per share of common stock, payable September 7, 1982, to shareholders of record August 20, 1982.

For additional information, please write to Benjamin A. Brown, Vice President, Dept. M, ENSERCH Center, Box 999, Dallas, Texas 75221.

All of these securities having been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

July 29, 1982

Ætna

4,000,000 Shares

Aetna Life and Casualty Company

Cumulative Floating Rate Preferred Stock (Stated Value \$50 Per Share)

The dividend rate through September 30, 1982 will be 13.20% per annum. For each quarter thereafter, dividends will be at the rate of .90% below the highest of the three-month U.S. Treasury bill rate, U.S. Treasury ten-year constant maturity rate and U.S. Treasury twenty-year constant maturity rate, determined in advance. However, the dividend rate for any quarter will in no event be less than 7.50% or greater than 15.25% per annum.

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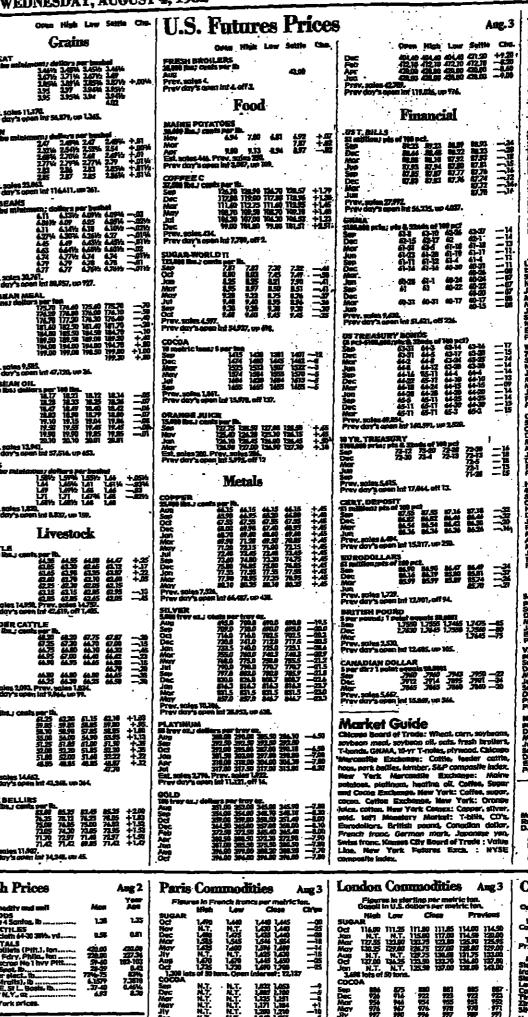
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	Page 10	e 10 INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE, WEDNESDAY, AUGUS					
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1,157 1,044 975 945 975 975 978 **Emergency Plans** For N.Y. Reactors Are Found Flawed

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission says
that unless flaws in the emergency that unless flaws in the emergency plans for the area around the nuclear reactors in Indian Point, N.Y., are corrected within four months, it might close the plants. The commission made its decision after it received a report Monday from the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The report said the emergency plans show "significant deficiencies."

Among the problems cited were deficiencies in provisions for notifying residents of the area of an accident, for educating the public in advance about what to do, for making advance agreements with

making advance agreements with bus companies to provide emer-gency service and for limiting the exposure of emergency workers to radiation.

The commission made its threat under a rule instituted after a nuclear accident at the Three Mile Island plant in Pennsylvania in March, 1979. The rule requires all nuclear plants to have plans for sheltering and evacuating residents within a 10-mile radius.

The Indian Point plants are 35 miles (55 kilometers) north of New York City. They are operated by the Consolidated Edison Co. and the Power Authority of the State of New York of New York.

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Brazil Foreign Debt Grows

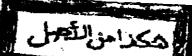
RIO DE JANEIRO — Brazi's total medium- and long-term foreign debt totaled \$62.9 billion at the end of March, up from \$61.4 billion three months earlier, and up from \$54.5 billion at the end of March, 1981, the central bank said. U.S. Money Rates Ang 3 **Selected Over-the-Counter**

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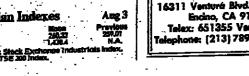
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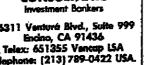
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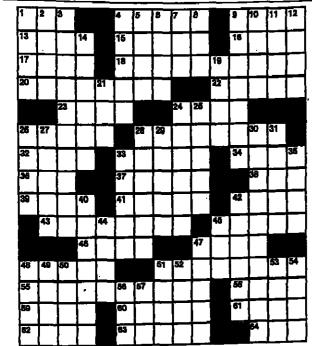
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51 Chimney shaft perfumed sea": Poe 53 Nazimova 54 Indic tongue 56 Sextet in "All's ₩ell...

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I'VE FIGURED OUT WHAT'S WRONG WITH 0 SOCIETY

OPEN THE PRAPES

AND SEE WHAT

MISS BUXLEY

IT'S LIKE OUTSIDE,

WONDER IF WE COULD

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REDUVICY APPLES ?



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NO ONE ALLOWED ON

THE PLAYGROUND AFTER





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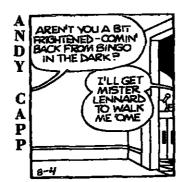
TALKING

ABOUT.

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SLITHER OFF, SICKO!



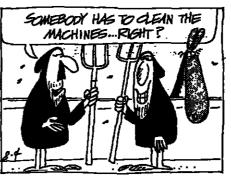


















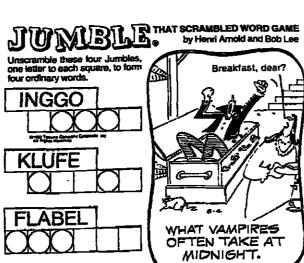


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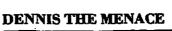




Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon Yesterday's Jumbles OWING WHILE POPLAR MUSCLE

Answer: The general's favorite headquarters— HIS PILLOW

Imprime par Offprint, 73 rue de l'Evangile, 75018 Paris





"It's almost light. Can I go outside an' Play?"

THE CROCODILE MAN A Case of Brain Chemistry and Violence By André Mayer and Michael Wheeler. 204 pp. \$12.95. Houghton Mifflin, 2 Park St., Boston, Mass. 02107.

Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

IN THE evening of July 17, 1974, in southern Massachusetts, near the Rhode Island border, a young man named Charles Darwin Decker picked up two teen-age girls who were hitchhiking to an amusement park. The three of them hit it off and decided to spend some time together, drinking beer, smoking marijuana and joyriding. Suddenly, without any warning or apparent provocation, Charles Decker attacked the girls with a stonemason's hammer, fracturing their skulls severely enough to require brain surgery. Then just as suddenly, he came to his senses, dropped the girls where they could be taken to a hospital quickly, called his father and turned himself over to the police.

The subsequent trial was not espe-cially publicized or even dramatic. Nor do the authors of this account, André Mayer and Michael Wheeler pretend that it was. They deal wih it mainly for its implications. For Charles Decker's lawyer came up wth a novel defense. He argued that his client was innocent by reason of in-sanity, but not for any familiar psy-chogenic cause. Instead he set out to prove that Charles Decker had suffered chemical damage to the most primitive part of his brain, the limbic system, and that consequently he lacked the means to control his urge

Mayer and Wheeler have succeeded very ably at their task. They maintain enough suspense in the trial and its outcome to keep our limbic systems involved. At the same time, they use the entire episode mainly as a frame-work in which to explore such sub-jects as brain physiology, the chemistry of human behavior, theories of crime and punishment, the mind-body question and, most pertinent of all, the rationale, history and legal development of the insanity plea.

Yet all the while, the anthors, who are a historian of science (Mayer) and a teacher at the New England School of Law and Massachussetts Institute. of Technology (Wheeler), manage to keep whatever axes they may have to grind carefully hidden. By the end of their study, about the only position on which they can be pinned down is the wholly reasonable one that access to our courts is not equally available to everyone, and that this is too bad. Otherwise, they are just reporting with commendable clarity the facts and their various interpretations.

Sense of Misgiving

Still, given the implications of the issues involved, every reader is bound to have a strong reaction. My own was a sense of misgiving that biochemical theories of crime are going to prove as useless and even harmful as sociological and psychogenic ones have proved.

After all, in Charles Decker's case at least, there remains a question of responsibility. Even if it were estabhished beyond all doubt that alcohol caused a peculiarly violent reaction in Charles Decker (and the physicians who proved that Charles Decker had an unusual reaction to alcohol never did induce that violence experimentalonsible for his drinking especially when there had been previous incidents of this violence? Why is a particular reaction to alcohol different from any reaction to alcohol?

Then there is the question of curing biochemically criminal behavior. Assuming that rehabilitation is the only true purpose of a criminal justice system (and this is an assumption almost

Solution to Previous Puzzle INGESTS INDICES
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no one would be willing to grant), are we likely to be able to "cure" crime once we determine the physical basis of it? In Charles Decker's case, knowing the approximate cause of his prob-lem hasn't helped; his seizures of violence have continued and the prosecuting attorney in the case has said that he expects one of these days to that he expects one or usese cays we learn that Charles Decker has hurt somebody else. Of course, no one claimed to have found the ultimate solution to Charles Decker's problem. only promising scientific possibilities.

NOR!

But suppose that a biochemical cause for his actions were absolutely determined. Would that mean that no psychogenic or sociological elements were involved? And would solving the biochemical problem necessarily clear up the cause of the came? In Charles Decker's case, there seems to me to have been a psychological cause for his outburst that is just as plausible as the biochemical one. It's at least possible that the two are connected, that a psychogenic sittation triggered a chemical reaction. If you "solved" the chemical problem, would that eliminate the psychogenic one? Or would the body respond by creating a new chemistry of violence?

Let me repeat that none of these speculations pertain to any cause that the authors of "The Crocodile Man" the authors of The Crocodile Man have taken up. What they have done is to report crismanily on a case that they speculate man be at greater legal significance than any of the recent more famous brestoch, such as the trules of John W. Hinches Jr. or Mant David Chapman.

Still, in response to this fuscination.

Still, in response to this fuscriating investigation one has to feel very sign disproportionale faith in the infalliality of science. If guading powers out rampant Oedigus complex sit at the colpatory causes for annear of succession, then why should be decinately or toxic vapors be excused?

staff of The New York Times.

Best Sellers

The New York Times This list is based on reports from more the bookstores throughout the United States, W list are not necessarily consecutive.

FICTION THE PRODIGAL DAUGHTER, by Jeffley Artist.
THE PARSIFAL MOSAIC, by CINNAMON SKIN, by John D. MacDouald.
THE MAN FROM ST.
PETERSBURG, by Ken Follen EDEN BURNING, by Belve Plain THE ONE TREE, by Stephen R. Donaldson FOR SPECIAL SERVICES, by

NORTH AND SOUTH, by John Jakes
THE CASE OF LUCY
BENDING, by Lawrence Sanders
FRIDAY, by Robert A. Heinkin
CELEBRITY, by Thomas

TEARS, by Helen van Slyke with
James Edward

15 THY BROTHER'S WIFE, by

NONFICTION Kushner
AMERICA IN SEARCH OF
ITSELF: The making of the
President, 1956-80, by Theodore
H. White.

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The cold

H. White.

6 A LIGHT IN THE ATTIC, by Shel Silverstein.

7 NO BAD DOGS: The Woodhouse Way, by Barbara Woodhouse.

8 THE FATE OF THE EARTH, By Jonathan Schell.

9 A FEW MINUTES WITH ANDY ROONEY, by Andrew A. Rooney, 10 THE UMPIRE STRIKES BACK, By Ron Luciano.

D THE UMPIRE STRIKES BACK,
By Ron Luciano.

1 EDIE, by Jean Stein, edited with
George Primpton.

2 PRINCESS, by Robert Lacey.....

3 LIFE EXTENSION, by Durk
Penson and Sandy Shaw

4 HOW TO MAKE LOVE TO A

WOMAN, by Michael Morgenstern 15 LATE INNINGS, by Roger

BRIDGE

By Alan Truscott

TERMINOLOGICAL confusion is quite common in bridge, and in one case the majority belongs in the ranks of the bewildered. If you took a cross section of players at a tourna-ment and asked them to define "forcing Stayman," there would be a high percentage of innacurate answers.

percentage of innacurate answers.

A quarter century ago the experts were divided on the following points: If a player uses Stayman and then bids two in a major suit, is the opener allowed to pass? The players who thought the opener had to continue bidding were using forced Stayman; those holding the contrary opinion were said to use "nonforcing Stayman."

Nonforcing Stayman became the dominant style, although a few held out against it. Matters were then confused when many players adopted what was called "double-barreled Stayman". Stayman" and is now described as "two-way Stayman." A two-diamond response is Stayman and insists on a game, while two clubs makes no such guarantee. Many of the players who use this sensible style are under the delusion that they are playing forcing

Stayman.
On the diagramed deal, reported from England by Victor Mollo, one of the world's great bridge writers, South's bidding would be appropriate whichever type of Stayman was in use. By bidding Stayman and following with two spades, he shows at least a five-card spade suit and game interest. North has three-card support and maximum values, so he is happy to raise to four spades.

After the opening heart lead South-sees that he is in danger of losing a trick in each suit. He wins the first trick with the heart ace and plays two top trumps. West is found to have a trump winner: So lar, so bad.

Now some thought is needed: If South routinely finesses in clubs his game will fail. The defenders will take a club trick and a heart trick, and will these before the solutions. then shift to diamonds. South wins

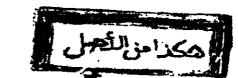
with the ace in dummy and tries to throw a diamond on dummy's clubs. But West ruffs in time to cash a diamond trick and defeat the contract.

The right plan is to reject the club finesse. If South simply plays the ace of clubs, the long of clubs and a third club, he will be safe against nearly all ciub, he will be sale against nearly all breaks. A chib winner will be estab-lished in dummy for a dismond discard before the defense has had the chance to knock out the diamond ace and establish their potential tricks.

NORTH (D) ◆K32 VAS WEST EAST **♦Q195 ♥**3543 **4109874** #Q87 SOUTH ♦ A98764 ♥76 **432**

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Red Sox Move Into First-Place Tie

Compiled by Oar Staff Fram Dispatches gled home two rans to highlight a Bobby Mitchell was walked intended and Bob Stanley combined on a pitched a five-hitter to spark the seven-hitter here Monday night to indians to a 6-2 victory over Texlead Boston to a 5-2 victory over es. After spotting the Rangers a I-Baltimore and into a tie with 0 lead in the second, Cleveland Milwankee for first place in the nocked Panek Tanana for seven American League's Eastern Divi- hits in its half of the inning.

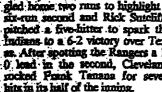
Tudor's seventh victory against eight losses and Stanley's ninth

BASEBALL ROUNDUP save broke a three-game Red Sorc

losing streak and dealt the Orioles their fifth consecutive loss. Trailing in the third, 1-0, Boston In Oakland, Calif., Rickey Henscored twice. Rick Miller singled & denson keyed a four-run seventh and Jerry Remy reached on an ex-ror. Dwight Evans singled Miller home, and after Scott McGregor (12-8) walked Jim Rice intentionally, Carl Yestrzemski's infield out drove in Remy. The Red Sox add-ed two more in the fifth on singles Remy, Evans and Rice and

arney Lansford's sacrifice fly. Eddic Murray, who hit his 15th home run of the year for Baltimore in the second, singled in the sev-enth and eventually scored on John Lowenstein's sacrifice fly.

Indians 6, Rangers 2 In Cleveland, Mike Fischlin sin-



Blue Jays 9, Brewers 4 in Toronto, Alfredo Griffin

drove in three runs and Damaco Garcia and Buck Martinez two each to lead the Bine Jays past Milwankee, 9-4.

A's 6. Mariners 5

by stealing his 100th base of the season before scoring the go-shead run in the A's 6-5 victory over Seattle. Henderson, who had 100 steels in 1980, became the first player in major league history to steel 100 bases twice in a career.

Twins 9, Angels 7

In Annheim Calif., Ron Washington's two one single triggered a three run ninth that lifted Minnesour over California, 9-7. Tim Landner drew a walk off Luis Sanchez (3-2) and pinch runner Jesus seed to third on Randy ison's double to right-center.

eliminated was No. 13 Kim War-

wick of Australia, who fell to Bo-

In women's play, fourth-seeded

move into the third round, as did

Czechoslovakian Helena Sukova,

the No.7 seed, who defeated Kath-

leen Cummings of the United States, 6-3, 6-1. Ivanna Madruga-

stopped Czechosovakian Michaela Pazderova, 3-6, 6-1, 6-0.

Lend-Higneras Canceled

when officials were unable to res

chedule the rain-delayed match be-

tween finalists Ivan Lendl of

Czechoslovakia and Jose Higueras of Spain. Lendl had won the first set, 6-3, and held a 3-2 lead in the

second as he sought his 11th tour-nament title of 1982. But then the

sains came, and after a five-hour delay the match was called when

Higueras could not reschedule his

first-round match at the U.S. Clay

Courts Championships in Indian-

An easy first-round victor.

NORTH CONWAY, N.H. --

Osses of Argentina overpowe

INDIANAPOLIS—Top-seeded wick of Australia, who fell to I Guillermo Vias of Argentina won 11 straight second-set points Mon-

first-round match at the U.S. Open

Clay Court Championships.
Vilas, seeking his first victory
here in the only major clay title
that has cluded him, scored four

broke the second set open in the third game when he had two aces to take a 2-1 lead. Levine, 19, then

dropped his serve at love and lost

the match when he double-faulted

ond round women's play. Gilbert, who won the tournament as an

amateur in 1978, trailed 0-3 and 2-

4 in the second set. She tied the set

with her second service break at 4-

4 and each player then held serve to force the tiebreaker, which Gil-

bert took, 7-1.
Andres Gomez of Ecuador and

Mats Wilander scored straight-set

victories to move into second-

round men's play. Wilander, the 17-year-old - who became the

youngest player to ever win the French Open earlier this year, de-

feated fellow Swede Stefan

Simonsson, 6-3, 6-3.
"I think I played pretty well,"

said Wilander, the No. 3 seed behind Vilas and defending champi-

on José Luis Clerc of Argentina.

Italian Open champion Gomez

overcame a sluggish start to defeat American Tim Wilkison, 7-5, 6-2.

Seeded sixth here, Gomez trailed,

3-5, in the opening set but produced the set's fourth service break

The momentum of the match

shifted as Wilkison was serving in

the 11th game of the opening set.

The game was tied at 30 when Wilkison double-faulted and

Gomez went on to break his oppo-

had won the first set, I don't know

if I could have won in three sets in

this [humid] weather," Gomez said. "I think he got a little disap-

pointed after the first set. Then he

In other first-round matches,

No. 8 Balazs Taroczy of Hungary

defeated Terry Moor of the United

States, 1-6, 6-4, 6-1; American Jimmy Arias, seeded tenth, topped Sergio Casal of Spain 7-6, 6-3, and No. 14 Hans Gildemeister of Chile

upended Colin Dowdeswell of

Switzerland, 7-6, 6-2. The only seeded player in the men's field.

let down."

That was a key because if he

nent for the third time in the set.

and went on to victory.

after trailing 15-40.

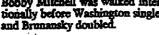
service breaks in the first set.

day night in overpowering Ion Bounie Gadnsek topped fellow Levine of Phoenix, 6-3, 6-2, in a American Kelly Henry, 6-1, 6-2, to

Enjoying his best year since win American Lisa Doherty, 6-2, 6-4, ning 13 tonmaments in 1977, Vilas and Australian Diane Fromholtz

Dana Gilbert charged to a A Grand Prix tennis tournament comeback 4-6, 7-6, 6-1 upset of ended without a winner Monday third-seeded Zina Gainson in sec when officials were unable to res-

apolis.



Royals 6, Tigers 5

In Kansas City, Mo., Don Slaught's opposite-field double to right scored Frank White from first base in the 10th to give the Royals their fifth consecutive triumph, a 6-5 verdict over Detroit.

Pirates 4, Cardinals 2

In the National League, in St. Louis, Pittsburgh's Johnny Ray hit a two-run triple in the 17th that cod a 4-2 victory over the produced a 4-2 victory over the Cardinals. Dale Berra singled and Jim Morrison sacrificed him to second before Omar Moreno walked. Ray — 0-for-7 to that point in the game - drove in both runners with his drive to the leftfield corner. Braves 7. Glants 3

In Atlanta, Bob Walk and Steve Bedrosian combined on an eighthitter and Jerry Royster and Bob Homer drove in two runs each as the Braves downed San Francisco 7-3 and ended a four-game skid.

Phillies 2, Expos 1

In Philadelphia, Bo Diaz bomered and drove in the goahead run with a fifth-inning sacrifice fly to lead the Phillies past Montreal, 2-1. Larry Christenson (7-5) worked seven innings and Tug McGraw earned his first save. Astros 6. Padres 4

In Houston, Jose Cruz doubled in two runs to highlight a five-run eighth that lifted the Astros to a 6victory over San Diego. Andy Hawkins had held Houston to one run and two hits before the decisive outburst; Gary Lucas absorbed his eighth loss in eight deci-

Reds 5, Dodgers 1

In Cincinnati, Mario Soto pitched a six-hitter and struck out 10 and Mike Vail drove in two runs, to give Cincinnati a 5-1 verdict over the Dodgers.

Major League Standings



Gilbert Downs Garrison Monday's Line Scores

	RATION.	al League	out of it with a job.
•	Son Francisco	270 900 000—3 8 9	
•	Affonto	915 600 01x7 11 0	Quarterback Greg Landry, 35,
		1), Barr (6), Lavelle (8)	knows that already. He was begin-
		rosian (8) and Pocoroba.	ning his 15th season in the Nation-
•	₩-Walk, 18-7. L-6n	etaing, S-4. HRAttenta.	
•	Horner (21).		al Football League, his fourth with
		#00 008 108—1 6 1	the Colts. His experience was ex-
	Cincinnati	000 1Ø1 63±—5 7 t	pected to be invaluable to young-
	Rouse Forsier (7), Niedenfuer (8) and	
	Sciescie; Seto and Van	Gorder, W-Sato. 9-7. L	sters like Pagel and Art Schlichter,
	Rects, 10-7.		the No. 1 draft pick.
	San Dieso	670 g20 160-4 4 1	But last Friday, Kush told Lan-
	Houston	901 960 85s 6 B 2	
	HOWKINS, LUCUS (B)	SUG 1'KNUMBOA! Thriantor	dry that he was being placed on
	D.Smitte (9) and Knice	ty. W Julieture, 17-7, L,	waivers. Quietly, the quarterback
	Lucas 0-8.		packed his bags and left camp,
	Montreal	. 001 020 890-1 9 1	pacaci ins vags and icit camp,

Howkins, Lucas (8) and T.Kannedy: J.Mekro. D.Smith (9) and Kolosty, W... J.Niekro, 11-7, L... Lucas, 6-8.

900 009 020 009 000 02-4 13 1 000 870 001 006 009 00-2 14 2 Princergy 500 day 200 day 24 13 1; St. Louis 500 570 day 500 500 500 2 14 2 Rhodan, Scarry (ID, Sarmiento (IO), Telutive (72), E.Rono (15) and T.Pena; Stuper, Suffer (7), Lahti (11), Knot (12) and D.Perter, W.— E.Romo, 4-2, L.—Koot, 4-2, HR—Pittaburgh, J.Thompson (17).

Allhamakee 199 000 612—4 11 2 Toronto 313 816 10x—9 12 2 McClure, Augustine (2), Lerch (5), Lodd (8)

one of one s to o ential persons in the state. Todar, B.Stonley (7) and Alle Court, Estates (7) an Alexant Marten, 6. Davis (8), Thirthes (8), Steddard (9) and Dempsey, Notes (7). W—Tudor, 7-8. L—McGregor, 12-8. HR—Bettimors, E.Murray (15).

be included in many Sunday news-1000 210 611 6-5 13 1 010 984 000 1-4 12 1 papers, Kush did not receive as Konsos City — 18 84 609 1-4 12 1 1 Poshinki, James (6), Sean (6), Tobik (9) end Perrish; Block Custre (6), Quinenberry (9) end Stoupts, W-Quisenberry, 4-4, L-Tobit, 2-4, HR3-Defroit, Herodon (17). Konsos City, Allians (6), McRee (18). of his counterparts. But when publicity did come, Kush must have wished he could have kept it as pri-

600 008 333-9 10 3 601 194 160-7 7 6

Perry, Stanfon (7), Vande Berg (7), Coudill (7) and Sweet; Kebush and M.Heath, W.—Kacuph, S. L.—Stanfon, 1-3. MRs—Scottle, Cowers (15). Oakland, Arnata (15).

BASEPALL

Transactions LOS ANGELES—Placed Larry Bracks, igfensive tectics, on the active-strystastly anable

Americae League
CALIFORNIA—Purchaged the contract of
Luis Tiant, pitcher, from Tobasco, Vercurut of
the Mendam League, Optioned Mickey Mohler,
pitcher, to Spaksme of the Pacific Coast League. National Leaves
CHICAGO—Traded Jay Howell, pitcher, to the

N.Y. Yonkees to camplete p June, 1981, trode. BASKETBALL Noticeal Senio PORTLAND-Signed Jeff Judkins, forward-

FOOTBALL Harisand Fostosi Lacosa
BUFFALD—Cut Vic James, correstociu Ren
Cascopai, Grep Grinse, Merk Caliline and Al
Levis, spiellesi Pot Graham, defansive end;
Ren Verrilli, Iddiar; Dan Shaver, Edser
Gotterie, Ken Sampson and George Denald,
runsine bocks; Kurt Pierce, pusrd; Brien
Bedderin, tight end; Tim James, guard-candin,
and Joe D'Amico and Rob Rickard, wide
receivers. Announced that Tim Parits, nose
incide. Res left cares. ned Football League

tackie, has left comps.

DENVER—Placed Bart Kreel and Ed Slackburn, fight ends, on the halved-reserve



'Golden boot,' reprieved.

By Peter Alfano

New York Times Service

knolls overlooking the practice field, spectators stood behind re-

straining ropes and watched as in-

tently as if it were a late autumn

Sunday and the Baltimore Colts

were driving for the winning

It was only the first week of

training camp and these were

mostly rookies and free agents in

an afternoon workout, but the

sound of leather popping in head-

on collisions had impressed the bleacherites, who elbowed one an-

other knowingly and remarked about how good it was to see the

Colts being aggressive for a

The architect of change stood

several yards behind the mock line

of scrimmage, mostly observing.

Despite the heat and humidity,

"A lot of people expected the

weeks would be like basic training;

no one is guaranteed he'll come out of it with a job. Quarterback Greg Landry, 35,

Kush explained he had decided

to stake his future on the young quarterbacks. Others, however, read more into the early timing: It

was a message to the veterans, they

said. It was also another way for

a professional football team was

likely. In 22 years at Arizona State

he compiled a 176-54-1 record. His

name and profile were splashed across billboards, and he became

one of the most popular and influ-

Because Arizona State is re-

moved from major communication

centers, however, and because his

team played most of its games at

night when results were too late to

much public recognition as some

vate as some of those Saturday

punted poorly during a game. Rutledge also charged that the uni-

versity had pressured him to give

p partorn cast. pl.y. JETS—Cut Phili Rich, guard; Zach Grafs,

linebacker. Placed Henry Pell, yuard; John Mardaya, defensive end; Mark DeGasperi, defensive tackle; and Tim Hoskins, wide

reçolver. WASHINGTON—Cut Mille Crovton, rumine

bock: Cleveland Jockson and Bob Raba. Baht ends: Jeff Blanchard finebacter; Dick Craft. Domne Exbora and Brion Saow, kickers; Johnny Sturtontins. safety: Leo Williams and Richard Poley, defensive backs; Mile Down.

tackie: Kan Roork, conter? John McCollust

night scores.

up his scholarship.

te perform list.

the new coach to cut loose. That Kush would one day coach

stunned at his early dismissal.

change.

TOWSON, Md. - On the grassy

Paolo Rossi

Judicial Triumphs — Machiavelli Style The flesh still creeps at the im-

LONDON - It has taken three weeks for the winner-take-all ethic to be ruthlessly and crudely applied in soccer. Three weeks for Italy to wear the world championship crown, time enough for manager Enzo Bearzot to turn from the brink of resignation and remove the longest knife from his back.

ROB HUGHES

Time, too, for Spain — host for and abject loser of the World Cup - to fire coach José Emilio San-

Fairly inevitable consequence those, of the laws of victory and defeat. Bearzot, the unexpected victor, strengthens his hand by seeing that his arch enemy, Italo Allodi, is expelled from the national coaching center. Santamaria, the defeated, is sacrificed.

We accept such human re-sponses almost without feeling. But, although there are ramifications, the fortunes of two managers who live and fall by results are not the most significant post-cup developments.

You may recall my writing about the dangers of Italy's success. We considered the problems of a nation with a double edge of corruptibility and beauty ruling five years.

New Coach Kush Rides Colts Hard

and charges he had submitted pho-

ny expense-account vouchers to

all, the university dismissed him because, it said, he had tried to

A jury eventually found Kush

not guilty of punching Rutledge.

Kush and the university were also

cleared of trying to take away

Rutledge's scholarship. An FBI in-

vestigation failed to uncover any

Kush ties to gamblers or organized crime. The ASU athletic depart-ment exonerated him of padding

his expense accounts. But the dam-

Kush took a year off from coaching in 1980. Then, last year, he became coach of the Canadian

Football League's Hamilton Tiger-

Cats, whom he guided to an 11-4-1

The Colts were one of several

NFL teams following his progress.

cover up the Rutledge incident.

the world, but we did not foresee that nation so quickly using its enplication, even if the players — naturally — fought the sine die phoria to reverse the course of justice. Yet it has happened.
The Italians chose Sunday, the

day it goes to church and to soccer. to grant amnesty to 12 of the players who had been banned for their alleged involvement in the 1980 bribery scandal.

It thus compounded the cynicism felt by millions at home and abroad: Are sportsmen too important to be subject to the laws by which the rest of us must live? In a way, Italian society had de-

bated the issue two years ago. Players had been imprisoned briefly in Rome's Queen of Heaven jail, and 33 of them were charged in high court with taking bribes to "fix" results so as to assist a bett-

The trial was aborted on the bizarre judgment that sporting fraud is not crime. The fraud of bribery, however, was thankfully at that time too criminal for Italy's soccer It decided, in May, 1980, that

there was sufficient evidence against players of AC Milan, Lazio

of Rome, Avellino and Perugia, to banish some (including the Milan president) for life and others for terms ranging from four months to

There followed allegations that They had suffered through a disas-Kush had close ties to gamblers trous fourth consecutive losing season and Owner Robert Irsay decided on a major overhaul. He the university. In the midst of it wanted Kush, a proven winner, all, the university dismissed him but not before he asked the NFL to investigate the man - just to be sure the ASU episode was history.

His controversial past has not made Kush timid. He remains the drill instructor-coach who emphasizes conditioning and contact. Football, he says, is a violent, of-ten brutal game. "Getting hit is football," he said. "Players should be used to it at this level. They should be able to take the punishment. I have no compassion for anyone who is out for football who is concerned with being hit or hitting. To even be talking about this

Kush makes his points matterof-factly. He takes pains to explain his philosophy. He is charming, approachable. But the regimen the players must follow speaks for it-

From the first day, every player reporting to camp has been subjected to physical tests stremous even by NFL standards. Weightlifting sessions include beach and leg presses; immediately after the leg presses, players must run 1.5 miles in 11 minutes or less.

Then there are the series of 40yard dashes. After a player posts his best time, he must run 10 more, each to be com tenths of a second of his best time. The passing grade is seven of 10. If a player fails, he can repeat the test on another day.
It is already clear that Kush

wants this team to bear his trademark, win or lose. The Colts will be tough. Kush, 53 and in excellent condition, himself does leg lifts and runs six miles a day. Usually he runs after the morning workout, when the sum is its strongest. "It helps me to judge how much the kids can take during practice," he said. The Colts are kids, too, with a

number of rookies and inexperienced players. After looking at films of last year's team, Kush said he had to disregard what he saw. "Otherwise," he said, "you'd get rid of all of them." Kush is amused at the expecta-

tions of players and the press — "because people are gullible. What I snicker about is that more than 50 percent of the people who have written about me wouldn't know me if they saw me." The Colts will be a typical Kush team, as recognizable for that as

they have been over the years for the borseshoe symbol on their helmets. This may be his first year in the NFL, but Kush is no rookie.

istered justice where the courts would not dare. However, Paolo Rossi was among the banished, and Paolo Rossi, as the world now knows, is the most instinctive goalscorer on earth.

bans as preventing their rights to

Soccer, it appeared, had admin-

So, after two years of his threeyear sentence, he was conveniently reprieved in the nick of time to carn ever-lasting fame and riches by becoming the "golden boot" of the 1982 World Crip.

And since even the Italian presi-

dent was a national hero, the pressure on the Italian soccer authority to release the other 12 players was bound to follow.

Thus, with indecent haste, the pardons came through on Sunday, precisely three weeks after Italy's triumph in Madrid.

A Place for Places?

Maybe my reaction is too harsh? There is a place in this unforgiving world for compassion, surely? A place where men like Enrico Albertosi, the one-time national goalkeeer, and Giuseppe Wilson, once captain of Lazio, can return before time runs out for them to

play again.

A place where younger men, like
Bruno Giordano and Lionello Manfredonia can challenge again for the national team, now that their punishments have been stiffened by seeing the Azzuri, to which they might have added, winning the ultimate honor. Perhaps.

But my belief is that Italy had a eater duty than to those 12 men (men who incidentally largely swore their innoceace). By becoming champion of the world, Italy owes it to the rest of the planet to protect honesty and decency and to promote those qualities. The time for forgiveness, if time

there ought to be for men who were found guilty of the basest corruption, was when Rossi was freed.... before, rather than after, the added responsiblity of leading the world. Now, one fears, children every-

where, the players of tomorrow, will view the taking of bribes, the conduct of dishonesty, as a more pardonable, less risky, temptation. . Besides, there is a strange anomaly in the Italian amnesties.

Nine of the 12 were allowed to return immediately; three — Mas-simo Caciatori of Lazio and Mauto Della Martira and Stefano Pellegrini of Perugia - have been "pardoned," but as from March 27 next year.

From this distance, the principal looks perverse. The case against Cacciatori appears powerful, since his original banishment was for life. But so was Albertosi's. Martira and Pellegrini each received the next most severe sentences, five years. Yet three out of the four

Why, could it be that they are being punished for honesty? Mar-tira and Pelligrini were reported to be the first players to actually break down and admit receiving checks from the corrupt fixer, Roman greengrocer Massimo Cruciani, who blew the whole fraud when he alleged players had re-neged on the deals after taking his money. Remember, it was the Italian

soccer federation, not we, who found all of these men guilty. Its leniency now seems somewhat uneven, even for Machiavellian Italy. But one man in Italy who has publicly set his face (his now

world-famous face) against the corruption within its soccer is Enzo Bearzot, A man brought up in the Jesuit order, he has long suffered the antagonism in particular of Italo Allodi. Allodi, known as Mr. Fix It in

Italian soccer, had survived countless accusations of irregularities. He was said to be, but never proven to be, the central figure in the affair of 1973, when Solti, a Hungarian referee, attempted to bribe Lobo, a Portuguese referee, to favor Juventus in a European match against Derby County.

of the 1974 Italian World Cup team against whom allegations, again unproven, were rife that Ita-

ly had tried to bribe Poland. Bearzot, who took over the team seven years ago, could not abide Allodi. He talked of the impossi-

bility of trying to work "there is a Brutus at my back." Yet, amazingly, Allodi remained as the £50,000 head of the Italian federal technical coaching center near Florence. Remained, that is, until last week.

Then, with Bearzot being pressed to carry on the good work as Italy's national father-figure, and saying he must be allowed to work in peace without "having to look over my shoulder in the very ambience where I work," Allodi was shuffled off to an unspecified

position in Rome. So for the first time under Bearzot's command, ends the remark-able situation of the national Azzuni refusing to train at the best facilities in Italy, the Florence cen-

And to think that José Santamaria, a Uruguyan managin Spain until last week, was sacked merely because he couldn't prevent 11 Spanish nationals from brutally hacking and kicking their way to

defeat. Santamaria was, of course, a figure set up; Ladislao Kubala, a crafty Hungarian, had vacated the managership after 10 years when it became obvious Spain would fail its own people. Mignel Muñoz, the wily old Real Madrid manager who now takes over, was not ready when the pressure was so hot.

And so Santamaria, the youth coach, was elevated and groomed as the sacrificial offering.

However, before we lose all be-

lief in the game, it's worth reminding ourselves that Italy's new championship side provides almost half the European side now preparing to play the rest of the world in a charity match at Giants Stadium in East Rutherford, N.J., on Saturday. Unicef has already benefitted by

some half a million dollars from similar matches in Dortumund and Barcelona, and it's nice to know Paolo Rossi and friends will be doing their bit in front of 300 million tuning in via television to this weekend



A knife removed.

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x -New York	27	6	63	40	57	181
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Chicago	10	14	44	54	41	99
Southern Division						
Ft. Lauderdele	15	71	2	577	48	134
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Prado Sets World Record in Individual Medley and he surprised me. I'm happy with the win, but I would have been happier with a 53.80. That the team of Rich Saeger, Jeff et Union took the women's 200 breaking the meet ning in 7:21.09 — 27 seconds record for the second time Mon-

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador — Ri-cardo Prado of Brazil set a world record of four minutes, 19.78 seconds in the men's 400-meter individual medley Monday night at the World Swimming Championships Prado, 17, led from the begin-

Frank Kush

ing in the four-stroke event. As In 1979, Kevin Rutledge, one of Kush's former players, filed suit, charging Kush had punched him on the field after Rutledge had his fellow South Americans cheered, Prado broke the fouryear-old record of American Jesse Vassallo by .27 seconds. Jens-Peter Berndt of East Germany won the bak silver in 4:23.02 and Sergei Fesenko of the Soviet Union took the bronze in 4:23.29. "The crowd helped me a lot,"

Prado said, "especially in the breaststroke when you can hear them yell, 'Go!' I thought I had a chance to be world champion, but I didn't realize I could be the world record-holder." Matt Gribble of the United

States lowered the meet record in the 100-meter butterfly twice Monday, winning the final in 53.98 after recording a 54.09 in the preliminaries. Michael Gross of West Germany, who upset world record-holder Rowdy Gaines of the United States in the 200 freestyle Sunday, won the butterfly silver in 54.26 and Bengt Baron of Sweden took the bronze in 54,47. A poor start --- he was left on

the block - probably cost Gribble a world record. "The start really caught me off gnard," he said. "The starter's been holding us all through the meet on the first start,

was the fourth time I've been under 54." A 53.80 would have been a world record. gold in the 800-freestyle relay with

slower than the 1978 U.S. team's world record. The Soviet Union won the silver in 7:24.91 and West The United States took another Germany the bronze in 7:25.46.

Svetlana Varganova of the Sovi-



Ricardo Prado, after his record 4:19.78 in the individual medley.

day. After swimming a 2:30.12 in qualifying she recorded a 2:28.82 in the finals. Ute Geweniger of East Germany won the silver in 2:29.71; Canadian Anne Ottenbrite was the bronze medalist in 2:33.05 American diver Greg Louganis

won a gold with a series of nearly perfect performances in the men's springboard finals. Louganis especially thrilled spectators with his eighth dive, a seemingly effortless reverse 11/2-somersault that five of seven judges rated a perfect 10; the other two gave him 9.5s. Louganis earned 752.67 points

with 11 dives. Serge Kuznin won the silver with a 636.15 total and fellow Russian Alexander Portov the bronze with a 631.56.

Annemarie Verstappen of the Netherlands, silver medalist in Sunday's 100 freestyle, turned the tables on the 100 freestyle winner, Birgit Meineke of East Germany, by winning the 200 freestyle in 1:59.53. Meineke was second, 1.14 seconds behind, while Annelies Maas made it a 1-3 split for the Netherlands by capturing the bronze in 2:00.84.

It was the first swimming gold medal ever for the Netherlands in world championship meet, which has been held three times previously. The 6-foot Verstappen, 16, was ranked 27th in the world in the 200

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N.Y. RANGERS—Signed a working appearant with the Peorla (IIL) Prancers of the tional Hackey Leasue. COLLEGE

COLORADO—Announced the resignation of Steve Schottel, assistant tootball coach and recruiting coordinator, to take a coochine patition of Milchigan State.

'Getting hit is football."

Oh, What a Cheesy War

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK — So it has come to warfare with the Europeans, and once again the United States is caught with a shortage of songs to lift our morale as we face the dark days ahead.

The desperate nature of the situation is illustrated by the first record to hit the shops. It is a straight steal

from the 1942 classic "Let's Remember Pearl Harbor," which was never much of a song and is improved not a improved not a bit by being called Let's Remember the Soviet Gas Pipeline."

Its composer, Harry Gateau, concedes that the opening line - "Let's remember the Soviet gas pipeline as we march to meet the foe"— is almost as hard to sing as "The Star Spangled Banner." Still, Gateau is futious at critics who have accused him of being too soft on Western Europe to name "the foe."

1

Baker

Sure I know who the foe is," he told Ted Koppel on ABC's Night-line. The foe is France and Ger-many and England and Italy. But even Mozart couldn't have written a decent song beginning, 'Let's re-member the Soviet gas pipeline as we march to meet the French, the Germans, the Italians and the English."

Dexter Havens sometimes called "the father of bomb music" and author of such classics as "Slap the Jap Right Off the Map" in 1943 and "Phooey, Phooey, Führer, Goodbye" in 1944, believes the songwriters' difficulty arises from the peculiar nature of the war with Europe.

If the Reagan war plan called for bombing, say, Paris, Havens would be ready with "So Long, Roger Maris," a song he has had in the trunk for years against just this contingency. Its lyric goes:

You bombed in the Bronx for the Now the Yanks will his one for you

Sixty-one times you blasted the Let us hit the big sixty-two. So long, Roger Maris We're off to harass Paris, And Paris will be embarrassed

When we drop this one for you —

Big number sixty-two!

Yeah, yeah! We drop this one for you — Numero soixante-devo.

In economic warfare, however, with no bombs being dropped, such rousers are much harder to compose. Just how hard is illustrated by the thundering failure of the new war song "Tears on My Cadillac Windshield." This song is a country-type bal-lad in which a rich tax chiseler has

to give up his Mercedes Benz to strike back at the West Germans after they defy President Reagan and buy Siberian gas from the So-viet pipeline. To replace it, he buys a Cadillac. The tax chiseler's girlfriend, who has loved him only for his Mercedes, kicks the Cadillac and stalks away at the 13th verse.
In the next five verses the tax windshield, mistakes it for rain, then realizes the Cadillac is crying because it feels responsible for its owner's broken beart. The chiscler, moved by the Cadillac's tears, says he wouldn't trade it in for all the Mercedes Benzes in perfidious Europe. A fragment of the lyrics -Those tears that are my Cadillac's are sweet as holes in the income - suffices to convey the tone

of the composition. A few songwriters have produced music aimed at making Americans angry with their former allies. These include "Keep Your Liederkranz, Herr Schmidt, "No More Brie for Me," both by Irma Sims, whom old-timers will remember for her great World War Il hit, "Take Back Your Gorgon-

zola, Duce." In her new songs, Sims returns to the theme of abstinence from cheese and how it can bring the en-emy to defeat. Thus, in "No More Brie for Me":

OK. Mitterrand, by me No more runny Brie I'm through with Frenchy cheese Till we bring you to your knees. No more Port Salut No fromage bleu Forget it, OK, France? If you prefer red pipeline I'll switch to Liederkranz.

Actually, of course, Sims has no intention of switching to Lieder-kranz, as her next song, "Keep Your Liederkranz, Herr Schmidt," makes clear. Sims says she intends to change the final line of "No More Brie for Me" as soon as she finishes her next song, "No Stilton Till the Red Gas Stops."

A Defiant Survivor Chronicles Her Days

Louise Brooks

As 'Lulu in Hollywood"

By Thomas Quinn Curtiss International Herald Tribune

OUISE BROOKS, sleek L chick of the silents, has recently become a sacred monster, the idol of a cult, more than 40 years after her retirement from the screen.

Her restoration to renown came with the revival of G.W. Pabst's 1929 film of Frank Wedekind's "Pandora's Box," in which the Kansas-born flapper played Lulu, a tigerish sex kitten driving men to marder and suicide until she meets her master when she solicits Jack the Ripper. The reissue of that memorable motion picture introduced Brooks to a younger generation of movie buffs and to an astonished literati. In a volume of essays, "Lulu in

Hollywood," handsomely illustrated with period photographs, this defiant survivor of cinema's golden era candidly airs her views on her directors, acting colleagues, lovers, friends and enemies and the prominent personages who crossed her path. She writes vividly and appears to have total recall, bringing back the scene of the frantic '20s with amazing clarity and telling detail. Yes, Louise is hard on everyone, but she is much harder on herself," she remembers her mother

saying. She is. In 1922, at age 16, she left Wichita, where her father was a respected lawyer and her mother a woman of cultured interests, to earoll in the dance classes of



Brooks in "Beggars of Life."

Ruth St. Denis and Ted Shawn. assisted by Martha Graham. She was a quick student and toured with the Denishawn company. She made her Broadway debut as a chorus girl in the 1924 "George White's Scandals" and Ziegfeld selected her to dance in his lux-urious musical, "Louie the 14th." She was already aggressively independent, and her absenteeism so infuriated the stage manager that Ziegfeld transferred her to the 1925 "Follies," which statted W.C. Fields.
Townsend Martin, a scenarist,

persuaded her to do a bit in a movie, "The American Venus," and her piquant beauty and grace brought her a five-year contract from Paramount. At first she worked at the East Coast branch in Astoria, on Long Island - as Adolphe Menjou's partner in an amusing com-edy, "A Social Celebrity," with edy, "A Social Celebrity," with Ford Sterling in "The Show-Off," with Fields in "It's the Old Army Game."

Her dark, sleek hair and aloof elegance caught attention and her image became a model for imitation. In 1927 she was promoted to the West Coast studios but she grew contemptuous of Hollywood values, which she felt were debasing a possible art

Probably the best of her American films is "Beggars of Life" (1928), based on the autobiography of the former tramp Jim Tully, in which she played a young hobo. Her book includes a graph-ic description of its filming by Billy Wellman and his "quie sadism . . . behind the camera," which led to her debunking of the director's war record.

Pabst then requested her services for "Luiu," and, as she had completed her role in "The Ca-nary Murder Case" (1929), she was allowed a leave of absence from Paramount. Working for Pabst, she discovered new dimensions of the cinema. When the talkies came in she refused to go back to California to dub in the dialogue of "The Canary Murder Case," which had been shot silent. A rumor was spread that her voice was no good, and another actress's voice was used. This seems to have been Brooks'



Waterloo, for, though she did re-turn to Hollywood later and made a few negligible talkies, she had lost her public. In 1940 she left Hollywood for

good and, after a visit to Wichita, went to New York, "where I found that the only well-paying career open to me . . . was that of a call girl," she writes. "I blacked out my past, refused to see my few remaining friends connected with movies, and began to flirt with fancies related to ittle bottles filled with yellow sleeping pills."
In 1956, James Card, the film

curator at Eastman House in Rochester, N.Y., an admirer of her acting, sought her out and urged her to move to Rochester. There she began studying old films and writing of her past. Her articles in film magazines (on which many of the essays in her book are based) proved her an invaluable historian of the medium. She continues that work today, though she is confined by arthritis to a wheelchair.

There is extraordinary perception in her studies of her associates. Her viewpoint is intensely personal and nowhere does she ittempt to conceal her stong prejudices, but she has an uncommon gift of making everything she touches upon seem important and interesting.

In the late 1950s, Henri Langlois, curator of the ermath in "Lulu in Holly Cinemathèque Française, invited is marked with like artistry.

ADVERTISEMENTS

her to visit Paris for a showing of her films, which inaugurated her renaissance in Europe.

In Paris, one could see little resemblance to the scintillating screen playgirl. It was not that she had aged noticeably; she retained her fine features and her face was unlined. But the black bangs were gone and her hair was pulled back in severe schoolmarm fashion. She told me that, when broke a few years before, she had been employed as a sales clerk at Saks Fifth Avenue, and that a well-known actress coming to her counter had not recog-

But, as she talked -- and how amusingly she talked! — the girl of the '20s, with her sharp tongue and irresistible laugh, was there again. There is something of this in her book as she contemplates her youth. As an actress, she had wide

range. She disclosed herself as a delightful comedian beside the sophisticated Menjou in "A So-cial Celebrity" and "Evening Clothes," and there was stabbing poignancy to her tomboy in "Beggars of Life." You may look in vain for a more consumate screen interpretation than her Lulu Within its boundaries, it re-

Brooks' evocation of the temper of the 1920s and its sorry aftermath in "Lulu in Hollywood"

mains unmatched.

Explorers Leave Floe After floating on an ice floe for almost three months, the explorers when her husband died. Her first husband, Gerry Goffin, was the lyricist for many of her hits, such of the Tranglobe Expedition left their melting refuge Tuesday and headed by cance for their support as "Up on the Roof" and "Will You Still Love Me Tomorship across seven miles of broken row?" ice and three miles of open water.

> A woman who had a sticker reading "Welfare Cadillac" on the license plate of her Cadillac has beca scatenced in Alexandria, La. to five years at hard labor for bilking the state out of \$4,843 in welfare and food stamps. Irms Mae Smith, 34, was ordered to serve five years on one fraud charge and two years on another. State Judge Richard Lee ordered the sentences to run concurrently. Before handing down the sentence, Lee admonished Smith for the "Welfare Cadillac" sticker. He said it was wrong for her to "flaunt it in the faces of the people who need" wel-fare. Smith is the mother of three members of the "Gang of Five" juvenile burglary ring that plagued central Alexandria in November, 1979, before its members were arrested and convicted, officials said.

Gov. Jay Rockeleller of West Virginia, forbidden by state law to run for a third term, says if his wife decides to try keeping the governorship in the family by ranning for his post, he probably won't seek public office in 1984. "If I was standing back and looking at another couple, both run-ning for office, I would say, that is a bit much." Rockefeller told a radio station in Charleston, W. Va. He said he doubts that his wife, Sharon, will run, but she has not ruled out the possibility. Mrs. Rockefeller is the daughter of Sen. Charles H. Percy of Illinois and chairman of the Corporation for Public Broadcasting.

Workshop, which produces "Sesa-me Street." "The Electric Compame Street," "The Electric Commany" and the science program "3-2-1 Contact" for public television: "We've just received \$6-million from the Reagan administration for '3-2-1 Contact." Within the government. ernment, if you are on a subje that interests them, there is still money. For example, the arts are being dropped by many public schools, but it is difficult to get any money for the arts. Science is closer to a basic, in their minds."

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A London spokesman for Sir Ran-

ulph Fiennes of Britain and his

South African teammate, Charles

Burton, said the two may reach the

ship, the Benjamin Bowning, by

the end of the week to start the

final stage of their three-year jour-

ney, the first circumnavigation of

the globe via the South and North

poles. Lady Virginia Fiennes, who is aboard the ship chartered by her

husband's expedition, radioed that

"the ship will set off flares tonight

and keep all its lights on to guide them," said the spokesman, Colin

Eales. He said they could probably

cover more than a mile a day. Ear-

lier Tucsday, Fiennes radioed that

he and Burton would paddle and

drag their cances, which are equipped with sleeping platforms, across the ice 636 miles (1,017 ki-

lometers) south of the North Pole.

Eales predicted that they will reach Norway's Spitsbergen island group

Monday - to touch land for the

first time in six months - and will

be back in London by the end of

John Fernald proves that some-

times life does allow a second

chance. Some people failed to back

a budding pop group called the Beatles. Some turned down IBM stock at 22%. Fernald quit in a huff as director of "The

Mousetrap" before the play opened in London. That was in 1952, and the Agatha Christie

thriller is still going strong, so the director's fees Fernald passed up

do not bear thinking about. Now comes the second chance. The pro-

ducer, Sir Peter Saunders, has hired Fernald, 76, to direct "The

Mousetrap" beginning on its 30th anniversary, Nov. 25. "I think it's rather amusing," Fernald said. "I

am looking forward to it now very

much I think it will be fun." He

said he quit originally in a dispute over casting, "and in those days I had so many other things to do."

The American pop singer and songwriter Carole King has mar-

ried Rick Sorensen, foreman of her Robinson Bar Ranch on the Salm-

on River near Stanley, Idaho. It is.

King's fourth marriage; the first

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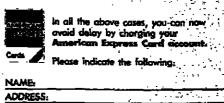
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